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The Poet Scout, late Chief of Scouts of the U.S. Army, Special Aid de Camp on Staff of Commander-in-chief G.A.R., in his unique entertainment, "THE CAMP FIRE AND THE TRAIL."

Thrilling experience, humorous and pathetic narratives, drawn from real life Greeted with large and delighted audiences everywhere. Secure tickets in advance and avoid the crowd. Admission 35c: reserved seats 50c; for sale at Young Men's Christian Association, 200 South Broadway.

Course tickets for this and for other four entertainments, only \$1.00.

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AT 8 P. M. (except Sunday) by the Electric Belt Co., On the Vacant Lot on Fourth St., Between Spring and Broadway.

If you are suffering from Rheumatism, Liver, Stomach or Kidney Trouble don't fail to try our Electric Belt- Price, ONLY ONE DOLLAR. For Lost Vitality and General Debility Electricity has no equal Call or send \$1.00 to Louis Daniels, room 33, Hoffman House. Los Angeles.

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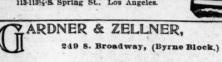
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\$5.25 ALL COLORS. EXAMINE OUR LINE. We cater to the people of moderate means, those who would have their houses look bright and pretty and comfortable, but who yet would not want to squan-der money for mere show.

FULLER & LEWIS, Wholesale and Retail, 251 S. MAIN ST., Tel. 57. GLOVE MANUFACTORY. GLOVES MADE TO ORDER AND RE-machines. Gloves kept in stock. Reasonable prices. Los Angeles Glove Manufac-tory, 3134; S. Spring St.

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S1.75 PER GALLON—GOOD BRANDY FOR MINCE PIES PORT AND Sherry, 75c per gallon. Sonoma Zinfandel. So per gallon. Y VACHE & CO. Wine Merchants cor. Commercial and Alameda sis. Tel. 30.

MCLESIDE GARNATIONS—ASK YOUR FLORIST FOR TRIEM. IN SIGE they are the largest, in color the brightest, in perfume the anest. Grown by F. EDWARD GRAY, Alhambra, Cal.

THE MORNING'S NEWS

Associated Press Reports Briefed

THE CITY-Pages 6, 7, 8, 9, 14. Episcopalians elect a bishop for the ew diocese.... Chances of knocking out the grand jury.... A woman all the way from Finland found her brother here....Rangod found guilty....Offi-cials of the United Indemnity Company will be tried for fraud....There will be a cemetery at Boyle Heights....A doctored deed in court....Sudden death of Tax Collector Kinney....A Highander's mishap.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA-Page 18. A young burglar at Santa Ana. equittal of an alleged cattle thief in Santa Ana....Dispute between the San Diego Land and Town Company and the vouchers Sale of Redlands electric-land bonds....Pomona creditors still mourn the absent Hum-brecht....Shipment of oranges from Azusa....An Azusa man bought a church....Rock-pile for tramps to be established at Pasadena....Justice See-ley of Chino has levanted....Southern

Bernardino.

PACIFIC COAST-Pages 2, 3, Tragic end of a sixteen-year-old girl in Alaska—Shoots herself through the heart....Ex-Judge Garber to withdraw from the well-known San Francisco law firm....The coroner's jury kills Deputy Sheriff Buzzell in self-deense....American ship Benj. F. Packard strikes on a rock in San Francisc Harbor....Gen. Ezeta's best friend charters a tug....Durrant likely to lose on his motion for a new trial. A Sacramento woman attempts suicide for the sixth time without success... UENERAL BASTERN-Pages 1, 2, 3,

Second day of Congress-A flood of solutions and bills—The Monroe doc trine and Cuba.... Cabanne makes public the L.A.W. charges against him... The Kansas Congressional delegation Waller's release....Disput to urge over land leads to the murder of an Alabama preacher.... A \$500,000 fire in Indianapolis....Secretary Hoke Smith talks on the financial question before the Georgia Legislature....A \$750,000 steal from the Democratic campaign fund in Illinois....A.P.A routed in the Massachusetts city elecions....Senator White at work for San Pedro Harbor,...Stealing of gold ore at Cripple Creek. BY CABLE—Pages 1, 2

The London press disappointed with President Cleveland's message....Emperor William's speech read at the opening of the Reichstag....Warlike preparations along the Dardanelleses at the Marsovan massacre-Wagon-loads of corpses.... Vesuvius in

AT LARGE-Pages 1, 2. 3. Dispatches were also received from Minneapolis, Chicago, New York, Boston, Washington, Liverpool, London

San Francisco, St. Louis, St. Paul, and other places. WEATHER FORECAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 3.-For Southern California: Cloudy, with oc-casional showers tonight, partly cloudy, but without rain Wednesday; station ary temperature; light to fresh north-

PINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL-Page 1". New York stocks and bonds....San Francisco mining shares....The Boson price list....Chicago and Liverpool grain markets....San Francisco prodice markets.

CALIFORNIA INTERESTS.

SENATOR WHITE WORKING FOR SAN PEDRO.

Resolution Adopted in the Senate Calling for Information as to Plans and Recommendation Which Had Been Made.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TIMES.) WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—(Special Dispatch.) Senator White introduced and had adopted in the Senate today a resolution asking the Secretary of War for information concerning the plans and recommendations made to the Chief of Engineers for the improvement of the inner harbor at San Pedro. Two years ago Col. Benyuard of the engi-neering corps on the coast made plans and specifications for needed improvements at San Pedro, and sent them to Chief of Engineers. The work was to cost several thousand dollars. At the last session of Congress Senator White got the matter into the Senate, but there it stuck. Now he proposes to drag it back into the play again and hopes to secure an indorsement from the Senate and eventually an appropriation. Senator White feels much en-couraged that he has met no resistance in his preliminary move.

Commander Drake of the Albatross

low stationed at Mare Island has asked be stationed in San Diego Harbon

Congressman Bowers shares the general opinion that the present Congress will not undertake to revise the tariff as a whole, but believes a large number of separate tariff bills will be intro-duced and that the leaders of the House will pick out a few much-needed changes and put them through. He ex-pects that the duty on wool will be given a raise among the first.

Fired on by Indians

MERIDA (Mex..) Dec. 3.—Gen. Daniel Traconis. who has been conducting a vigorous campaign against rebel Indians in this section, was returning from his ranch when Indians fired 1 pon him from ambush. None of the bullets took effect. The Indians were repulsed by the general's armed escort.

England's Ambassador "Ultimates."

Guardships Must be Given a Free Passage.

Italy Alleged to be Backing Up Great Britain in the Demand.

Efforts to Send Relief to Starving Armenians Checked—Howard Ob-jectionable to Turkey. Provincial News.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT) CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 3, via Sofia, Bulgaria, Dec. 3.—(By Atlantic Cable.) It is reported this afternoon that
after the meeting of the ambassadors,
Sir Philip Currie, British Ambassador,
notified the Turkish government that if
firmans were not granted by Saturday
a British gunboat would be sent
through the Straits of Chridanelles
without the Sultan's permission, to act
as extra guardship in the Bosphorus
for the protection of the British Embassy. CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 3, via 8

decided to give Turkey till Saturday next to issue firmans for the passage of an extra guardship through the Straits of Dardanelles. It is also stated that of the necessary permission is not forthcoming at the end of that time, a British guardship will be sent through the straits without the Sultan's per-mission. Italy is said to indorse the ac-tion of the British government.

HOWARD MUST RETURN. NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The World this morning says that the per-NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The World this morning says that the persistent efforts of Proprietor Louis Klopsch of the Christian Herald, to send relief to starving Armenians through W. W. Howard, the newspaper correspondent, have been finally checked. The Turkish Minister at Washington said very plainly that Howard was objectionable to the Sultan's government. The reasons assigned were Howard's dispatches describing the atrocities in Armenia.

Considerable correspondence has been exchanged since on the matter of Considerable correspondence has been exchanged since on the matter of Howard's proposed mission. Yesterday Klopsch received a letter from the Department of State at Washington, under date of December 2, in which it said:

der date of December 2, in which it said:

"I have to inform you that our Minister at Constantinople has been advised by the Turkish government that Mr. W. W. Howard will not be permitted to proceed to Aslatic Turkey. The reasons given for this decision are Mr. Howard's alleged hostility to the Turkish government and his attacks against it and the Mohammedan religion in newspapers of the United States.

RICHARD OLNEY.

"Secretary of State."

Klopsch regards this decision as final and he has cabled Howard to return to this country.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS, CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 2, via Sofia, Bulgaria, Dec, 3.—The work of
strengthening the fortifications of the
Dardanelles continues night and day.
The soldiers are busily at work throwing up fresh defenses, and the most
busy scenes are witnessed from the entrance to the Dardanelles to the other
side of Gallipoli. In addition, the Bosphorus entrance to the Sea of Marmora is being placed in condition for
defense. Many torpedoes have been
sunk in both passages, and this work
is being pushed with astonishing vigor.
So far as can be judged with the absence of definite news, the worst disturbance threatened or in progress is
in Palestine, a fresh outbreak being reported at Caesaria, and at Konich, and

the Armenian insurgents at Zeitoun to surrender.

The Armenian patriarch here, at the request of the representatives of the powers, has been doing what he can in this matter, the ambassadors having assured him that the Turkish government had given the most solemn pledges that the Armenians rhould not be massacred or punished if they surrendered to the authorities. The work of arming and equipping the reserves has been almost suspended, although the troops are still kept at their mustering places. The Turkish authorities say this is because there will be no use of their services, as order is being gradually restored in all the troubled districts. On the other hand, the Armenians claim that the government cannot equip the reserves, owing to the lack of money.

CORPSES BY WAGONLOADS.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The Daily News

the lack of money.

CORPSES BY WAGONLOADS.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The Daily News correspondent at Constantinople sends information that a letter from a European at Marsovan says that on Saturday after the massacre there was a ghastly spectacle at the edge of the Armenian cemetery. Corpses were brought by the wagon-load and tossed upon the ground in heaps. Aside from the rifling of the bodies by the perpetrators of the slaughter, a hyena-like and the same of barbarians pounced upon these heaps and stripped the dishonored carcasses of what poor clothing they had, leaving them in all degrees of nudity. Finally, about noon, a score of Armenians, headed by a priest, under protection of soldiers, went to bury the corpses. Eighty-three of them were laid in a single trench. Probably about a hundred of them were killed.

The Vienna correspondent of the Daily News says that a telegram to the Turkish embassy last night (Tuesday) announced that the Suitan has resolved to break all diplomatic relations if the powers force the Dardanelles.

A dispatch from Rome to the Daily News says that there is great activity in all the Italian arsenals to prepare the whole naval force of the country. The cruiser Fledmonte, the newest and fastest in the Italian service, her speed being twenty-one knots an hour, has been ordered to the Levant.

FIENDISH WORK OF MOSLEMS.

BOSTON, Dec. 2. — The following

sure was brought to bear on them. Remittances to the interior are now feasible. Relief work has been begun in many centers. Winter is at hand. Hurry remittances."

Sivas has a population of about 128,450, including Turks, Armenians, Greeks and Kurds. The mission station of the American board was established in Sivas in 1855.

EMMET'S COMPLAINT.

Charges His Wife With Having Beer

Cruel to Him. (REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) DENVER, Dec. 3. — Attorney John Dewese today filed in the County Court the divorce complaint of J. K. Emmet against his wife, May Barchus Emmet,

against his wife, May Barchus Emmet, whose stage name is Emily Lytton. The defendant is with the Coghlan-Stockwell Company, now at the Broadway Theater. The plaintiff took out citizenship papers in this city in order to bring the suit, and is living with his mother. The ground on which the divorce is asked is cruelty.

The complaint states that on February 25, in the city of Denver, the defendant charged the plaintiff with adultery and other crimes and misdemeanors, and assaulted him in the dressing-room of the Tabor Grand Operahouse. He further alleges that at divers other times he was accused of different crimes, and that at Bryan, Tex., the defendant deserted him.

STEALING RICH ORE.

PERATIONS OF THIEVES IN THE CRIPPLE CREEK MINES.

that Men Little Thought to Have Done Crooked Work Will be

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TIMES.)

CRIPPLE CREEK (Colo.,) Dec. 3.— (Special Dispatch.) Recent develop-ments in the case of men arrested, charged with stealing ore from the Doctor mine have brought out one of the most sensational ore-stealing cases in the history of the West and it promises to lead detectives the longest and hardest chase they have had for many days.
A gang has been at work systematically in a number of large mines of the district, prominent among them being the Doctor and others, the name

of which the detectives refuse to give out. The thieves saved selected rich specimens of ore that will run \$20 and specimens of ore that will run \$20 and \$30 per pound, and have carried them away from the mines in their pockets in their dinner pails and their hats, and in every conceivable manner known to professional ore thieves. In this man-ner \$25,000 has been taken from the workings of the Doctor in the past few

But this is nothing to the sum said to have been stolen from a number of other large mines in the district. Thiel's detective agency has been engaged on the case, and at the present time has a large force at work in the gold fields, Detectives say there will be an up-heaval in the district when they make arrests, for men who are little thought to have been connected with anything crooked will be thrown behind bars and some in Cripple Creek who have made fortunes suddenly will be called to account in a manner that will compel

mplete show-down. It is expected by the detectives that they will be able to show an organized plan to rob many of the rich mines in he district, and they claim to be on the point of divulging the secrets of men who have entered into one of the

mining company. KILLED THE MINISTER.

Dispute Over Land Ended by the

A Dispute Over Land Ended by the Zais Brothers.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 3.—A special to the Republic from Montevallo, Ala., says that an old dispute which has existed for some time between Rev. T. N. Lucas, a prominent Baptist minister residing here, and the Zais brothers, young farmers, resulted in Lucas' rs, young farmers, in Palestine, a fresh outbreak being reported at Caesaria, and at Konich, and in the Mecca districts. It is stated, however, that all is quiet in the Sivas district, and a dispatch announces that there is every prospect of persuading the Armenian insurgents at Zeitoun to surrender.

of it by driving him and his family away. The latter refused to relinquish his claim or leave.
Today Lucas's son and Zals quarreled and young Zals fired several shots at young Lucas. The father of the latter, hearing the shooting, ran to his son's aid, when Williams Zals, the older brother, poured the contents of a double-barrelled shotgun into the minister's back, producing a wound which caused death a few hours later. The Zals brothers have not yet been arrested. arrested.

MILWAUKEE MINISTERS. They Claim to Have the Right to

Preach About Anything.
(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) MILWAUKEE (Wis.,) Dec. 3.—The Rev. C. H. Hedler, pastor of the Sec-ond German Methodist Church, caused an uproar in the Ministers' Association meeting by declaring that ministers had no right to meddle in secular affairs and the cause of religion would

had no right to meddle in secular affairs and the cause of religion would be a great deal better off if the ministers would confine themselves to preaching the gospel. He read a long paper backing up his opinion. The paper aroused the opposition of half a dozen divines and they vigorously declared that they had a perfect right to preach on any subject that they saw fit and that the time for hackneyed sermons had gone past.

It was the general opinion that it was the duty of the modern minister to attack wrong-doing, no matter who the guilty party was. During the discussion, it developed that the ministers are even now making arrangements to fight the running races when they begin here next summer. It was also developed that the ministers had decided not to attack the charity ball.

Bills and Resolutions in Profusion.

Monroe Doctrine and Cuba the Main Topics.

President Cleveland's Message is Received With Close Attention.

Olney and Harmon are Confirmed ination of Rufus Peckham for Supreme Justice-The Waller Case.

EGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

WASHINGTON, December 3.—The Senate plunged into real business today. Naturally the President's message attracted the main attention of the day, but aside from this there were stirring resolutions on the Monroe doctrine and the Cuban rebellion, and, after that the usual deluge of bills and resolutions, running far up into the hundreds. The message was given the closest attention from all quarters of the chamber. At its conclusion, Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts offered a reso-lution, vigorous in terms, reaffirming the principles of the Monroe doctrine and presenting them in such form as to permit their enactment as a permanent law, rather than as an expression of the policy advocated by President Mon-

In the same line was a resolution by Mr. Cullom of Illinois, and another by Mr. Allen of Nebraska. The Cuban situation received attention from both the Florida Senators. The Call resolu-tion will be called up tomorrow, so that Cuba and the Monroe doctrine will receive early attention.

At the early sessions the nominations of Mr. Olney as Secretary of State and Mr. Harmon as Attorney-General were confirmed, and that of Rufus H. Peck-

ham to the Supreme bench was referred to the Judicial Committee. The session of the House today was very brief and was consumed entirely

The session of the House today was very brief and was consumed entirely by the reading of the President's message. It was listened to with fair attention, but the features of the document received no sign, either of approval or disapproval from the members until the conclusion of the reading, when several Democrats created a slight demonstration. When it was finished the House immediately adjourned until Friday.

The first movement in Congress upon the Venezuelan-boundary dispute came today in the form of a resolution introduced in the House by Representative Livingstone of Georgia, whose name has been somewhat identified with the question by reason of his resolution recommending arbitration, which was adopted by the last Congress and his recent yisit to Venezuela. The resolution recites that by a resolution of the last Congress it was recommended that the boundary dispute be submitted to arbitration; that the action was brought to the attention of Her Britannic Majesty's government by the President, courteously and with kindly intent, and declares that Her Majesty's government "has failed to give the prompt consideration to the important request contained in that joint resolution, or to answer the same in any manner, such as was due and becoming to the dignity of the United States as a great nation and as to the friendly relations existing between the two governments."

The resolution also recites, after this communication, that the Colentia is

relations existing between the two governments."

The resolution also recites, after this communication, that the Colonial Secretary instructed the government of British Guiana to take forcible possessions. British Guiana to take forcible possession of certain territory of Venezuela involved in the dispute; "an act which has been officially declared to be the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States." In conclusion, it provides for a joint committee of two Senators and three members to investigate the facts and recommend proper action to Congress, to vindicate and preserve the dignity and rights of the United States in the premises.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE AND CUBA.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE AND CUBA.

WASHINGTON. Dec. 3.—Senator Lodge of Massachusetts today introduced the following resolution relative to the Monroe doctrine:

"Resolved, that the Congress of the United States deems it proper to assert, as a principle in which the rights and interests of the United States are involved, that the American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintained, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European powers. "Resolved, that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety. With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European power we have not interfered, and shall not interfere, but with governments who have declared their independence and maintained it and whose independence we have, on great consideration and just principles, acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them or controlling in any manner their destiny by any European power in any other light than as a manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States.

"Resolved, that in accordance with

tion of soldiers, went to bury the corpses. Eighty-three of them were killed in a single trench. Probably about a hundred of them were killed.

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A dispatch from Rome to the Daily News asys that there is great activity in all the Italian arsenias to prepare the whole naval force of the country. The cruiser Pledmonte, the newsest and fastest in the Italian service, her speed being twenty-one knots an hour, has been ordered to the Levant.

FIENDISH WORK OF MOSLEMS.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—The following cablegram was received at noon today by Rev. Judson Smith, D., secretary of the foreign department of the American board: "Letters received show most fendish work in the vicinity of Sivas and Harpool. Survivors were offered Islam or the sword. Great pressure of season and tradition, the recognized, rightful words and the sword. Great pressure of the message to the correct of the message to the confered to the sword. Great pressure and the sword of the corps of the foreign department of the American board: "Letters received show most fendish work in the vicinity of Sivas and Harpool. Survivors were offered Islam or the sword. Great pressure of the content and the corps of the foreign department of the American board: "Letters received show most fendish work in the vicinity of Sivas and Harpool. Survivors were offered Islam or the sword. Great pressure of the content and tradition, the recognized, rightful to the United States, and that to occur and the corps of the foreign department of the American board: "Letters received show most fendish work in the vicinity of Sivas and Harpool. Survivors were offered Islam or the sword. Great pressure that it proposes to maintain the principle within the United States, and will repare the activity of the Congress of the American continent, whether under the presence of b

this government will regard the establishment by any European power of any new colonial dependency, or of any protectorate over any existing or future government, or the extension of any territorial possessions, or the control or ownership of any interoceanic canal on the continent of America as a dangerous menace to the welfare and prosperity of the United States."

The following is the full text of Senator Allen's resolution on the recognition of Cuba and the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine:
"Resolved, that it is the sense of the Senate:

the Monroe doctrine:

"Resolved, that it is the sense of the Senate:

"First—That the government of the United States of America should promptly recognize the revolutionists of Cuba who are now honestly struggling to secure their independence of the Spanish government, as composing an independent nation, possessing all the rights thereof, according to the laws of nations.

"Second—That all islands in close proximity to the mainland of the United States of America should, as speedily as possible, by treaties of purchase, be annexed to this government as essential to our safety in times of war, and the convenience and necessity of our commerce in times of peace.

"Third—That the wise declaration of President Monroe, known as the Monroe doctrine, is a well-established policy of the government of the United States and should be promptly and effectually maintained by the government in its original purity and purpose.

"Fourth—That while the government of the United States should not needlessly nor hastily embroil tisself with any foreign power, and should only resort to extreme measures in cases of absolute necessity, a firmer and more prompt policy on the part of this government in maintaining the rights of American citizens abroad should be introduced and pursued."

Senator Call introduced the following joint resolution:

"Resolved, that the government of the Measure of the continuation of the continuation

senator Call introduced the following joint resolution:

"Resolved, that the government of the United States recognizes a condition of public war between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba, and the United States of America hereby declare that they will maintain a condition of strict neutrality between the contending powers and accede to each all the rights of belligerents in the ports and territory of the United States.

"The Congress of the United States protests and remonstrates against the barbarous manner in which the war in Cuba has been conducted, and the President is hereby authorized to take such steps as may be expedient in his judgment to secure an observance of the laws of war as recognized by civilized nations."

DOUBTS ABOUT GROVER'S PLANS.

DOUBTS ABOUT GROVER'S PLANS. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—President Cleveland, according to a telegram from St. Paul, intends to journey around the world with E. C. Benedict, beginning their trip during the summer following the expiration of his term of

beginning the expiration of his term of office.

"What itinerary do you propose to follow?" Mr. Benedict was asked.

"I am not going that I know of," replied Benedict. "I have seen the Joe Jefferson interview, and, so far as I know, Mr. Cleveland has no intention of going abroad. I have made no plans to do so."

Mr. Jefferson, in his interview, said:
"The President is so weary of politicians that he will never be bothered with them again after his present term expires. Mr. Cleveland will never accept another nomination, and would not have become a candidate in 1892 but for Mrs. Cleveland. She desired it so earnestly that he went into it himself with the idea of winning. But nothing can change his present determination not to run again."

THE "CHESTNUTS." WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.-There were 272 bills and 13 resolutions introduced in the Senate, but a large majority of the bills were reprints of measures which failed to pass last session. Many of these, as also a large proportion of the new bills, were for private pur-

of these, as also a large proportion of the new bills, were for private purposes. There were also several for the modification of the pension laws. Senators Peffer, Stewart and Squire reintroduced their bills of last session pertaining to silver coinage.

Senator Pettigrew introduced a bill to establish a uniform system of bank-ruptcy and reintroduced his bill of last session to prevent the extermination of the fur-bearing animals of Alaska.

Senators Vest reintroduced his bill of last session to prohibit monopoly in the transportation of cattle to foreign countries and also his bills for the compulsory education of Indian children, and the settlement of private land

and the settlement of private land claims. Senator Chandler re-introduced his bill for the exclusion of alien anar-chists and his bill for the regulation of

bill for the excusion of ahea anarchists and his bill for the regulation of immigration.

Senator Frye introduced a bill providing for the amendment of the tariff laws so as to admit free of duty all material used in the construction or equipment of vessels built in the United States. He also presented several other bills for the encouragement of American shipping and American shipbuildings, and general bills to amend the laws relating to navigation to prevent discrimination against American salling vessels engaged in the coastwise trade.

In the House a large number of bills and joint resolutions were introduced, many of them measures that failed during the last session.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Mr. Powers of Vermont, a bill to establish a uniform system of bank-

Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Mr. Powers of Vermont, a bill to establish a uniform system of bank-ruptcy; by Mr. Wilson of Ohlo, to equalize pensions on account of service in the Mexican war; by Mr. Mahon of Pennsylvania, incorporating the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua, reported by Representative Mailory of the Commerce Committee in the last Consress; by Mr. McRae of Arkansas, to strike out the provision of the Constitution against levying a capitation or direct tax (a result of the incometax decision;) by Mr. Herman of Oregon, to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty; by Mr. McRae, to define trusts and to authorize the free importation of articles covered by them; by Mr. Johnson of California, to make it unlawful, after August 1, 1896, for any foreignborn laborer to enter the United States; also a bill to provide that no allenshall be admitted to citizenship who has not, for the continued term of five years preceding his admission, resided within the United States, and who cannot speak, read and write the English language.

Senate. There was thinning out of at-tendance on the floor after the first half-hour of the reading, as the Sen-

Senate. There was thinning out of attendance on the floor after the first
half-hour of the reading, as the Senators had printed copies.

At 140 celock the reading of the message was completed, and, on motion of
Senator Gorman, it was laid on the table and ordered printed.

Senator Cullom presented a communication from Evanston, III., asking that
the government take action concerning
the deplorable condition of affairs in
Turkey.

Senator Gallinger offered a similar
communication from the citizens of

Senator Gallinger offered a similar communication from the citizens of New Hampshire. A resolution of the Legislature, urging the election of United States Senators by popular vote, was presented by Senator Dubois. Senator Lodge was the first to secure recognition for the introduction of bills and resolutions. He sent to the desk a joint resolution forcibly approving the principles of the Monroe doctrine.

The Senate, in executive session, confirmed the nominations of Richard Olmey as Secretary of State and Judson Harmon as Attorney-General, and at 3 o'clock adjourned until tomorrow, shutting off debate from several Senators primed with speeches on Cuba and Venezuela. Stewart introduced the usual free-silver bill.

There was a ripple of laughter as Senator Stewart of Nevada (Pop...) reintroduced his time-honored bill for the "free and unlimited coinage of silver." Senator Call of Florida (Dem...) gave notice that he would call up his Cuban resolution tomorrow.

Senator Cullom of Illinois (Rep...) introduced a resolution on the Monroed doctrine, similar to that Freeented by Senator Lede.

Senator Cullom of Illinois (Rep.,) Introduced a resolution on the Monroe doctrine, similar to that presented by Senator Lodge. He gave notice that he would call up the resolution as soon as permissible, for the purpose of ad-

as permissible, for the purpose of addressing the Senate thereon.

Among the large number of bills
offered by Senator Peffer of Kansas
(Pop.,) were those limiting the President's term to six years without reelection, repealing all laws permitting
the issuance of bonds, and the limitation of the power of injunction.

Senator Allen of Sebraska (Pop.,)

ered a concurrent resolution for the mediate recognition of the Cuban in-regents, the annexation of all islands eximate to the United States, the upproximate to the United States, the upholding of the Monroe doctrine and a firmer foreign policy respecting the protection of American citizens abroad. Senator Allen wished to make a tenminute speech on the passage of the resolution, but it went over with the others without debate.

Senator Squire of Washington (Rep.,) introduced a silver-coinage bill, which, he stated, sought to be a fair solution of the present coinage problem.

Senator Morgan of Alabama (Dem.,) gave notice that on next Monday he would address the Senate on the British claims for Bering-sea seizures. In this connection he offered a resolution for an investigation and report on the

ish claims for Bering-sea seizures. In this connection he offered a resolution for an investigation and report on the subject by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations.

At 2:50 o'clock, on motion of Senator Faulkner of West Virginia, the Senate went into executive session, and at 3 o'clock adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE.—When the House met at noon today, Rev. H. N. Coudon, the new chaplain, the blind Universalist preacher from Port Huron, Mich., delivered an invocation.

Mr. Payne of New York, chairman of the committee appointed to wait upon the President, reported that Mr. Cleveland sent his respectful salutations to Congress and would communicate in writing. Immediately after Mr. Pruden, the President's executive clerk, appeared with the message, which the clerk read. The members listened, some intently, but all respectfully, towards the chief Executive.

Not during the entire reading of the message was there a single manifestation of approval or disapproval, but at the conclusion of the reading, which occupied an hour and a half, there was a slight scattering of appleuse. Five thousand copies of the message were ordered printed. At 1:50 o'clock the House adjourned-until Friday.

VARIOUS ISSUES.

The Kansas Delegation Will Agitate

for Waller's Release.
(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.-The Kansa delegation in Congress is determined to leave nothing undone to secure the release of ex-Consul John L. Waller release of ex-Consul John L. Waller from his imprisonment in France. After the Président's message had been read this afternoon, the entire delegation of Senators and members including Republicans and Populists, held a meeting to decide upon their course of action. It was resolved to push a resolution in both houses calling upon the President for all the papers and correspondence in the case. Several members thought this resolution should be accompanied by one stating it to be the view of Congress that the President should take immediate action, and such a resolution may be decided upon at a future meeting.

members took exception to President Cleveland's view that the correspondence with France upon the matter is progressing satisfactorily. The only question raised was whether or not the reply to the request calling for papers should be awaited before more vigorous steps were taken.

Representative Miller, from whose district Waller was appointed to his consulate, was empowered to draw the resolution, and he has had a conference regarding it tonight with Mr. Hitt. the bers took exception to President

regarding it tonight with Mr. Hitt, the probable chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Representative Curtis of Kansas has received many petitions calling for

many petitions calling for action in the Waller case, e will present to the House. THE MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Both curlosity and interest were manifested by the members of the House in the President's message. Members expressed surprise that no recommendation was made for the supply of the treasury de-

In the discussion of foreign affairs, In the discussion of foreign affairs, the portion devoted to the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine, in connection with the boundary-line dispute, and the suggestions regarding Cuba attracted special attention, but the main interest centered in the recommendations for the retirement of greenbacks and the extension of the national banking system. Several of the Democratic leaders, who differ with the President on the financial question, refused to express their opinions for publication.

DISAPPOINTS THE BRITISHERS

DISAPPOINTS THE BRITISHERS.

LONDON, Dec., 3.—The newspapers tomorrow will very generally contain editorial comment on President Cleveland's message to Congress.

The Graphic says: "The crudities and indiscretions of President Cleveland's present enunciament on foreign affairs might have been evolved by the late Mr. Blaine in his worst mood. Can anything be more absurd than the prop, saithat the Schomberg line (in Venezuela) should be submitted to arbitration? The reference to Cuba is infinitely more injudicious. It is virtually an expression of sympathy with fillibusterers."

The Times editorially says: "President Cleveland has drawn a startling-

mised the dignity or been careless of the interests of his own country."

The Daily News, the Liberal organ, will say: "President Cleveland knows better than to treat the Monroe doc-trine as if it were a rule of interna-tional law. It is neither dignified nor politic for the administration at Wash-ington to take up the quarrels of South American communities which do not

American communities which do not observe the usages of civilized nations. America will find some day that this sort of patronage involves a corresponding responsibility and they will not like that at all."

The Standard, the Conservative organ, says: "We cannot but regret the tone of President Cleveland's references to Venezuela. If we may judge of the tone and substance of Mr. Olney's dispatch from the paraphrase thus imparted to Congress, we are not surprised that no answer has been received, and we further undertake to predict that when the reply reaches the White House it will furnish the President with a deal of hatter for serious reflection. We must be pardoned if we venture to say that the whole passage referring to Venezuela is a tissue of unreal assumptions and unsupported deductions. If the Americans desire to carry out the views thus expressed, they will do to after due calculation of the cost. Even if we were eager for arbitration, the experience in the Bering-Sea controversy would hardly encourage us. It is not easy to argue calmly when we find that President Cleveland has already prejudiced the nerits of the dispute. But even strong states have rights and though Great Britain is able to maintain its dignity and interest, it ought not to be a mark for public affront in a Presidential message. We are not much impressed with his currency proposals. He suggests a palliative and not a cure."

The Post, Conservative, says: "As regards Samoa and Venezuela, the message appears to be framed on lines which Senator Chandler might approve. In regard to Cuba, there are similar suggestions of a disposition to conciliate the feelings of popular agitators. These things are incidents of every 'Presidential campaign and President Cleveland has never pretended to be superior to them."

The editorial in the Chronicle says: "It is very doubtful if Congeress will accept President Cleveland's currency plan. The message sounds cautious, but there is a welcome note in the direction of free trade. The reference to Armenia

ogether."
The Chronicle concludes its editorial and chronice concludes its editorial by asking whether America is ready to undertake the responsibility 'hus incurred for the faithful discharge of their obligation by the American republics.

MEXICAN CRIMINAL LAW.

EXPERIENCE OF HERBERT GEHR, AN AMERICAN.

Arrested With Other Employees of a Paymaster's Office and Thrown Into Prison—Sues the Railroad

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) CHICAGO, Dec. 3.-The Chronicle to day prints the statement that international complications, growing out of the arrest and imprisonment of an American citizen, and a full interpretation of Mexican criminal law will be the features of a trial to be commenced before Judge Neely in the Circuit Court. The suit of Herbert Gehr of Chicago against the Mexican Courted Pallecad Company the Mexican Central Railroad Company for \$50,000 damages for false imprison-ment in the City of Mexico, which has been pending in the Cook county courts since 1892, is set for a hearing today, and several prominent Mexicans are already here in regard to the case.

The story of Gehr's imprisonment and the story of Genr's imprisonment and the subsequent efforts in his behalf by the United States government through Secretary of State James G. Blaine is interesting. In June. 1890, an alleged robbery, involving \$5700, took place in the City of Mexico, in the office of the naymaster of the Mexican Central Rail.

interesting. In June. 1890, an alleged robbery. Involving \$5700, took place in the City of Mexico, in the office of the paymaster of the Mexican Central Railroad Company. Gehr claims that without any reason for suspicion, all the employees of the paymaster's office, according to Mexican custom, were arrested by the Mexican authorities and sent to prison. As he was one of the employees, he was sent to prison with the rest. After a number of futile efforts, he succeeded in getting the matter before the State Department at Washington. His friends took up the case and invoked the ald of the department officials and members of Congress. The Mexican Minister, Senor Romero, at the instance of Congress. The Mexican Minister, Senor Romero, at the instance of Congress. The Mexican authorities made a complete examination of the case and found nothing which in any manner implicated Gehr, but for some reason they took no action. Gehr's friends in the United States began pushing the case, and finally, at the instance of James G. Blaine, then Secretary of State, Gehr was released. This was in August, 1890, after a confinement of fifty days in a filthy prison. After his release he returned to Chicago, where he began suit against the Mexican Central Railroad Company for \$50,000. Gehr claims that the sole defense of the company is that it had nothing to do with causing the arrest of Gehr, and consequently is not liable. The hearing before Judge Neely will be of more than ordinary interest, on account of international complications which arose at the time of Gehr's arrest, and also because the Mexican criminal code will be interpreted by means of the depositions of some of the attorneys from the City of Mexico, and also by Senor Don Carlos Mexia, now a resident of Chicago, but who was formerly a judge of one of the upper courts of the Federal district of the Mexican republic.

HAYWARD'S SENTENCE.

It May be Carried Out on the Thir-

teenth Instant.
(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT)
ST. PAUL (Minn.) Dec. 3.—The clerk reference to Cuba is infinitely more injudicious. It is virtually an expression of sympathy with fillibusterers."

The Times editorially says: "President Cleveland has drawn a startling picture of the difficulties created by the vigious currency system, and we should be greatly surprised if the plans he suggested are not warmly welcomed by the business men throughout the States. But, flushed by electoral victories, it is probable enough that the Republicans will not allow anything to be done in the direction inideated. Meanwhile the remainder of the message, especially relating to foreign relations, will give the impression that he is 'marking time'. Nothing he says commits him to a new or aggressive policy, whilst it will task the ingenuity of his opponents to make out that he has in any way compro-

SPORTING RECORD. SUPERIOR AFFAIR.

SAN FRANCISCO'S HORSESHOW NOW OPEN.

People from All Parts of Pacific Coast Fill the Boxes.

Noted Eastern Equines Exhibition-The Stars of the Show.

Will Go to Law—Sale of Trot-ters at New York—Board of Review.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The second annual exhibition of the Horse Show Association of the Pacific Coast was opened today under favorable aus-pices. The show is much superior to that of last year in the number and character of the entries, and in the arrangements of the management. continuous programme during the five days of the show has been arranged, with exhibitions morning, afternoon and evening. There were many spec-tators this morning, more this after-noon and this evening. The large Mechanics' Pavillon, where the show is held, was crowded. The boxes surround-rounding the ring were filled with so-ciety people from all over the Pacific Coast, and the general attendance crowded the promenade and occupied all the seats provided.

The reception of animals for the big show began yesterday afternoon, and it was not long until all the best-known owners and breeders of fine horses in was not long until all the best-known owners and breeders of fine horses in the country were represented. Although the entries are for the most part local, Eastern horses will not be entirely unrepresented. Walter Hobart's four-innand prize-winners at the New York show were on the tanbark today. George A. Pope and Henry J. Crocker both have Eastern horses entered in their names. Hermann, the Magician, has entered five horses, including his four-in-hand and his educated saddle-horse, Perfection. Walter Hobart has in all forty-eight horses on exhibition. four-in-hand and his educated saddle-horse, Perfection. Walter Hobart has in all forty-eight horses on exhibition. John Parrott exhibits a number of hackneys, and there are a large number of racers and breeders entered by various owners. In all there are 479 entries and 382 horses.

The show was formally opened at noon with a luncheon in the pavilion given by Henry J. Crocker, president of the association, to the directors, judges and members of the ring committees. The stars of the show are the

mittees. The stars of the show are the famous brood mare Fairy Rose and the yearling filly Rosamonde, by Ormonde, out of Fairy Rose.

PALO ALTO STOCK.

of Fifty Head of Horses of Uncertain Age. (REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.-The Madison Square Garden was well-filled orse-fanciers when the first day's sale of trotting stock of Kellogg & Co., was opened. The sale will continue four days. The first lot of stock was from the Palo Alto Stock Farm, of the late Senator Leland Stanford, and contains

Senator Leland Stanford, and contains fifty head. Some of the prices received were as follows:
Rio Alto, b. c., by Palo Alto-Eisie, by Gen. Barton, Rio Alton Stock Farm, E. D. Slater, proprietor, Saugerties, N. Y., \$3300; Ellen Houser, b. c., by Truman-Eisie, by Gen. Barton, T. J. Haverson, Erle, Pa., \$550; Laznole, b. c., by Azmoor-Novelist by Gen. Barton-C. G. Azmoor-Novellst, by Gen. Barton-C. G. Fall, Boston, \$1200; Azrete, b. f., 1893 Azmoor-Rebecca, J. H. Osterhaut, Mel-rose, N. Y., \$625; Azmo, b. f., 1893, Az-moor-Millie Cobb, Nathan Strauss New York, \$755.

CABANNE WILL FIGHT.

le Makes Public the L.A.W. Charge

Against Him.
(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) NEW YORK, Dec. 3.-The permanen uspension of Titus, Cabanne and Murbhy, cyclists of class B, from all races under the auspices of the L.A.W., is widely interesting to wheelmen through-out the country. L. D. Cabanne gave out today the following facts in his the evidences and charges possession, the evidences and charges in the case having up to the present time been withheld. In the first place, Cabanne says he was suspended by a telegram September 2, and on September 10, received the following charges:

"It is charged that you. F. J. Titus

"It is charged that you, F. J. Titus and Charles M. Murphy, agreed between yourselves that you were to be allowed to win the one-mile, open, class B race at the bicycle races held under the auspices of the Associated Cycling Clubs of St. Louis, at the Pastime track, in St. Louis, on August 24, 1895, without the efforts of other riders, Titus and Murphy, agreed that you. It is further charged that you. It is further charged that Murphy was to be allowed to win the one-mile handicap, class B race of the same races. It is further charged that you, Titus and Murphy, agreed to allow Titus to win the two-mile handicap, class B race of the same races."

races."
His only knowledge of evidence he declared, he recelved through a synopsis sent by Chairman Gideon of the racing board of the L.A.W.
Cabanne says he has since forwarded to Chairman Gideon an answer to the charges, and declares himself as follows: "I certainly do not intend to let the matter rest. I shall take immediate steps to clear my character, and am confident that the law courts will afford me complete vindication."

STUART'S SCHEME.

He Will Use a Circus Tent for His Amphitheater.
(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Dan Stuart of Dallas, Tex., is confined to his room at is hotel by illness, and consequently has made no progress in his attempt to induce Corbett to go to Texas and Carlo Filtering to the confined to the fight Fitzsimmons. In an interview to-

fight Fitzsimmons. In an interview today he said:

"If Corbett or Brady will sign the papers which I will submit to them, there
will surely be a fight without interruption. I have selected a battleground
within two miles of El Paso, Tex., but
not on Texas soil. Headquarters will
be at El Paso, which is naturally
adapted for reaching the mill. Five
trunk lines meet there. One thousand
Mexicans alone will attend, and I will
guarantee no fizzle.

"The grounds will be under my control. We intend to profit by the Ivallas experience and build no amphitheater. A number of circuses are in winter quarters at El Paso, and we will
use an immense circus canvass with a
thirteen-foot side wall. The seating capacity will be 25,000. Now this is going
to be a final showdown. I believe I can
get the men together, and if so will
hang up a second purse for George Lavigne and Jack Everhardt, and thus
give two fistic events at the same time."

Jockey Club Baces.

SAN FRANCISCO. Dec. 3.—Fifth day of the Pacific Coast Jockey Club meet. The weather was clear and the track heavy. Three favorites and two third choices wen.

choices won.

Five and one-half furlongs; Toano

won, Carmel second, Piquante third; time 1:11%.

One mile, selling: Strathmeath won, Basso second, Collins third; time 1:46.
Six furlongs, two-year-olds: Sallie Clicquot won, Miss Bremmel second, Kamsin third; time 1:17%.

Six furlongs, selling: Shield Bearer won, Billy 8, second, Sligo third; time 1:18%.

won, Billy S. second, Sing.
1:18%.
Six furlongs: Chartreuse won, Abl.
P. second, Hidalgo third; time 1:18. Crescent City Races.

Crescent City Races.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 3. — The weather was clear and cool, and the track fast.

Seven furiongs: Stark won, Sir John second, Montepenso third; time i:30%.

One mile and a quarter: Marcel won, Billy McKenzie second, Blasco third; time 2:0%.

super second, Blasco third; time 2:08.

Six furlongs: Judith C won, Imp. Sugar second; Coronella third; time 1:16.

Six furlongs: Miss Young won, Chattanooga second, Hibernia Queen third; time 1:15:

The Board of Review.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The regular December meeting of the board of review of the National Trotting Association began at the Murray Hill Hotel tonight, and will continue the balance of the week. There are a number of notable cases on the docket. The members of the board present were: Maj. P. P. Johnson of Lexington, Ky.; C. D. Palmer, Lowell, Mass.; David Bolther of New York, Col. William Edwards, Cleveland, O.; Joseph Sibley, Franklin, Pa.; C. M. Fogg. Louisville, and ex. Gov. Mitchell of Wisconsin. The board will continue in session tomorrow.

The Board of Review.

The Board of Review.
CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—The semi-annual meeting of the board of review of the American Trotting Association opened this morning at the Auditorium Hotel, and will be in session all of the week, and may run over into next week. There are 210 cases on the docket for nearing. Probably the leading case before the board is that of the Lincoln association against John R. Gentry and Joe Patchen for violating an exhibition contract.

THE GERMAN REICHSTAG.

EROR WILLIAM'S SPEE

Friendly Relations Exist With All Foreign Powers—Internal Affairs, Von Koeller to be Dismissed for Closing Socialist Clubs.

REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) BERLIN, Dec. 3.-(By Atlantic Cabekelin, Dec. 3.—(By Atlantic Ca-ble.) The Reichstag was opened at noon today. The speech from the throne was read by Prince Hohenlohe, the Chancel-lor. After referring to the anniversary of the glorious victories of 1870 at of the glorious victories of 1870-71 and urging the Reichstag, in conjunction with the Federal government, to continue to build up the united empire, the foundations of which were laid twentyfive years ago, the speech says:

five years ago, the speech says:

"The friendly relations of the empire
with all the foreign powers continue
umchanged, In conjunction with Russia
and France, Germany has endeavored to prevent further complications threatened by war between the two great eastern Asiatic empires. Our efforts have been attended with success, thanks to the judicious moderation displayed to the judicious moderation displayed by Japan's government, and will con-tribute to preserving and enlarging the field of peaceful labor for Germany's industry and trade. The deplorable events in the Turkish empire and the situation created thereby have our se-rious attention.

"Faithful to its alliances and to the

rious attention.

"Faithful to its alliances and to the tried principles of German policy, the empire is ever ready to co-operate with the powers when called upon by their interests to work for the furtherance of the cause of peace. The unanimity of the decision of all the powers to respect existing treatles and support the government of His Majesty, the Sultan, in the establishment of an orderly state of things, justifies the hope that they will not be wanting in success."

After inviting the co-operation of the Reichstag in passing the proposed Civil Code and a series of bills airtended to promote the welfare of the industrial classes, including the establishing of artisan chambers, the speech alludes to the proposed Boerse law, which is intended to remove, as far as possible, the influence of dealing on the Boerse in affecting the prices of commodities, the dangers of which have frequently been felt, to the detriment of the national well-being.

Continuing, the speech sald that, as the expectation attaching to the existing sugar-tax bill for the international abolition of export premiums has unfortunately not been realized, and in

the expectation actaching to the existing sugar-tax bill for the international abolition of export premiums has unfortunately not been realized, and in view of the unfavorable effect which the general condition of the sugar market exercised over agricultural affairs, a strong wish had been manifested for extensive reform in legislation on that subject and this is now under the consideration of the Federal government. Referring to mational finance, the speech states that, so far as cannot be indeed the under the consideration of the Federal government. Referring to mational finance, the speech states that, so far as cannot be indeed the under the speech states that, so far as cannot will show a favorable result. The budget which was afterward submitted to the Reichstag shows that the revenue and expenditure balanced at 1,259,221,983 marks, against 1,239,250,441 last year.

A SPECIAL REPORT.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—Previous to his departure for Breslau, the Emperor caused Herr von Lucanus, chief of the Civil Cabinet of His Majesty, to make a special report in the case of Prof. Delbrueck, who was to have been prosecuted for a very mild statement in the Conservative Preussisches Jahrbuch, referring to the internal policies of the empire, and criticising Baron von Koeller for his wholesale prosecution of Socialists. His Majesty afterward concialists. His Majesty afterward conferred with Prince Hohenlohe, the Chancellor, and the latter is said to have informed the Emperor that he would be compelled to tender his resignation unless Von Koeller was dismissed.

Dr. von Scheenstadt, the Prussian A SPECIAL REPORT.

Dr. von Schoenstadt, the Prussian Minister of Justice, also offered to resign, but was not permitted to do so VON KOELLER'S DISMISSAL.

VON KOELLER'S DISMISSAL.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—The report that
Baron von Koeller, the Prussian Minister of the Interior, had been dismissed
on account of the recent strong measures he has instituted against the Socialists, ordering the closing of their
clubs, and the searching of their residences, is confirmed. CONSULTED NO ONE

LONDON, Dec. 3.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Berlin says that it was stated in the lobbles of the Reichstag today that Baron von Koeller had ordered the dissolution of the Socialist clubs, which act is supposed to be the cause of his dismissal, without con-sulting the Chancellor, Prince Hohen-lohe or his colleagues.

Gasselow's Fit of Anger.

Gauselow's Fit of Anger.
CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—James J. Lewls
last night attempted to defend his sister from the abuse of her husband, Andrew Gazzelow, and, as a result, washot and killed. The shooting took
place at Lake street and Ashland
boulevard, where Lewis met Gazzelow
and remonstrated with him for the
cruel treatment of his wife. Gazzelow,
in a fit of anger at being upbraided,
drew his revolver and shot and killed
Lewis. The murderer was immediately
larrested.

ISSUES OF THE DAY.

SECRETARY SMITH AND THE

He Defends the Course of the Administration and Talks Against Bimetallism.

The Repeal of the Ten-per-cent.

Tax on State Bank Circulation

Recommended.

Chicago and St. Louis Working to et the Next Convention—Grover's Future Movements—City Elections.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) ATLANTA (Ga.,) Dec. 3,-Cold as wa the weather tonight the welcome ex-tended to Secretary of the Interior Smith on his appearance before the General Assembly to discuss the finan celal question was of the warmest. Standing room only was available in the hall of the House of Representatives, where both branches of the Legislature sat, and loud and enthusiastic applause made frequent interruptions in his generates.

h his remarks.
The Secretary had been invited to discuss the "Issues of the Day," but, like ex-Speaker Crisp, who spoke on the same subject before the same body two weeks ago, he confined himself to the money question, taking strong ground against the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and defending the course of the administration in financial matters. against the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and defending the course of the administration in financial matters. Secretary Smith gave a running review of the history of currency in this country. He was against silver. He wanted just as many gold and silver or paper dollars circulated in this country as could be kept as good as any other dollars. He indorsed the bimetallic policy of Thomas Jefferson, he said, but he did not agree with the himetallic fallacy of "Coin" Harvey, and he argued elaborately to show that the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present ratio would result in the establishment of the silver standard and the disappearance of all our gold. The tide of population and of capital was now setting toward the South, and the Southern people of all others had occasion to dread a revolution. Free coinage will benefit no one, and work vast hardships to all, and especially to the cotton-planter of the South, who would have to sell his cotton at a gold-standard price and buy goods at an inflated silver-standard valuation.

The most significant part of Secretary Smith's address was his reference to State banks. The repeal of the 10 per cent. tax on their circulation would, he believed, be one remedy for financial ills. He took pleasure in telling his auditors that of a great number of great lawyers in the national capital with whom he was associated, all were agreed that the prohibitory tax was unconstitutional.

President Cleveland and Secretary Carliele had both recommended lits repeal to the last Congress, and their recommendations would have been renewed, but it would have been useless to appeal to the present Congress for such action. The Secretary closed by announcing his assurance that the next national convention would take advanced ground against free coinage, and counseling calmness of discussion and harmony within party lines, so that after the battle was over there might not be too many scars.

A DEMOCRATIC HAUL.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—There has been

A DEMOCRATIC HAUL.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—There has been \$750.000 stolen from the campaign fund of the Democratic party, raised for the years 1893, 1894 and the spring of 1895. This charge is made by M. C. McDonald and Alderman John Powers. It is sustained by the newly-elected chairman of the County Central Committee. Thomas Gahan, in the statement that the funds of the past two years have not been accounted for.

The money was raised for the campaign which resulted in the election of John P. Hopkins over George B. Swift, as Mayor, for the County Commissioners' campaign following the Aldermanic campaign, for the winter contest and for the drainage-canal campaign, but recently closed. The Democratic administration of the Central Committee born out of the assassination of Carter Harrison, is charged with the miner. A DEMOCRATIC HAUL.

born out of the assassination of Carter Harrison, is charged with the misuse of this money. And for this misuse, no explanation is at present forthcoming from the Democratic citizens who stand under the charge of having taken the money for their own personal benefit, involving in its expenditure, trips to Europe, to West Baden and to Hot Springs, and the building of various expensive residences in different parts of the city.

THE A.P.A. ROUTED. THE A.P.A. ROUTED.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—The new city governments were chosen in nineteen of the thirty-three cities of the State today and in three of them there was practically no enthuslasm whatever. In many places party lines were not drawn and in Springfield, Somerville, Gloucester, Brockton and other cities the battle was fought on the A.P.A. issue. The contest in Springfield was one of the warmest in the history of that city and resulted in the overthrow of the candidates endorsed by the A. the candidates endorsed by the A.

that city and resulted in the overthrow of the candidates endorsed by the A. P.A.

In Somerville, where the organization has had control, its candidate for Mayor was defeated. They, however, retained control of the Board of Aldermen. The secret organization was triumphant in Gloucester and Brockton. The Republicans showed unexpected strength in Fall River and carried it by nearly fitteen hundred plurality. They also carried Lawrence, a former Democratic stronghold, by over eight hundred. Mariborough, Malden, Brockton and Newton again elected Republican mayors. The Democrats won a victory in Haverhill, Mayor Jewitt meeting defeat by over six hundred plurality.

Among the cities which voted in favor of license were: Lawrence, Fall River, Haverhill, Mariborough Woburn and New Bedford. The cities that remain in the no-license column are: Brockton, Taunton, Newton, Somerville, Fitchburg, Waltham, Malden and Gloucester.

INGERSOLL ON GROVER'S MES.

INGERSOLL ON GROVER'S MES SAGE.

MINNEAPOLIS (Minn.,) Dec. 3.—Col. Robert G. Ingersoll lectured this evening at Ottumwa, Iowa. The colonel was interviewed on the three thousand prayers offered for him on Thankegiving day. He is not visibly disturbed by the prayers which the Christian Endeavorers of the nation are causing to be made for his salvation. When asked if he believed in the efficacy of these petitions, he said:

"Oh, we will have to wait and see what will be done. I suppose that God is busy yet with the people's prayers of Thanksgiving of last year and has not got around to that yet. We will have to wait and see what will be done. If these prayers are effective, then the Endeavorers ought to go after Grover Cleveland. His message reads like he needed it." MINNEAPOLIS (Minn.,) Dec.

CHICAGO'S CHANCES.

CHICAGO'S CHANCES.
CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—A local paper says that W. J. Campbell, member from this State of the Republican National Committee, will leave for Washington. He will remain there until after the meeting of the National Committee next Wednesday week. Campbell said last night that he felt quite confident that the National Republican

Convention would be held in Chicago,
Irving Pearce, who has charge of the
work of collecting funds of \$100,000 for
the convention, says that good progress is being made, and that the prospect for securing the amount was encouraging. The members of the subcommittees appointed by Pearce began
soliciting subscriptions yesterday.
Pearce believes a sufficient amount
will be pledged by Wednesday to justify the general committee in guaranteeing the entire fund, if such action
should become necessary.

ST LOUIS ENTERPRISE

should become necessary.

ST. LOUIS ENTERPRISE.

ST. LOUIS (Mo.,) Dec. 3.—A massmeeting of prominent business men was held at the Mercantile Club yesterday for the purpose of making arrangements to secure one or both of the political conventions for St. Louis next year. There was raised \$25,000 for that purpose and \$50,000 will be subscribed.

ALLISON A CANDIDATE. ALLISON A CANDIDATE.

DES MOINES, (Iowa,) Dec. 3.—Senator William B. Allison is a candidate for the Republican Presidential nomination. His campaign has formally been started by the Republican State Central. Committee. Many Republicans and others have been trying for a year or more to make Senator Allison consent to be a candidate, and to give over the management of his campaign

consent to be a candidate, and to give over the management of his campaign to them, but he has held them aloof and this is the first authorized announcement of his candidacy.

Pressure has been brought to bear from all parts of this and other States to bring Allison into the field, and it is in response to this unanimous call that the Republican State Central Committee, at its meeting tonight fook the that the Republican State Central Com-militee, at its meeting tonight, took the matter up of its own accord and made the official announcement. The confer-ence was attended by all of the eleven members of the State Committee but one, and many other prominent Repub-licans, among them Gen. E. M. Drake, Governor-elect, and several members of the Legislature that meets early in Jan-uary.

The wisdom of the move decided on

The wisdom of the move decided on was unanimously approved. It is generally agreed that the Republican State Convention to send delegates to the National Convention will be held in Des Moines about the middle of March, but the committee did not decide upon the date.

H. G. McMillan of Rock Rapids, the chairman of the committee, will open headquarters in this city at once, and it will be the center of the Allison campaign, which is now to be pushed with all the vigor and skill which the politicians of Iowa and other States, favorable to Allison, are able to put into it. The campaign will be directed by the committee through its chairman.

NOMINATIONS.

Rufus W. Peckham, Richard Olney and Judson Harmon.

and Judson Harmon.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The President today nominated Rufus W. Peckham of New York to be Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court to succeed the late Howell Jackson of Tennessee. He also nominated Richard Olney to be Secretary of State, and Judson Harmon to be Attor-

ney-General.

Rufus W. Peckham is Judge of the
Court of Appeals of New York. It is believed that his nomination will be satisfactory to Senator Hill, whose op-position was successful in preventing the confirmation of Hornblower and Wheeler Peckham, New Yorkers, whose names were sent in by President Cleveland for the Supreme Court judgship, now held by Justice White of Louisi-Senators on both sides of the cham-

ber express themselves as highly pleased with the nomination of Judge Peckham. Senator Hill of New York is in the West, but Senator Murphy sald there could be no doubt of speedy con-firmation. He did not believe that Senator Hill would make any opposition. The Justices of the United States Su-preme Court are understood to have ex-pressed satisfaction with the selection. Senator Pugh, chairman of the Committee on Judiclary, will call a meeting of the committee for next Monday for the purpose of considering Judge Peckham's nomination.

JUDGE PECKHAM.

ALBANY (N. Y.,) Dec. 3.-Judge Ru ALBANY (N. Y.,) Dec. 3.—Judge Rufus W. Peckham was born in Albany in 1837. His father, Rufus W. Peckham of Albany, was a judge of the Court of Appeals and he is a brother of Wheeler H. Peckham of New York city. Judge Peckham is a member of the appellate court of the State, and, before his elevation to the position in November, 1886, was active in Albany politics, being at one time the leader of the Democratic party here. He is a warm personal friend of President Cleveland.

New York's Police.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—There will probably be a number of promotions in the police department within the next week. Acting chief Conion will probably be made chief. The Police Commissioners adopted the new rules regarding promotions today. Conlin was clied to appear before the commissioners next Friday to be examined as to his qualifications.

Vesuvius in Eruption LONDON, Dec. 3.—A special dispatch from Naples says that Mt. Vesuvius is in eruption. Three distinct torrents of lava are flowing from the Atrio del Cavallo, burning chestnut groves along the downward path and falling into the Veterana precipice between Monte Scomma and Collina del Salvatore.

WATER WAS USELESS

A HALF-MILLION-DOLLAR FIRE
AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Business Houses in the Heart of the Wholesale District are Laid in Ruins.

Several Firemen are Carried Down by Falling Walls—Two of Them May not Live.

Employees Succeed in Getting Away Safely—Floors Fall Under the Heavy Stocks of Goods. List of Losers.

GREGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)
INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 3.—Fire in the heart of the wholesale district to-day destroyed property valued at \$500,000. The northeast quarter of the block bounded by Meridian, Maryland, Georgia and Illinois streets was laid in ruins. Seven or eight great business establishments were burned out. The fire began in the wholesale grocery store of Schnull & Co. At \$:30 o'clock the third floor of the building fell in and the heavy stock piled on it was carried to the first floor. Flames at once broke out and the fire spread in all directions. Employees got out without serious injury, though some had narrow escapes.

Before the department arrived, the entire block was doomed. Great

entire block was doomed. Great clouds of black smoke were pouring out of every window, and by the time the water was turned on, the whole interior was ablaze. There was much inflammable material in stock; there the water was turned on, the whole interior was ablaze. There was much inflammable material in stock: there was an insufficient supply of water, and the weather was bitter cold. The second and third alarms were turned in, and in twenty minutes after the floor fell in, all available men and apparatus in the department were engaged in fighting the fire. The ten streams of water that were turned on the burning building from the front and rear did not seem to have any effect on the fire, which passed to the building adjoining on the south, cocupied by Fairbanks, Morse & Co. The water poured on Fairbanks, Morse & Co.'s building did not have any effect against the raging wind blowing from the north, and soon after 9 o'clock the last business house between the fire and the alley, that cocupied by Ward Bros., wholesale druggists, took fire. At noon, when the fire had been placed under control, though still flercely burning, the burned territory extended from No. 52 to No. 74.

The following firms were burned out: Schnull & Co., wholesale grocery; Ward Bros., druggists; Fairbanks, Morse & Co. scales; Eckhouse Bros., iliquors; Indiana Coffee Company; Woodford & Pohlman, Ilquor dealers, and the Hildebrand Hardware Company. The buildings were all brick, three and four stories in height. Several firemen were carried down by the falling walls. It is believed that two of the men who have been taken to the hospital will die.

The fire caused practically a total loss on the Luildings and stock. The owners estimate the losses on stock as follows: Hildebrand Company; \$15,000; Woodford & Pohlman, \$26,000; Schnull & Co., \$125,000; Fairbanks Scale Company, \$15,000; Ward Bros., \$35,000; Indiana Coffee Company, \$60,000. Estimated total value of stock destroyed, \$372,000; which, together with the buildings, will reach \$500,000. There is about \$300,000 insurance.

SALISBURY'S REPLY.

Should be Received at Washington by Pauncefote Today.

REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTA LONDON, Dec. 3.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The reply of the Marquis of Salisbury to Secretary Olney on the Venezuelan question, the Associated Press learns, was dispatched direct to Washington by mail and should be received by the British ambassador there. Sir Julian Pauncefote, in all probabil-

Sir Julian Pauncefote, in all probability tomorrow.

A report of the Associated Press showed President Cleveland's message to Congress to the United States Ambassador here, Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, shortly after it was delivered to Congress. Mr. Bayard read it with much interest, and said: "I have nothing to say now, except that it is a most impressive utterance and characteristic of the able, straightforward man who made it."

New Suits.

E. A. Bellringer has begun suit against Edward P. Carnicle, M. A. Car-nicle and H. T. Newell to foreclose a mechanic's lien

mechanic's lien.

Sophia Goldstein has brought suit against J. E. Hawker to quiet title to a lot in Santa Monica.

Jennie B. Phillips has begun suit against Alexander Campbell et al., to quiet title to a lot in the Gregg tract.

Mrs. Albertina Ronnau has applied for appointment as guardian of the estate of her minor son, Frederick Albert Ronnau.

bert Ronnau.
Leslie R. Hewitt has begun suit
against G. K. Bunker to recover \$150 as rental on a lease.

Robert A. Menzies yesterday filed a petition for insolvency. Liabilities, \$4995; assets, nothing.

HOTELS-

TIPE da

NOW OPEN-PASADENA'S MAGNIFICENT MOORESQUE PALACE-

The newest and finest hotel in Los Angeles county. Over \$30 sunny and spacious rooms, with private parlor and bathrooms; convenient to three lines of steam railway; Los Angeles and Pasa dena electric tars pass the door Every modern convenience.

.. The Hotel Green. .

G. G. GREEN, Owner.
J. H. HOLMES, Manager BEAUTIFUL Santa Barbara. Where the flowers bloom every day in the year, where fruits

and strawberries are always in season-Here you will find a perpetual balmy spring climate, insuring health, happiness, sound, refreshing sleep and pleasure.

Grandest winter resort on the Coast.

ACCOMMODATES 500—FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY DETAIL.

Fishing, yachting, winter surf bathing, full hotel orchestra, beautiful drives.

Famous Veronica Springs one mile from the Hotel.

Write or telegraph.

GATY & DUNN, Santa Barbara, Cal.

WILSON PEAK, and winter resort. The air is dry, pure and invigorating; the scenery unsurpassed. Accommodations are ample, and cuisine the best For transportation, new or old trait address L. D. LOWRY, Pasadera. Tel. 80.

CRAND PACIFIC at 50c. 75c and \$1.00 per day; \$2.00 to 57.00 per week; \$10.00, \$200 and up per mo., at 423 and 425 Spring Street. P. S. CONDON, Manager.

HOTEL RAMONA COR. SPRING AND THIRD STS. CENTRAL EUROPEAN HOTEL RAMONA Pirst-class at moderate rates.

NOTEL LINCOLN SECOND AND HILL-FAMILY HOTEL: APPOINTMENT MUTEL LINGULN perfect; electric cars to all points. THOS PASCOE, Prop. CALIFORNIA HOTEL Cor. Second and Hill: CHOICE ROOMS, CUISINE UN SURPASSED, NEW Management. F. J. Gillimore, Prop. THE SUNSET 389 NORTH MARENGO AVENUE, PASADENA. DELIGHTFUL VIEW; quiet, bome hotel. Cuisine first class; resonable terms. HOTEL ARGYLE, COR SECOND AND OLIVE: TOURIST HOTEL; ROOMS SIN WALDORF T NORTH EUCLID, PASADENA. FIRST-CLASS HANDSOMELY FUR nished Rooms with board. Table Board. Terms reasonable.

PLAZA VISTA 416 W. SIXTH ST. NEWLY FURNISHED; FINE CATEMER furnace heat

COLIT RECORD. A GIRL'S SAD DEATH

TRAGIC INCIDENT FROM FAR-AWAY ALASKA.

a Bullet Through Her Heart at Home.

She Had Been Going to School at San Francisco-Her Motive Remains Unknown

Durrant's Motion for a New Trial Will Probably be Denied-A Woman's Sixth Attempt at Suicide.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.) (REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—(Special Dispatch.) The little schooner Pearl, nineteen days out from Unga, Alaska, has arrived here, bringing with it the body of a victim of one of the saddest and strangest tragedles ever enacted in the annals of the Territory. The victim was Emma, the sixteen-year-old tim was Emma, the sixteen-year-old im was Emma, the sixteen-year-old laughter of Frank R. Brown, who shot herself last month.

Brown, for the past six years, has been assistant superintendent of the Apollo Consolidated Mining Company of Unga, Alaska. Brown's family con-sisted of himself and wife, Emma, who was 16, and three little tots, of whom Gladys, the eldest, is 7. The or crunities of education being limited at Unga, Emma, for a few years, had been sent to San Francisco, where she pursued her studies at Miss Bolte's school. Last May the uncle of the girl towards. May the uncle of the girl thought she was injuring herself by too close appli-cation to her studies, and for that rea-son sent her back to her parents in Alaska, where she speedily recovered her health.

November 7, as Brown was pass on November 7, as Brown was pass-ing the house hurriedly to join Super-intendent Mayer on the way to the tun-nel of the mine, he was stopped by lit-tle Gladys crying out: "Papa, En'ma is lying with her eyes open, and I can't make her speak to me." Brown fol-lowed the child to a building in the rear of the yard, and there found the lifeless body of his eldest drughter. She had shot herself through the heart with a revolver, which lay beside her. On the bureau of her room was a note addressed to her mother, begging them to forgive her for what she was about to do, and asking them not to grieve

On the departure of the Pearl for this port the remains were placed on board, Mr. and Mrs. Brown and their three little childen accompanying them. Brown said he could give no explanation of the suicide. The neighbors had told him since that the children is not the suicide. him since that the girl was fre quently depressed, but she had never emplained of any trouble

DURRANT'S LAST HOPE.

His Motion for a New Trial Likely to be Denied. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The mo

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The motion for a new trial for Theodore Durrant proceeded to its close today. Both Gen. Dickinson for the prisoner and Dist.-Atty. Barnes agreed to submit the points and authorities without extended argument. Gen. Dickinson, in his argument, held that the court had erred in not compelling Miss Cunningham to reveal the source of her information regarding Miss. Leake's testimony that the latter saw Durrant and Blanche Lamont entering the church. Gen. Dickinson held that every newspaper should have been cited for contempt for publishing the testimony of the trial when witnesses had been excluded from the courtroom. He said the District Attorney, in his argument to the jury, had prejudiced the jury against Durrant by his arraignment of the prisoner. Gen. Dickinson also held that the court had erred in allowing Juror Nathan to get into the box, when he had an opinion of any sort, and the court erred in allowing the prosecution to peremptorily challenge Juror Walter S. Brown because of accusations against Brown in connection with Brown's ac-S. Brown because of accusations against Brown in connection with Brown's ac-tion as a juror in the Howell counter-

feiting case.
Assistant Dist.-Atty. Peixotto replied to Dickinson by filing a brief, citing authorities with argument. Judge Murphy announced that he would dispose of the motion on Friday. It is a foregone conclusion that the motion will be denied and sentence upon the prisoner will then be pronounced.

OLD MAN TYSON.

He Killed Deputy Sheriff Buzzell in Self-defense. (REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

STOCKTON, Dec. 3.—The coroner's jury in the Buzzell case, called to irquire into the death of the deputy sheriff who was killed by old man Tyson, found that Tyson acted in self-defense. Nine of the twelve Jurors agreed to that verdict and three made no finding. The old man who fired the shot that killed Buzzell is still at large and his whereabouts are unknown. Some officers think he died in the brush along the San Joaquin River from the effects of the shot fired into his abdomen by Buzzell.

No new testimony was brought out. The two elder sons of Tyson testified to the shooting as they told it before that Buzzell fired first. The Tyson boys will be discharged tomorrow.

HIDING IN SAN ERANGISCO. that killed Buzzell is still at large

HIDING IN SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—Sheriff Cunningham of San Joaquin county has lighted the aid of the San Francisco solicited the aid of the San Francisco
police for the capture of H. C. Tyson,
the Stockton man who shot and killed
Deputy Sheriff Buzzell last Thursday,
Sheriff Cunningham is of the opinion
that Tyson has made his way to this
city, and is in hiding in the Mexican
quarter, where he has friends.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.-Manuel SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—manuer Casin, Gen. Exeta's best friend and lleutenant, has chartered the tug Barclay Golden, and vague stories of the occupation of Salvador by Ezeta and his fellow-extles are floating about the water-front. The supposition is that the boat will sail south and take Ezeta on loand at Acaiutla and that the refugees board at Acajutla and that the refugees will proceed south of Salvador and get into the country by some plan already determined upon. The vessel will sail in a day or so.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The American ship Benjamin F. Packard struck on a rock in the harbor today, and so far it has been impossible to haul her off. The Packard was heavily loaded with wheat and was being towed by a tug when she ran aground. It is thought that she may be pulled off at, high tide at midnight.

SEATTLE (Wash.,) Dec. 3.—As a result of a fire at the new Washington State University in this city at noon, Harry C. Ashenfelter of Spokane, a contractor on the university buildings, was burned, his body being completely incinerated. A workman named Frank Gallarpher was severely burned about the hands and arms. They were terring the inside of a big water tankwhen the tar caught fire. The ladder broke, and Ashenfelter fell into the flames.

Killed by a Train.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—John H. Knarston, secretary of the Druids' Hall Association of this city, and editor of the Druids' Journal, was struck by a train at Market street in Oakland last night and killed. The accident occurred while Knarston was in company with a party of friends with whom he had been spending the evening.

Fresno Citrus Fair.

FRESNO, Dec. 3.—The Chamber of Commerce today completed arrangements for actrus fair in Fresno, to held the last week in December. It will be the first of the kind ever held here.

Can't Obey Both of Them.

FRESNO, Dec. 3.—S. L. Hogue, deputy county auditor, today brought suit against the Auditor to compel him to pay Hogue's salary for November. Judge Webb today ordered the Auditor to pay it, and Judge Risley yesterday ordered him not to pay it, and he finds it impossible to obey both.

HE WILL STEP OUT.

Ex-Judge Garber to Leave the Well-

known Law Firm.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TIMES

(N FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—(SpeDispatch.) Important changes
imminent in the great law
of Garber, Boalt & Bishop. It is the largest and most widely-known association of lawyers in the State, and the contemplated withdrawal of the senior member will arouse the interest of the profession throughout California. It will mean also a great deal in the management and conduct of the office as with the retirement of ex-Judge Gar-ber, the junior members of the firm will advance in rank, and probably one will advance in rank, and probably one or more of the newer legal lights in the office will be taken into the firm.

For a year or more John Garber has spoken occasionally to intimate friends of the possibility of retirement from the firm of Garber, Boalt & Bishop, and of firm of Garber, Boalt & Bishop, and of his forming a legal co-partnership with his cousin, ex-Judge Eugene R. Garber, and his son, Joseph B. Garber. The relations between Garber and other members of the firm recently became strained, owing to Bishop's connection with the Miller and Lux litigation. Bishop was leading counsel for the Lux heirs, and his course is said to have been disapproved by Garber. Bishop, who disapproved by Garber. Bishop, who will be the head of the firm when Gar-ber steps out, has large property in-terests in Sant Barbara and San Diego.

FOUND HER BROTHER.

Happy Termination of a Girl's Long

Mary Adolphina Anderson traveled 7000 miles to meet her brother, whom she had not seen since she was a little girl. When she reached Los Angeles yesterday evening, she despaired of finding him, for he was pot at the railway station to meet her. She had only \$\frac{3}{2}\$ in her pocket, and did not know where to go or what to do. She could appeal to no one for help or advice, as there was no one at the depot who understood her language. So Mary sat down in the waiting-room and cried until a kind-hearted policeman took her in charge and conducted her to the Police Station. There, with the assistance of a Swede trusty, who was called out of a tank of the City Jail to act as interpreter, Mary succeeded in making the officers understand that she had come all the way from Kronstadt, Finland, to find her brother, Gust E. Anderson, whose address was supposed to be No. 712 South Broadway. She said he had been in this country eight or nine years, and had sent her money to come here to him.

Officer Hill was dispatched to No. 712 South Broadway to find the brother, but returned with the information that he could not be found. Mary was disconsolate when she learned this, and the question arose what should be done with the girl. Some one suggested taking her to a cheap lodging-house, where she could stay as long as her dollar lasted, but Officer Miles Long spoke up and said he would give her a home until she could get a place to work. Mary Adolphina Anderson traveled es to meet her brother, whom

dollar lasted, but Officer Miles Long spoke up and said he would give her a home until she found her brother, or till she could get a place to work. Mary was accordingly taken to Office Long's house, where Mrs. Long gave her a good supper and sent her to bed. Meantime Officer Hill made a second trip to No. 712 South Broadway, and learned that Anderson was manager of the livery stable at that place. The officer was misled on his first visit by the stablemen. Mr. Anderson said he had been looking for his sister for several days, and as soon as he learned where she was, he made all haste to Officer Long's house, where brother and sister were happily reunited after their long separation.

Miss Anderson is a buxom lass of about 20 years of age. She made the journey all alone, without any mishap or discouragement till she reached Los Angeles, and here her disappointment was of short duration.

MAKES REPLY.

C. I. Shumway's Views Regarding "Straining at a Gnat."

high tide at midnight.

She is Poison Proof.

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 3.—Lottle Goodrich, a deprayed woman, attempted to end her existence tonight by swallowing a large dose of poison. She was found suffering from the effects of the drug and taken to the receiving hospital, where a doctor saved her life. This is about the sixth time the woman has at-

A New York dispatch says that the damage by fire at No. 72 Warren street yesterday is estimated at \$50,000, of which one-half is on the building and \$20,000 on the Argo spice mills.

A St. Louis dispatch says that two persons were frozen to death Tuesday night as a result of the unexpected cold wave that struck that city, and two others narrowly escaped a like fate.

Dispatches from Rome received at St.
Louis announce that Rev. Father
David W. Kenrick, pastor of St. Vincent's Church, has been appointed
bishop of St. Louis. Father Kenrick is
inclined to think the report a mistake.
On recommendation of Gen. Craight! On recommendation of Gen. Craighill, chief of engineers, the Secretary of War yesterday directed Maj. J. C. Post of the Corps of Engineers to take charge of all public works in the vicinity of Detroit, formerly in charge of Col. O. E. Poe, deceased.

E. Poe, deceased.

A dispatch from Cambridge, Mass., says that Rev. Frank Hyatt Smith, formerly pastor of the North-avenue Baptist Church, who was recently declared insane by the United States District Court, will leave for Washington today, where he will enter an asylum.

A Paris dispatch to the London Times says that the Tariff Committee has agreed upon a bill which will empower the government to apply a sliding scale to the import duty on corn, proportionate to the market price. Thus the duty on wheat may be raised still higher.

A part of the crew of the sponging chooner Shamrock, which just arrived schooner Shamrock, which just arrived at Tampa, Fla., reports that last Wednesday, while at St. Martine reef, seventy miles north of there, a heavy northwester capsized the schooner. Six negroes who were below the hatches were drowned.

northwester capsized the schools. Six megroes who were below the hatches were drowned.

A Lexington, Ky., dispatch says that Lewis George Clarke, the eighty-four-year-old mulatto who was the original of Mrs. Stowe's "George Harris" in "Uncle Tom's Cabin," has been sent to the infirmary. He has been failing rapidly during the past few weeks and is not likely to live long.

Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has sent a dispatch to the Governors of the colonies with a view to investigating thoroughly the extent which in each colony foreign imports have displaced or are displacing similar British goods, and the causes of such displacement.

The Gas Trust injunction was taken up in Judge Showalter's United States court at Chicago yesterday. The issue is one for an injunction to prevent the proposed consolidation of the Chicago gas companies into one trust. The bill is brought by Pitt Barrows of Willimantic, Ct., a bondholder of several of the local companies.

The American liner St Paul has been reported as passing the Lizard this (Wednesday) morning, at 1:15 o'clock. Allowing her seven and one-half hours to reach the Needles, her time of passage will be 6 days 14h. 14m., a reduction of her record of 7h. and over, and within 3h. 50m. of the record made by the Fuerst Bismarck.

The first elaborate production of Shakespeare's Henry IV seen in Phila-

A Rio de Janerio dispatch to Buenos Ayres says the Brazilian Council of Ministers has decided to refuse to submit either the Trinidad dispute with England or the Amapa dispute with France to arbitration. The Trinidad dispute relates to the sovereignty of the little island of Trinidad and the Amapa dispute to the boundary line of French Gujana.

French Gujana.

A committee of seven representative citizens, representing the citizens and municipal leagues of Pittsburgh left there for Philadelphia last night, carrying a monster petition signed by many thousands of citizens calling on the Legislative Committee to visit the city for the purpose of investigating municipal affairs generally. The committee will present reasons and arguments which they believe will be so strong that the Lexowing of Pittsburgh will follow very shortly.

A meeting of the organizers of the

"Straining at a Gnat."

A letter of considerable length to The Times from C. I. Shumway makes comments on a letter published in this paper a few days ago under the heading "Straining at a gnat." The burden of the article in question was that there are but eight millions of Catholics in this country, or less than one-eighth of the population, and there is, therefore, nothing to be feared from them.

Mr. Shumway argues that Protestant churches teach spirituality, morality, intellectuality, love to God, country and the flag and obedience to the law, while the church of Rome is one huge political machine, claiming supreme temporal power over empires, kingdoms and republics. The Roman church, he declares, dare not let her children attend the public schools and thus be come educated as citizens to live in and help govern a republic.

The American Protective Association, he says, believes the public schools to be the bulwark of American iberty, and that the youth should be educated outside the dogmas of a church of foreign influences in order to be good citizens of a republic. He holds that the Catholic church and the popes have denounced and do denounce the public schools. He says that during the first three months of this year there were 140,980 immigrants landed in this country. Most of them were Catholics, and 19,602 of them could neither read nor write.

Mr. Should a static connected with recent alleged first the country of the mould neither read nor write.

The Texas left the navy-yard yesterday for her trial trip off Sandy Hook. Should be educated in this country. Most of them were Catholics, and 19,602 of them could neither read nor write.

Mr. Should a static distributed the country of the reversal trip off Sandy Hook. Should be educated to place the catholic church and the popes have denounced and do denounce the public schools and of the country of the reversal trip off sandy hook. Should be educated to place the catholic church and the popes have denounced and do denounce the public schools of the mounts o

Mueller, Schall & Co. of New York will ship \$500,000 gold to South America today.

The New York Herald's correspondent in Buenos Ayres says that it is reported that the British Minister will retire from Brazil.

A New York Allerative will retire from Brazil.

A New York Allerative will retire from Brazil.

Springs and Central City, already great gold-producing centers, are likely to become second Cripple Creeks, for it is claimed that tellurium ore has been found on the divide between the two towns, about six or seven miles to the east. It is said that an assay runs thousands of dollars to the ton. The inhabitants of Salida, on the Denver and Rio Grande Rallroad, are excited over the discovery of gold half a mile from that town, and hundreds of men are staking claims.

MELINDA MALONE.

UP ON END AND MAKES
REMARKS.

Nobly Stands for the New Woman, and Polishes Off that Travesty on Humanity, Man, in

LOS ANGELES, November, 1895. (To the Editor of The Times:) Night has drawn her sable curtain around; the eagle on his cyric has dropped his beak upon his breast; the birds of bush and bough have hushed their song; the and bough have hushed their song; the fishes of the deep have assumed an attitude of rest; the beasts of the field are lying prostrate upon the ground; the cat-family have gone forth as depredators; the coon is at the corn; the new woman has scuttled her type-writer for the day; her pencil is laid upon the shelf and she is home from writer for the day, her pencil is laid upon the shelf and she is home from the store where she earns her ten dol-lars a week; has had her frugal meal, and on the table at the right hand lies The Times and on the left is the Re-view of Reviews and Scribner's Magaview of Reviews and Scribner's Magazine, and after a short rest on the lounge she will bury her nose in these till 9 o'clock—the new woman's bed time. The bull dog will guard the enclosure where she sleeps; no tramp plants his woes at her cottage door; her charities are for the meritorious at home. She drops no nickels in the slot for the amalgamating process now in vogue for making Indians of 'ar, seagist isles in alabaster white.

No dude-on-ic being with frizzled hair, perforated ideas, and elastic integrity lingers at the gate imparting odors from the saloon or barber shop. He has seen the faithful sentinel at the gate, without muzzle or chain, noted his business look, and is gone.

The new woman buys her own ice cream—not a poor little insignificant

tone, touch, finish, strength and durability to the working muscles, and they are the Gerinomo grasshopper, Italian cat a-la-mode, French frog and snail, and "Mr. William Rowland's bullhead breakfast" in the afternoon.

Do you wonder at there being a new woman? and do you know she will not have to be found dead on the plains of Santa Monica two or three times a year, with that promoter of hump-backs, the bleycle, which will be as dead in ten years as the roller-skate now is, standing over her senseless remains?

When brakebeams are fenced in, when avenues to cold victuals are closed, when our street corners are unthronged, and when there is less lounging by the sobbing sea, there will be a new man totally devoid of capacity or inclination for entertaining people that are continually leading up with imaginary, far-fetched calamities, who will be able to live well on \$2 a day, beside being helpful to the "new woman," the faithful Christian mother of his children, and his name will never be identified with "too much Johnson."

Yours truly,

Yours truly, MELINDA MALONE. STANTON RELIEF CORPS. Its Entertainment at Music Hall Last

Stanton W.R.C., No. 16, gave an entertainment at Music Hall last evening that was witnessed by a large audience. The Cavalry Troop donated the use of the hall, it being the troop's usual drill

The entertainment was entitled "One The Texas left the navy-yard yester day for her trial trip off Sandy Hook. She will be tried today. On board was some cross as queen, so the first with the trip terms of his assistants. The engines are to be managed by the representatives of the firm which built them. After her trial trip the Texas will proceed to Newport for her torpedo outfit, after which see will try her guns in Gardiner's Bay. She will then be ready to Join the other ships of the North Atlant. It for the swings of the North Atlant. It for the twinter cruise in the South Atlantic.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a series of general orders for the source of the revenue-cutter service a mendatory of those now in force. Under the new orders, commanding officers are required to report quarterly of the new orders, commanding officers are required to report quarterly of the new orders, commanding of the North Atlantic.

The Secretary of these now in force. Under the new orders, commanding officers are required to report quarterly of the new orders, commanding of the North Atlantic.

The secretary of these now in force. Under the new orders, commanding of the North Atlantic officers are required to report quarterly of the second of the order of the second of the order of the second of the order of t Mrs. A. R. McIntosh and Miss Kate

programme included an instrumental trio by Misses May and Lawrence and Mr. Bryson, a recitation by Tom Barnes, a vocal solo by Ge Barnet, a solo by G. W. Hersee, a vocal quartette by W. Doxie, E. Wise, F. Lloyd and W. Knighten, a solo by Foley Parker, a recitation by Miss Mar Bennett, a recitation by Mrs. M. E. J. Lynn and a musical duet by E. J. and Zoe Barnet. Miss Lela Lawrence acted as accompanist.

MUNICIPAL INVESTIGATION.

OREGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

GRGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—After a recess of over one week the Senate Investigating Committee this afternoon renewed its work of inquiring into the municipal affairs of this city.

Agent Addis of the Citizens' Municipal Association, informed the committee that the Vulcanite Paving Company, of which State Senater C. A. Porter is a reputed member, had been given the contract for re-paving, construction of sewers and inlets in certain streets.

The lowest bidder on this work, he said, was H. P. Smart. Smart corroborated Mr. Addis and added that after complaining to Director Windrim he was given his part of the work by the Vulcanite Company, at the rate he had bid, notwithstanding the Vulcanite Company had no right to sub-let their-contracts. The latter company drew the money for this work at the price they bid.

Messrs. De Haven and Kayser, highway inspectors, told the commission that in work done by the city street.

the money for this work at the price they bid.

Messrs. De Haven and Kayser, highway inspectors, told the commission that in work done by the city, streets had to have a concrete foundation. When the railroad company did any paving their orders were to see that they laid the rocks on a gravel base and to cement the joints with pitch.

Thomas Warren, who at a previous session of the committee, said he borrowed \$2 a day for work, while the pay-rolls showed he should have received \$3. The pay-rolls for the time were shown him and pronounced incorrect. The pay-rolls bore an afflidavit made by Superintendent of Bridges C. A. Trik, declaring them to be correct. Several cher witnesses were examined on street cleaning and garbage collecting.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 104 and 254 a box. Book free at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

A SOLEMN SCENE.

uneral of Charles H. Williams a

Charles H. Williams, the young mar who was killed on the Terminal Railway at East San Pedro last Saturday was buried at Long Beach yesterday. The funeral was one of the most in pressive ever held in that city, there be

The funeral was one of the most impressive ever held in that city, there being a large attendance from both Long. Beach and this city. The floral tributes were many and beautiful, among them being a pillow from Simpson M. E. Church, Los Angeles, and a harp from the employees of the Terminal Railway. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Williams of Los Angeles, assisted by Revs. J. B. Green, J. V. Fisher and Alfred Inwood.

Charles H. Williams was a 200 of Dr. M. Hilton Williams. He was a young man of sterling qualities, and held in high esteem by all who knew him. An especially sad feature of his untimely death is the fact that he was engaged to be married to an estimable young lady of Long Beach January 8 next. With his earnings he was preparing a home for his bride on Boyle Helghts. The young lady, as well as the family of the young man, are overwhelmed with grief. During the funeral services she and his twin brother remained kneeling beside the casket that contained the remains.

A Long Beach correspondent of The Times writes that that community has never witnessed a sadder scene, nor mourned the death of any one more sincerely.

W. H. Brewer, chief clerk to the

W. H. Brewer, chief clerk to the superintendent of the Southern Cali-fornia road, has been made happy the advent of a new boy baby at his

For all Diseases

of the Kidneys and Blood, take

DR Hobb's paragus Kidney Pills

A few doses will relieve. A few boxes will

GOOD TOOLS -

Help to make good work; help to make easy work; help to make quick work. We've got every good tool that a mechanic needs, and at prices so low that you can't afford to buy anywhere else.

Tuttle Mercantile Co..

308-310 South Broadway,

Bradbury Building.

FF&VAUGHN! (OR. FOURTH & SPRING STS.

Cut That

Will Bring Blood.

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED.

Anything worth doing at all is worth doing well. That's one reason for our doing this. The other reason is that we intend to give purchasers of MUNYON'S REMEDIES the benefit of the very lowest possible price on these goods. We buy in large quantities direct from the factory. Some so-called Cut-Rate Drug Stores boast of their 20c, 40c and 80c cut. We sell

The 25c Remedies for 15c,

The 5oc Remedies for 35c;

15c per can

The \$1.00 Remedies for 65c,

Eagle Brand Milk,

And still make a profit. Cashmere Bouquet Soap,

20c per cake. Fountain Syringes. 1 quart 40c 2 quart 60c 3 quart 70c 4 quart 75c

Cuticura Soap. 15c, 2 for 25c.

Tooth Brushes. Something good for...... 5c Something better for..... 10c Something very fine for.... 15c Something elegant for.... 25c

Allcock's Porous Plasters, ioc each.

Kamame Pink Pills, per

Hot Water Bottles.

1 quart 40c 2 quart 60c 3 quart 70c

4 quart..... 75c

Quinine Pills.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS

(Seal)
Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County
State of California

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 114.050 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past reck. would, if apportioned on the basis of a ix-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 19,008 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

LINERS.

One cent a word for each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES-

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—I. IDA EISner de Marion, was married to Louis Enther
tat present in San Pedro) by Father Ubach.
Catholic Church. San Diego, Dec. 28, 1883.
To fulfill his great desire to obtain a divorce. I have granted of my own free will,
by private agreement, on the 26th day of
November, 1836, before Judge McKinley, and
not by the false charges he swore to.

MRS. JIIA E. ENTNER.
4-8 Clarence Hotel, San Pedro. Cal.
THE ONLY "AUTOMATIC" SEWING Machine on earth. WILLCOX & GIBBS S.
CO., 321 W. FOURTH St.

CO., 321 W. Fourth st.

DRINK CORONADO WATER, PUREST ON
earth. W. L. WHEDON, Ag't, 114 W. First.

\$250 WILL BUY CHOICE LOT, ANGELENO
Heights. S. K. LINDLEY, 106 S. Broadway. IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 950 to 968 BUENA VISTA ST.

WANTED—
Help, Male.
HUMMEL BROS. & CO.,

(Successors to Petty, Hummel & Co.) 300-302 W. Second st., in basement California Bank Building. Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., ex-cept Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Ranch hand who can prune, \$20 etc.; iver and collector, German preferred, must we \$300 cash security, \$50 per month; orage packers, 3c per box, 3 months' work; an and wife, ranch; sailors, \$30 etc.; shocaker, married man; cooper, \$3 per day.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

All-around hotel cook, country, \$50. Hotel olp please call.

All-around hotel cook, country, \$50. Hotel help please call.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Woman for house-cleaning today, call early, \$1.50; house-cirl, family of 4, city, \$20; house-cirl, \$1.50; house-cirl,

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

WANTED—PACIFIC INDUSTRIAL BUREAU
301 W. First.

Board of Trade Building.

Tel. 1421.

Competent hotel, restaurant and household

ANTED—A GOOD MUSICIAN (LADY OR gentleman,) who can play the organ and plano well, and is a pleasant entertainer with good address, can secure a good home with fair salary the year round. Address, with references, "MUSIC," P. O. box 347, Pasadena, Cal.

Pasadena, Cal.

WANTED - COOKS, WAITERS; HOTEL
waitresses, \$20, city and country; restaurant
waitresses, \$5, \$6, \$7 week; chambermaids,
\$15, \$20; housegirls, \$12, \$15, \$20, \$25, KEANEY'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 115½ N.
Main. Tel. 237.

WANTED-AN EXPERIENCED SILK SALESman; also young man to assist in lace de-partment; none but experienced men need apply. Address P, box 64, TIMES OFFICE. 4 apply. Address P. DOX 64, TIMES OFFICE, 4
WANTED — ORDER MAN, TAILOR, PORter, orange packers, 17 skilled and inexperienced assorted male and female help. EDWARD NITTINGER, 4104 S. Broadway, 4
WANTED—AGENTS: EXPERIENCE NOT
necessary, as you acquire rapidly after once
beginning work. Call after 2 p.m., J. W.
FERGUSON, room 2, 7424 S. Spring st. 6
WANTED—ACCIVICATION.

G. H. EVERETT, 421 S. Spring St.
WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SHORT-ORDER
cook; must come well recommended, and have
\$250. Address LOCK BOX 284, city, 5
WANTED—EXPERIENCED PRINTING SOlicitor; good commission. PACIFIC PRINTING
LNG PLANT "17 New High sk.

WANTED - A JEWELRY SALESMAN: AP-ply forenoon. LISSNER & CO., 235 S.

W ANTED-

WANTED - KING'S DRESSCUTTING AND DRESSMAKING SCHOOL, 229-239 Wilson Block, First and Spring. Unique French tailor system, \$5, and entire art of French tailor system, \$5, and \$6, and \$6,

OFFICE.

WANTED-A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; none but a really competent person need apply; good home for the right person; family of 2. Apply 747 BONNIE BRAE ST.

WANTED-A LADY WITH GOOD BUSINESS

WANTED- 4 SALESLADIES, COMPETENT to handle and sell toys and fancy goods dur-ing the holidays. Address O, box 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED-RELIABLE HELP: EPISCOPAL MISSION, 732 S. Olive st. Industrious women and girls furnished employment free of charge.

WANTED-AN EXPERIENCED NURSE TO care for invalid, \$15 per month. Call bet. 2 and 4 p.m., 136 N. MAIN ST.

WANTED—A SWEDISH GIRL TO DO GEN-eral housework of a small family. Call morn-ings at 140 W. 27TH ST.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of 2. Call bet. 9 and 12 a.m., 1739 IOWA ST.

WANTED—A GIRL 12 TO/15 TO ASSIST IN housework for good home. 1113 LOS ANGE-LES ST.

WANTED-

WANTED-A FIRST-CLASS COOK; WAGES \$25 per month. Call at 940 W. WASHING. TON ST. WANTED-GIRL FOR COOKING AND GEN eral housework. Apply at 130 W, 17TH ST WANTED-GIRL TO ASSIST WITH HOUSE work. 2121 S. LOS ANGELES ST.

WANTED—POSITION BY COACHMAN AND gardener with highest city reference, and first-class in every detail or no pay; will work for nice family for next 4 months at 320 per month. Address 1 week, W. GOR-DON, Station E, city.

WANTED—BY SINGLE GERMAN, SITUA-tion as coachman, stableman, gardener, WANTED—BY SINGLE GERMAN, SITUA-tion as coachman, stableman, gardener, working about private place or orchard; ex-perienced; good references. Address D. V., room 68, COLTON HOUSE, Fourth. 5. WANTED—A POSITION BY A JAPANESE faithful, henest young man; has recom-mendation; do cooking and housework, with washing of any kind. Address O, box 92. TIMES OFFICE.

TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED SITUATION BY A SOBER AND trusty Swedish man with reference, to take care of garden, horses, cow, private place. Address P. box 1. TIMES OFFICE.

5

Address P. box 1. TIMES OFFICE. 5

WANTED — SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced orchardist, one who thoroughly understands pruning, budding and grafting. Address BOX A. Duarte, Cal.

WANTED—POSITION AS GARDENER BY A
middle-aged man, formerly of Green's Park;
best of references. Address P, box 17, TIMES
OFFICE. OFFICE.

WANTED-BY JAPANESE YOUNG MAN, A resition in family as plain cook and house-

position in family as plain cook and house-cone. H., 224 S. MAIN ST. G. WANTED-BY JAPANESE COOK, A FIRST, class family place in city; best reference. J. M., 503 NEW HIGH ST.

WANTED-FINISHING AND PIECE WORK by competent carpenters. Address P, box 2, TIMES OFFICE. WANTED-SITUATION BY JAPANESE FOR cooking and housework. Address T. OTANI, 206 E. Second st. WANTED-SITUATION BY MAN AS COM-petent dishwasher. Address P, box 95, WANTED-SITUATION BY JAPANESE FOR housework or gardener. Address K., 205 E. SECOND ST.

WANTED-SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN IN private family. Address P, box 98, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, situation; good cook and assist washing; good references. Address P, box 3, TIMES OFFICE. OFFICE. 4
WANTED-BY EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKer from Chicago, work by the day; terms
\$1.25. Address O, box 95, TIMES OFFICE, 5 \$1.25. Address O. box \$6. TIMES OFFICE. 6
WANTED— ENGAGEMENTS IN FAMILIES
by first-class dressmaker; references given.
Address O. box \$7. TIMES OFFICE. 9
WANTED— SITUATION BY A COMPETENT
German cook; good worker, city, country.
MISS BERTRAND, 606 S. Spring st. 4
WANTED—SITUATION BY A COMPETENT
girl to do general housework, city or country.
115½ N. MAIN, room 14.
WANTED—MRS. M. E. STAHMER. EXPERIenced nurse; terms reasonable. Apply 121½
S. BROADWAY, room 10.
7
WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL
to do general housework; good references.
Call \$22 S. OLIVE \$7.

WANTED-SITUATIONS BY 2 COMPETENT girls; one as cook and one as second girl 115 E. THIRD ST. WANTED-PLACE TO COOK OR CARE FOR child, or sewing; city references. 115 E. THIRD ST.

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WANTED — DRESSMAKING BY THE DAY;
terms reasonable. 319 N. BROADWAY.

WANTED-

WANTED—PARTY WITH 5000 TO JOIN ADvertiser in establishing a ladies' furnishinggoods store and to take care of the office
work; a certain yearly profit guaranteed. Address 0, box 4, TIMES OFFICE.

dress 0, box 4. TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH A FEW HUNdred dollars cash to open a restaurant, splendid location, in Passadena. Call or address CLARK & MORSE, 74 W. Colorado st. 6

WANTED—A PARTNER: MUST HAVE \$600; big money; Victor Colonization Company. Address P. box 96, TIMES OFFICE. FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN ESTAB-lished business; \$5000; large profits; no com-petition. Address P. O. BOX 728.

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WANTED—PARTNER WITH \$3000 TO \$5000 in hig money-making business. Address P. in big money-making business, box 14, TIMES OFFICE.

real estate man, a good outside rustler, will let a good man in on the ground floor, no capital required, except rustling ability. Additional confidence, P, box 10, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SILK SALESman; also young man to assist in lace department; none but experienced men need partment; none but experienced men need partment; none but experienced men need to such a substitute of the such as the su

ness justified. ZENO R. BROWN, 230 W. First st.

WANTED—A BLOCK OF 15 LOTS, 3300 TO 500, for building; ½ cash, baiance fine fruit land; aiso 100 lots, further out, in exchange for fine fruit land. J. C. OLIVER & CO. 229 W. Second st.

WANTED— BY AN ACTIVE YOUNG MAN. to nurchase ½ interest in a well-established business: have \$10,000 to \$15.000 capital. Address B, box 65, TIMES OFICE.

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WANTED—TO BUY FURNITURE AND anything you have to sell, spot cash. E. A. MILLER & CO., auctioneers, 435 S. Spring, WANTED—TO BUY FURNITURE AND EV.

WANTED—TO BUY FURNITURE AND E everything else; don't sell till you get our fi ures. RED RICE CO., 351 N, MAIN.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE HOUSE MODern, \$6000 to \$10,000: must be bargain. Address P. box 9. TIMES OFFICE. 4
WANTED—TO PURCHASE 10 TO 20 ACRES
for subdivision; price must be very low.
Address P. box 8. TIMES OFFICE. 4
WANTED—AT ONCE, NEW OR SECONDhand assaying outfit. Apply to W. H.
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WANTED—
Rooms
WANTED—BY 2 GENTLEMEN. ADJOINING
sunny rooms with private bath; central location desired. Address 0, box 83, TiMES
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WANTED — TO RENT YOUR COTTAGES and sell your property. Call on R. B. STEPHENS & CO., 125½ W. Third st.
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WANTED—TURNISHED HOUSES, IMMEDIately. Room 217, BYRNE BLDG. WANTED-TO RENT HORSE CORRAL AND hay barn. D. FHEEMAN, 595 S. Spring. 6

WANTED—
Holp Male and Fe male.
WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED OSTRICHfeather curler; also an apprentice. Call at
DESTE DVE WORMS, 790 San Fedro at. WANTED—2 IN FAMILY; WILL GIVE GOOD home to nice boy or young girl. Inquire in STORE. Tenth and Byron.

WANTED—Miscellaneous
WANTED—A PURCHASER FOR CHOICE
residence lot on Angeleno Heights, fox150
feet, east of Echo Park; must be sold; price
\$250. S. K. LINDLEY, 106 S. Broadway,
WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN ATTENDING
Liniversity, place to work for board; has

WANTED-

WANTED-IN PASADENA OR SURROUND-ings, by lady and 2 daughters, aged 18 and 8, board and room in private family. Address P, box 15, TIMES OFFICE. P, box 15, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD IN EXchange for upright piano by young man,
references. Call 427 8. BROADWAY. references. Call 427 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED — RESPECTABLE HOUSES AND hotels with rooms, with or without board. Call at 217 BYRNE BLDG.

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Agents and Solicitors.

ANTED— GOOD AGENTS, GENTLEMEN
r ladies, to sell Christmas books, gems of
rt, albums, juveniles and photogravures;
beral commissions; call for particulars
vednesday and Thugaday, bet. 8 and 10 a.m.
BEHMER, general agent, 239 S. Spring. L. BEHMER, general agent, 239 S. Spring.
WANTED — SOLICITORS, MALE AND FEmale, for sale of real estate; liberal commissions; no expense or capital required,
WASHBURN LAND CO., 118 W. First at. 6 WANTED— LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO canvass, city and country; large commis-sions. O. H. JONES, 320 W. First, L. A. 4

FOR SALE-Geo. E. Pratt. Henry A. Darling DARLING & PRATT,
Investment Brokers,

Rooms 316-317, Bradbury Block, Tel. 1600, Los Angeles, Cal. Real estate.
Mortgage loans.
Insurance.
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REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:
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Los Angeles National Bank.
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Our lists are revised to date and embrace properties in all parts of Southern and Cen tral California.

Choice city and suburban residence properties. High-grade Los Angeles business proper

Fruit and farming lands in large and small acreage. Large bodies of land for syndicates and

Orange and lemon groves in the true citrus egion. Olive, almond and English walnut orchards

Apricot, peach and prune orchards. Alfalfa, grain and pasture lands.

We make a specialty of choice Pas We critically inspect each piece of property before offering for sale. We recommend all property solely according to its merits.

We make a specialty of loaning estate and trust funds and invite attention to our sys-tem of negotiating mortgage loans.

Correspondence solicited from parties who have money to loan, large or small sums, or real estate mortgages. We take charge of property for non-residents and attend to rents and collections. All inquiries will receive prompt and care

DARLING & PRATT, Investment Brokers, Los Angeles, Cal. Bradbury Block, rooms 316-317.

POR SALE-BARGAINS.
LOTS.
\$1400-Main st. bargain, 50x140 to alley,
\$3500-Vermont ave., cor. 28th, 200x150,
\$1500-2 lots Adams at and Clinton ave.,
\$600-Clinton ave., bet. Howland and

\$600-Clinton ave., bet. Howland an Thornton, \$1050-11th st., near Pearl. \$100-Crocker st., near Third. \$2100-3 lots Towne ave., near Fourth. \$2100-3 lots Towne ave., near Fourth. \$550-Sherman st., bet. Sixth and Ocea View ave., east front, 50x150, fine view. \$1300-Alvarado st., Nob Hill tract. \$1100-Eighth st., west Pearl, 60 ft. \$3500-100 feet, cor. Westlake and Sixth. \$3500-N.W. cor. Adams and Hoove 5xx158.

85:00—N.W. cor. Adams and Hoover, 65x198.

\$250—6 lote 28th st., near Vermont ave., streets graded a snap, being \$375 a lot. HOUSES.

\$3500—Ellegant bargain in 7-room residence on choice corner, W. Seventh, 70x125 to alley \$2000—6-room modern cottage, Trenton ave., bet. 11th and Pico etc., \$400—Ellegant bargain in 7-room residence. Alvarado etc., bec. Seventh and Ninch, east front. \$3500—A lovely home in the Harper tract, 10 rooms, stable, lot 75x167, plate glass, polished floors; lovely grounds.

**The best buy on Broadway, north of Seventh st., says terms; also a corner for \$3000, elegant corner on Hill st., close in; will pay 15 per cent to improve in flats.

\$7000—8-acre, bearing lemon orchard in San Gabriel; water right and barn. \$12.000—250 acres fine land in San Fer-

San Gobrie!; water right and barn. \$12,000-200 acres fine land in San Fernando, with \$0 acres in olives. \$6500-4 acres Passadena ave., E. Los Angeles, with \$3000 house of \$7 rooms. \$2500-64\$; acres Pico st., cer. First ave. 1 BRADSHAW BROS. 147 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—CITY LOTS—

\$900—Crescent ave., close to cable and business; excellent for flats or lodging-house.

\$250—Corner, Rosetta tract, Boyle Heights.

\$750—Forester ave., on electric line, Urmton tract. \$550—Bryant ave.; street graded, Urmston

\$550-50x150, Washington st., graded and ewered. \$200-Choice 50-foot lot, Metropolitan tract. 10 lots in Metropolitan tract for exchange. \$500-Nice lot close to electric car line on

tract. \$250-Lot near East Side Park on install-

\$250—Lot near East Side Park on installments.
\$25—Nice lot, Stanton st., McGarry tract, \$450—3-room cottage, 210 Elmira st., near electric car line.
\$1000—4-room cottage, Laurel st. near Pico. \$450—Angeleno Heights; street graded.
\$850—Snap; 65x118. cor. Vermont and Forrester ave.; electric cars branch both ways here; speak quick.
\$2000—Choice corner. 125 feet on Hill, 58 feet on 18th st.; desirable for lodging-house or business; close to 2 car lines.
\$450—Angeleno Heights; streets graded and sewered.
\$2000—55x150, Pico st. near Flower, suitable for flats.
\$350 each, 3 lots, Montgomery tract, near Adams st.
\$1800—Choice corner, N. Main st., for man-Adams st. Adams st. for man-\$1800-Choice corner, N. Main st., for man-strimson BROS., ut S.E. cor. Broadway and Second st.

CONGER'S WILSON TRACT.

Deep 50-tcot lots facing on graveled streets, cement waiks, all streets lined with choice shade trees, located in an orange grove, within 15 minutes' ride on double-track electric car line; lots large; sandy loam; building clause on front half of tract; city water. I ask you to call and look at these lots before buying. I can show you a fine locality for homse at one-fourth the price of lots, if you measure distance by the facilities of reaching them, that you will pay in other parts of the city; an examination will cost you nothing. I will build you a house and you can pay for your home on the installment plan. For more particulars call at 123 B. Broadway, or my residence on the tract. Take Central-ave. electric cars. corner Becond and Spring. H. M. CONGER.

FOR SALE—CHEAF LOTS—
\$1350—Business lot, E. Pifth st. \$1300—Fine lot, Maple ave. near Tenth. \$500—Santee near Highth. \$500—Orchard ave-near Harper tract. \$850—W. Pico near Vernon. \$355—Urmston tract. \$850—W. Pico near Vernon. \$355—Woodlawn tract. 36th near Main. \$750—S7th st., close to electric cars. \$750—Girard mear Vernon. \$350—Woodlawn tract. 36th near Main. \$750—W. 24th near Union. Washington. \$1500 for 2 large corner lots Monreal and Boston. G. C. EDWARDS. FOR SALE-FOR DESIRABLE HOMES-

FOR SALE-425 CASH BAL MONTHLY:
Contral ave. lots 50x150; shade trees, cament walks; water piped; \$250 to \$450. WM.
MEAD, 118 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE-5 CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS and 5 elegant homes, for sale at a bargain; cult to see me bout them. GEO. M. DANS-KIM, 350 E. Recattray.

FOR SALE—

WILDE & STRONG—

#440 spiece for choice lots on Basion st., bet.
Central ave. and Kohler; easy terms.

#2000—Large fot on Los Angeles st.

#2000—Large fot on Los Angeles st.

#2000—2 large fot on Los Mod Hill; choicest
building site in city.

#2000—2 high ground; fine view.

#2000—2 business lots on Fifth st., 55 feet
front; a good buy.

Don't forget that we have choice lots in all
parts of the city.

#2000—2 business lots on Fifth st., 55 feet
front; a good buy.

Beal Estate Agents and Auctioneers.

#228 W. Fourth st., Cham. Com. Bidg.

R SALE-LOTS IN THE FLORIDA TRACT on Salas—botts in this country of the city, etc. Bight and Ninth sts., within waiking channels business; prices reasonable; the class of residences that are going up to be class of residences that are going up reperty so closs ures a good neighborhood; property so closs ures a good neighborhood; property so closs to the center of a growing city is sure to be to the center of a growing city is sure to be safe and profitable investment. For map and prices call on STIMSON BROS., and prices call on STIMSON BROS. S.B. cor. Broadway and Second.

AFOR SALE—GRIDER & DOW'S
—CLANTON TRACT.—

57 harge residence lots, fronting Fourteenth and San Pedro sts., within 10 minutes' walk of the poetoffine, and adjoining
the Chiba tract, where 17 years ago lots
sold at \$400; two electric roads; graded and
graveled streets, wide cement walks and
whade trees planted; special inducements to
those who will build at once; lots \$550 and
up, on easy terms. Free carriage to tract,
Telephone 1299. GRIDER & DOW, 139 S.
Broadway.

FOR SALE—WOLFSKILL ORCHARD TRACT lot 54x10 on Gladys ave. near Seventh, with 3-room house, \$1150: only \$400 down; a snap. NEWKIRK & WORDEN, sole agents, \$28 S.

RENTS \$5000 PER ANNUM.

outheast corner of Hope and Eighth sts., Angeles; lot 130x170; new improvements. ly to W. DEAKIN, 8 New Montgomery

Apply to W. DEAKIN. o AND St., San Francisco.

FOR SALE — ON A 60-FOOT LOT. GOOD depth, on graded street, sewered and house connected; gas and fixtures; hot and cold water; barn and lawn, fruits and flowers; it is north of Adams near Grand ave; house nicely decorated and very cheap at \$3000, but \$2100. ½ cash, will secure it. D. A. MEEKINS, 315 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—FOR SUBDIVISION, A TRACT of 29 acres on extension of Los Angeles Traction Company's electric line; also a lot and 9-room house; a number of lots on Bellevue ave. eléctric line to be sold on installments; liberal terms to buyers who will build. O. A. IVERS, owner, 228 S. Broadway. FOR SALE—\$2000; 90 FEET ON ADAMS St., by 150 feet on Maple ave.; this choice corner will be offered at this very low price for a short time; we know of no better purchase in Los Angeles. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Scond. 10 FOR SALE — PRICES \$500 TO \$500; BUY and build in Woodlawn; first go out and see the class of improvements, all within the last 2 years. For further information call on THOS. M'D. POTTER, owner, 3500 S. Main st.

on THOS. M'D. POTTER, owner, sow as Main st.

FOR SALE-BEAUTIFUL TRACT. SOUTHwest, for subdivision: high and level; cheap; only principals answer: electric cars; on main thoroughfare. Address O, box 99, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE-RANCHES—
\$4500—40 acres choice land south of city.
\$500—40 acres choice land south of city.
\$200—16 acres near Vernca-st. car line.
ALLISON BARLOW. 123 S. Broadway.

ALLISON BARLOW, 123 S. Broadway,
FOR SALE—4250 WILL PAY POR A PROSpective business lot on Angeleno Heights,
65200 feet, fronting electric ar line; 10
minutes from Spring st. S. K. LINDLEY,
106 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE—SOTO AND MATHEWS STS.,
lots at half price; electric road assured on
Fourth st.; now is the time to buy and get
benefit of raise. OWNER, 234 W. First st. 5
FOR SALE—CITY LOTS AND LANDS,
acreage for subdivision; some fine lots in
the southwest; call and see our list. R. B.
STEPHENS & CO., 125½ W. Third st. 4
FOR SALE—SEE ME IF YOU WANT THE

STEPHENS & CO., 1254 W. Third st. 4
FOR SALE — SEE ME IF YOU WANT THE
best lots in the city; I have a beauty to
offer you if you want something good. E.
A. MILLER, 237 W. First st.
FOR SALE—6 LOTS 40x140 EACH. WITHIN
10 minutes' walk of Santa Fe Depot; the
whole 6 lots only 3150 cash. J. M. TAYLOR & CO., 192 Broadway.
FOR SALE — \$1009. \$175 CASH. BALANCE
long time, 62 feet on Sixth, Wolfskill tract;
must be sold. ERNST & CO., 128 S. Broadway.

must be soid. ERNST & CO., 128 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN FOR PARTY BUILDing at once; choice lot; large trees; street cars. NILES, Washington and Maple eve.

FOR SALE—\$300: ON INSTALLMENTS, good lots, west, on new electric line; \$10 monthly. C. M. WELLS, 40! Stimson Bidg. 4

FOR SALE—LOTS \$150 TO \$300, M'GARRY tract, Ninth st., near Central ave.; monthly payments \$7.50. OWNER, 1007 S. Main.

FOR SALE—FINE CORNER LOT ON WASHINGTON \$100: this is a good bargain. L. H. MITCHEL, 136 Broadway.

H. MITCHEL, 136 Broadway.

FOR SALE — A VERY FINE LOT ON ORCHARD ave near Adams, \$850. L. H. MITCHEL, 136 Broadway.

FOR SALE—LARGE CORNER ON ORANGE, best location, \$2000. L. H. MITCHEL, 136 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A 50-FOOT LOT ON BONSALLO for \$1000. L. H. MITCHEL, 138 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE NEW '96 MODEL 'ROYAL' bicycle is a beauty. 111 N. SPRING.

Country Property.

FOR SALE—There is more money made in raising alfalfa, cows and hogs now than anything in California.

10 acres, 8½ to soft shell bearing walnuts for \$20 per acre, \$1200 cash, balance 3 years at 10 per cent.

20 acres \$1½ miles from Downey; a ngw 5-room house, barn, crib and stable, fine artesian well at the door and fine water-right; on public road, ½ mile from our postoffice; \$2000.

20 acres, 2½ miles from Downey; 15 acres fine silfalfa; some fruits; \$1800.

10 acres, 2½ miles from Downey; 15 acres fine silfalfa; 4 was in corn, ½ acre to variety find chicken-house; 2 good work horses, wagon, 1 set double harness; 1 milch cow; 100 centals corn, \$2 good plows, 2 cultivators, mowing machine and hay rake; 10 tons alfalfa and 50 chickens; \$3750.

15 acres, 1 mile from Downey; public road; 15 acres as fine sandy loam as there is in the county; 2 or 3 acres to apples, peaches, pears, apricots and walnuts, all in bearing; 4½ acres in alfalfa; 7 acres was in barley, and now in corn and sweet potatoes; 6-room house, barn, crib and stable; fine water-right and well at the door; owner was a harley, and now in corn and sweet potatoes; 6-room house, barn, crib and stable; fine water-right in the State can say as much.

The lands of this valley are not incumbered by school or irrigation bonds. All the water companies have money in their treasuries. We own orbins of the companies have money in their treasuries. We own orbins of the companies have money in their treasuries. We have a fine the State can say as much.

Downey is 12 miles southeast of Los Angeles, with 1200 inhabitants; 3 larges schools and delightful climate cannot be found anywhere; 12 miles from the ocean breeze of Long Beach. We have the richest and most productive valley in the State for raising any and everything, and if you want a ranch that you can make money on, get you a good alfalfa ranch near Downey, where you can raise walnuts, oranges, lemons, apples, peaches, pears, prunes, cherical and walley where 100 miners' inches of water cost \$2000 cont of th

FOR SALE—
Chino Valley fruit, alfalfa and sugar-beet land, \$30 to \$50 per acre, with water; near 2 railroads and the largest beet-sugar factory in the United States; easy terms to actual settlers; special inducements to large colonies.

C. W. MAXSON.
1334 S. Spring.

FOR SALE—44750 BUYS 10 ACRES OF OR-anges on the beautiful Magnolia ave., River-side: 500 bearing orange trees; 800 trees go-ing 3 years old; modern 7-room house; place worth \$200; a rare opperunity to secure an orange orchard. WILDE & STRONG, 228 W. Fourth st., Chamber of Commerce Bidg.

FOR SALE-LAND SALESTIMSON BROS.
S.E. cor. Broadway and Second st.
1300-29 scres. S½ lot 4i, Lankershim ranch;
good level land.
1390-40 acres. lot 36, Lankershim ranch;
good fruit land.
1750-10 acres good sandy loam, corn land,
3 miles east of Redondo.
1100-29 acres. 38 lot 9, McDonald ranch;

4750-10 acres good sansy loam, miles east of Redondo, 31200-30 acres, 83% lot 9, McDonald ranch; rood fruit and corn land, 42400-40 acres, lot 9, McDonald ranch, on Redondo Rallway near station.
4500-10 acres; large gum trees; the wood will soon pay for the land.
45120-30 acres good corn land near Clear state of the state of the water.

State of the s

address E. B. CUSHMAN agent Alamitos Land Co., 306 W. First st., Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—GRIDER & DOW'S
GREVEY TRACT.
Orange and Lemon Land.

400 acres of the best orange and lemon land in Southern Californis; surrounded by lemon and orange groves; sheltered by foothills; no frost, fog or cold wind; semi-tropical fruit and flowers thrive all winter; spring, water piped to each lot and deeded with the land; grand view of Pasadena and the whole San Gabriel Valley; near schools, churches and railway; only a short drive from Los Angeles; the nearness to business center makes this property desirable for suburban residence, and its value will increase rapidly. Mr. Hellman of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank has bough 30 acres in this tract, and now makes it his home. See this property and be convinced that we have better land at lower prices and on more favorable terms than any in the market. For maps, views, prices and terms write or call. Free carriage to the tract.

GRIDER & DOW,

5 ISS Broadway.

FOR SALE

South of Woodlawn,
The residence tract,
20 acres to be sold, and \$20,000 to be made
by reading Sunday's Times.
THOS. Mol. POTTER, owner, 3500 S. Main.

THOS. McD. POTTER, owner, 3500 S. Main.

FOR SALE—1800 ACRES GOOD FRUIT AND bean land in Ventura county: this tract as a whole for fill per acre; also 1800 acres land in Florida for sale or exchange. Address JEAN M. VALLETTE, Pasadena, or T. MARTIN, 422 Byrne Bidg., cor. Broadway and Third, Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—15 ACRES THAT IS 20 MIN-tutes to center of city on good electric line, that will subdivide nicely, and I can sell it to you so you can see 50 per cent. in it; party wanting to go East. D. A. MEEKINS, 315 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—100 ACRES GOOD ALFALFA land with water at Workman Station, near Downey, all feared; good house and tharns; petter LAMB acres on 38, Baker Block, (Balfour, Guthrie & Co.)

FOR SALE—JURUPA RANCHO; CORN, AL-FOR SALE—JURU

FOIR LAMB, FOUN 98, BASET BIOCK, GAI-FOR SALE-JURUPA RANCHO; CORN, AL-falfa and sugar-beet land, \$40 per acre; de-ciduous and citrus fruit land, \$40 per acre and up; 1000 acres plowed for renting. I. D. & C. W. ROGERS, 406 Stimson Block.

FOR SALE — CHEAP: NICE HOME AND 21 acres, 8 miles from city; small orchard, good house, barn, artesian well, well im-proved, for potacles. Inquire of E. J. ROCHE, 703 Upper Main st. FOR SALE—BY OWNER, 11-ACRE ORANGE and lemon ranch bet. Pasadena and Alhambra, beginning to bear; water deeded with land; \$500 per acre. Address M., TIMES OFFICE, Pasadena. FOR SALE—\$600; 3 ACRES WITH WATER: also 2½ acres, \$500; both these pieces are choice land and close to the city. POIN-DEXTER & WADSWORTH, 306 W. Sec-

FOR SALE-WISEMAN'S LAND BUREAU oldest in Southern California, for school and government lands; don't delay; send for cir-culars. 221 W. FIRST. 8 FOR SALE — OR EXCHANGE; 80 ACRES land; 20 improved. Address A. G. PIER, Grapeland, San Bernardino, Cal.

FOR SALE-\$1650; 18 ACRES, ARTESIAN belt near Norwalk: improvements. C. OR SALE-CHEAPEST TO BE FOUND FOR

FOR SALE-WE SELL THE BARTH. BAS-SETT & SMITH. Pomona, Cal.

FOR SALE—

JOHNSON & KEENEY CO.,

(Incorporated.)

Are building come beautiful homes, cottages and mansions. The second control of the city. They are not for sale, hence do not wait to see them finished expecting to buy. We are building them to order, which we might as well be doing for you. It doesn't cost any more to have just what you want. We save you money and all trouble; furnish plans, lot and house, and will lend you money on it at 8 per cent. We accept monthly payments. In fact, we are the ploneer monthly-payment builders in this city; long experience.

---REMEMBER THIS!-If you own a lot and want a house built on it without any cash payment down, come and see us.

JOHNSON & KEENEY CO., 104 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—GRIDER, & DOW'S

ADAMS-ST. TRACT.

THE TRACT OF HOMES—
100 choice residence lots unsold are now offered at \$300 to \$1000 on easy payments; \$000 lots have been sold and over 250 homes built in the past 18 months; a school building, to cost over \$17,000, and a fine church, are now in course of construction on this property; 5 miles of streets graded, curbed and sidewalked, and lined with 2000 lovely shade and palm trees; city water; electric lights; modern streets cars with 10-minute service; only 12 minutes ride from business center; four 80-toot streets and one 100-foot street; lots 50x150 and and on mud. Don't buty for a more nor for an investment until you service only 12 minutes. Tract." Free carriage from our office; telephone 1299.

The street of the street of the street call on or write to GRIDER & DOW, 139 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—BY WILDE & STRONG—
\$2300—6-room modern cottage on Crocker st.; \$1000 down's a beautiful home, good location; \$1000 down's a beautiful home, good location; \$1000 down's a beautiful some, good location; \$1000 down's a beautif

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE OF 5 ROOMS, screen porch, chicken yard, fruit, flowers and lawn; lot. \$2,200; near car line; price \$1800. N. C. FULLER, Pico Heights, end of Telephone st.

of Telephone St.

FOR SALE-I HAVE SEVERAL BRAUTIFUL.
homes for sale; everything new and clean;
large lots; see me if you want something
good, E. A. MILLER, 257 W. First st.

FOR SALE-

FOR SALE—House

FOR SALE—VILLA HOME, WITHIN 15 MINutes' ride of Los Angeles; ornamentally set
in groves of pine, crypress and a choice
of the hight; drives lined with palms and
peppers; elevation from 30 to 90 feet above
the village, giving a magnificent view of
mountain, valley, city (Los Angeles) and
ocean; close to depot (1000 feet; best train
service into and out of Los Angeles). The
proximity to ocean, 5 miles, gives a delightful summer temperature, and, being on the
low foothills, tomatoes and delicate plants
are not killed by frost in winter. Convenient
to good school and church privileges. Orchard of lemons, apples and figs. The trees
are symmetrical and uniform in size, having
received over 4 years' careful attention, and
are in full bearing; water piped through the
orchard so that 50 feet of hose reaches every
tree. For a gentleman's villa home, combining pure air, comfort aummer and winter, and convenience to city by rapid transit,
there is no rival. Price and terms of the
OWNER, room 214, Currier Block, Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—7-ROOM NEW COTTAGE, FIN. ished in pine; a beauty; hall, bath, mantel all modern conveniences; \$40 per month; cash payment down; no better buy offered in city; first-class location, southwest. See J. M. TAYLOR & CO., 102 Broadway.

FOR SALE—NICE 5-ROOM HOUSE, GLADYS ave.; lot 25x155; only \$1500; small payment down, balance monthly.

1-room house, Park Grove ave., newly built, all conveniences; lot 50x135; \$3400—½ cash.

Fine 8-room house and barn, all improvements; lot 50x118; 23d near Hoover st.; price \$4000.

4000.
Also many others in all sections.
Call and see our list.
R. B. STEPHENS & CO.,
125½ W. Third st

4
FOR SALE—HOUSES—
\$2500—New dwelling, \$10 W. Beacon st. \$4500—Noted and furniture, \$12 rooms. \$1000—S-room house, \$14 Fasafean ave. \$2300—S-room house, \$14 Fasafean ave. \$1200—S-room house, \$24 Fasafean ave. \$1000—S-room house, \$24 Fasafean ave. \$1000—S-room house, \$24 Victoria st. \$1000—S-room cottage.

Houses on the installment plan, all price \$400—Lot on Workman st. \$1500—Lot on Washington st. ALLISON BARLOW, \$13 S. Broadway.

ALLISON BARLOW, 123 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — THAT 3-ROOM COTTAGE, 1296
Orange st.; beautifully finished inside, plate
and art glass; all the conveniences; nothing commonplace; a model house, quite original; shade trees, plants and flowers; fish
pond, fernery, etc.; location the best; splendid improvements all around.

FOR SALE — LODGING-HOUSE, 30 ROOMS,
completely furnished; centrally located on
Spring st.; steadily occupied by good, reliable tepants and office men; price \$2500; will
sell or exchange for grocery store of \$1500
and \$1000 cash. Address N, box 70, TIMES
OFFICE.

OFFICE.

FOR SALE—THIS WILL BEAR INVESTIGAtion; a 12-room house, new and modern, on
corner lot, 65x150, on Adams st.; this beautiful house will be sold on good terms. P. L.
SHIDELER, 225 W. Second st.

It in nouse will be sold on good terms. P. L. SHIDBLER, 225 W. Second st. 4
FOR SALE—A PRETTY 5-ROOM COTTAGE, hard finished, bath, patent water-closet, sewer connection, garden and trees, lawn, cement walks and sidewalks; everything new and clean; a bargain. Apply on PREMISES, 1953 S. Los Angeles st.
FOR SALE—A 6-ROOM COTTAGE; LARGE choice lot, near car line. Bast Los Angeles; \$400 cash, balance monthly payments; good bargain; come and see me. GEO. M. DANSKIN, 330 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE—1759; FIGUEROA ST., NEAR Adama, 12-room modern house, well-built, handsomely finished; lot 60x190, well improved; terms easy, 15 CALIFORNIA BANK BLOCK. Agents may sell. 14
FOR SALE—DO YOU KNOW A GOOD THING

FOR SALE—DO YOU KNOW A GOOD THING when you see it? Six rooms and bath; fine large barn, lawn, flowers; streets graded, sewer, etc.; on Washington and Union ave.; \$3000. Inquire 112 W. 18TH ST.

\$3000. Inquire 112 W. 18TH ST.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE; \$3000; A SNAP;
modern cottage of 7 large rooms, desirably
located in Los Angeles; want a grocery stock
of \$1500, \$500 cash, balance time. Address
N. box 70. TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER, 10-ROOM HOUSE
with barn; improved grounds; Grand ave.
near Adams; reasonable terms. Apply 10-C
WILSON BLOCK, First and Spring. 4 FOR SALE-1033 INGRAHAM ST., 9-ROOM house and bath, gas and sewer, partly fur-nished; bargain. Get keys of owner, F. W. KING, 164 N. Los Angeles st.

KING, 164 N. Los Angeles at.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN; 5-ROOM HOUSE, hard finished, 3750. Inquire of owner, W. T. SHERMAN, Pico Heights, D. st. Also 2 lots on Fourth st. Boyle Heights.

FOR SALE—A FINE, WELL-BUILT HOUSE of 9 rooms; large closets and pantry; nice large lot on S. Olive. Address N, box 66, TIMES OFFICE. FOR SALE — HOUSES ON INSTALLMENT plan; small payment down; call and investi-gate. R. B. STEPHENS & CO., 125% W. Third st.

Third st. 10
FOR SALE—A 6-ROOM NEW HOUSE, BET
Eighth and Ninth sts., on easy installments
RALPH ROGERS & CO., 330 Broadway. 5 FOR SALE-6-ROOM HOUSE ON 21ST ST. near Figueroa; lot 60x110; price \$2000; terms easy. Address P, box 7, TIMES OFFICE. easy. Address P, box 7, TIMES OFFICE. 4
FOR SALE—5-ROM COTTAGE. GOOD LOcation; small payment down, balance monthly. L. H. MITCHEL, 136 Broadway. 4
FOR SALE — A GOOD 4-ROOM COTTAGE.
large lot. 18 Stanton st., off Ninth, east of
Central ave. Inquire on PREMISES. 8
FOR SALE—4800; A NEAT COTTAGE ON INstallments or for cash; improved lot; electric
cars. O. H. JONES, \$20 W. First.
FR SALE—NEW, 6-ROOM HOUSE, MODERN
improvements, \$800 cash, bal. \$15 per month,

improvements, \$800 cash, bal. \$15 per month, with interest. 136 S. MAIN ST. FOR SALE—A 7-ROOM HOUSE: \$400 CASH, balance monthly payments. OWNER, room 214, Currier Block.

FOR EXCHANGE

FOR EXCHANGE—12 CHOICE RESIDENCE lots in this city, but 10 minutes' ride from Second and Spring sis.; to exchange for Chi-cago or Cleveland property; these lots are on a car line and are all right. WALTER E. BROWN, 205 W. Third st.

FOR EXCHANGE—A GOOD-PAYING LODG-ing-house, close in. on Hill st.; to exchange for property. WALTER E. BROWN, 205 W. Third st.

FOR EXCHANGE—NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGE well located on Boyle Heights, \$2200; mortages \$1200; will sell on installments or exchange equity for vacant lots or country property. POINDEXTER & WADS-WORTH, 305 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE—ONE OF FINEST AND best-paying business blocks in Minneapolis for residence and ranch close in to Los Angeles or Pasadena; sickness compels the change at once. T. W. NEWLAN, 27 S. 13th st., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR EXCHANGE—\$3000; HOUSE 7 ROOMS, new barn, large lot; choice central location, in Pasadena, for lot or lots, southwest portion Los Angeles and some cash, WALLACE BROS., Pasadena.

BROS. Pasadena. 66
FOR EXCHANGE—FOR UNINCUMBERED orange ranch near Los Angeles, 9 lots in College Park Land Co., an addition to Des Moines, lowa; value of lot \$5000. Address L. TREPANIER. Des Moines, lowa. 10
FOR EXCHANGE—\$5000: BQUITY IN EXcellent city property for clear improved ranch near Ontario. Old Cucamonga or lowa Colony. C. M. WELLS, 401 Stimson Bidg. 4 STRAYED-TO OUR PLACE, ONE LARGE chestnut horse; light mane, shod. NILES & CO., Washington and Trinity. LOST - ENVELOPE CONTAINING DEEDS in favor of F. Brodersen. Reward at 212 STIMSON BLOCK.

Colony. C. M. WELLS, 401 Stimson Bidg. 4

FOR EXCHANGE — SEVERAL GOOD
farms in Northwestern States, all clear,
for California property: will assume on
good property. 305 W. SECOND. 5

FOR EXCHANGE—GOOD HOUSES ON N.
Main south of river; will take street bonds
or good lots. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 305 W. Second.

FOR EXCHANGE — GOOD LOS ANGELES
property for Eastern; Chicago, Milwaukee or
Detroit preferred. R. B. STEPHENS & CO.,
12516 W. Third st. FOR EXCHANGE—INCOME EASTERN FOR California, city for country and sifalfa land. MORRIS & LEE, 328 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE -20 OR 40 ACRES NEAR Redondo. E. K. ALEXANDER, 145 S. Broad-way.

FOR EXCHANGE - INCOME PHILADEL-phia property. R. D. LIST, 123% W. Second.

COR SALE-

OR SALE-50 OR 100 FEET ON THE WEST aide of Spring, bet. Sixth and Eighth, \$350 front for Tront foot.

25. feet on west side of Broadway near Fifth, \$500 from foot, and other good business buys.

Well-rented flats near Second and west of Broadway that are paying 15 per cent. on price asked, \$10,000.

A modern 8-room house, southwest; everything complete and convenient to car line, near 25d and Union, \$5250.

12 lots, southwest, all together and in fine location, and near car line; \$2500 for them all; a snap.

FOR SALE-BRICK BLOCK ON THIRD ST.; cost \$16,000; price \$4500; also house, price \$2500. FORBES & HELLAR, 224 W. First st.

FOR SALE FOR SALE — 1000: THE BEST 15-ROOM lodging-house in the city for the money; fresh and clean. J. C. OLIVER & CO., 229 W. Second st.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE OF 10-room lodging-house, close in, very cheap. R. B. STEPHENS & CO., 125½ W. Third. 4

FOR SALE — 1800; 74-ROOM LODGING-house in first-class location. ALLISON BARLOW, 123 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — A WELL-FURNISHED LODG.

DARLOW, 123 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE — A WELL-FURNISHED LODGing-house of 16 rooms. Inquire at CENTRAL-AVE. VILLA.
FOR SALE—LODGING-HOUSE; GOOD-PAYing business; satisfactory reasons for selling.
2124 E. SEOOND.

FOR SALE — ROOMING-HOUSE, 7 ROOMS 115 W. SIXTH ST.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—AUCTION, 435 S. SPRING ST., at 2:30 p.m., Wednesday, Dec. 4, 1895. We will sell at auction the entire contents of a nice little restaurant, which we have moved to our store, consisting of tables, chairs, showcases, counters, table linen, napkins, dishes, knives, forks, spoons, cooking utensis, fine gas range; also a lot of our own goods, including second-hand furniture, lace curtains, window shades, chamber sets, carpets, art squares. Japanese rugs and matter of the second comporters, pillows and evithing needs, comforters, pillows and evithing needs to housekeeping; ladies especially invited; the housekeeping; ladies especially invited; beforedsay, Dec. 4, at 2:30 p.m., 435 S. Spring st. E. A. MILLER & CO., auctioneers.

FOR SALE — NEW AND SECOND-HAND planes on easy terms; largest renting stock in the city; tuning and repairing promptly attended to by competent workmen. KOH-LER & CHASE, 23 S. Spring st.

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FOR SALE — OR TRADE: STATE OF CALifornia to manufacture valuable invention;
money in it. Address MANUFACTURE,
station D. city.

\$1000 TO PUT INTO ANY LEGITIMATE,
dividend-paying business as partner; the
business must stand investigation. Apply 208
BYRNE BLDG.

OFFICE. 5
FOR SALE — WE HAVE SOME CHOICE mortgages on gilt-edged property for sale. DENVER BUILDING CO., 107 S. Broadway.

DENVER BUILDING CO., 107 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE—CHEAP, A 2-TON COLD.STORage plant, used 6 weeks, with cool room 16x
40 feet. Address E, box 46. TIMES OFFICE.
FOR SALE—CIGAR, CANDY AND DRINK
stand: living-room: reason for selling, poor
health. linguire 136 E. SECOND ST. 4
FOR SALE—A HOME BAKERY AND DELIcacy store: living-rooms back of store. Inquire at 226 E. SEVENTH ST.
FOR SALE—BACKERY AND EASTCONTROL OF STORE AT INVOICE. FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE AT INVOICE, centrally located; long lease, low rent. Inquire at 120 N. BROADWAY. FOR SALE — BEST-PAYING CASH BUSI-ness on S. Spring st.; price \$1500. Address N, box 17. TIMES OFFICE. 4 FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE, FIFTH AND
Maple ave. Apply to CRAIG, STUART &
CO., 112 S. Los Angeles st.

FOR SALE-PICTURE FRAME BUSINESS: fine stock mouldings, pictures and tools; low price. 610 S. SPRING ST. price. 60.8. SPRING ST.

4
FOR SALE—THE BEST MEAT MARKET IN
the southwest part of the city. Address O,
box 88, TIMES OFFICE.
FOR SALE—4450: BAKERY AND CONFECtionery, clearing \$100 monthly. ERNST &
CO., 128 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE ON SPRING 5t.: small stock; cheap rent. Address P. box 5. TIMES OFFICE. TOU MAKE THE DEALER'S PROFIT IN buying a '96 "Royal" wheel today. 111 N. SPRING. TO LET-DESK AND OFFICE ROOM FOR real estate or attorney. Apply 298 BYRNE BLDG.

BLDG.

WANTED — AT ONCE, BIDS ON STREET work, S. K. LINDLEY, 196 S. Broadway, 4
SHOULD YOU WISH TO SELL OUT, SEE
1. D. BARNARD, 117½ S. Broadway, 4
FOR SALE—CORNER GROCERY, 469 TURNER ST.

DENTISTS-

And Dental Rooms.

ADAMS BROS. DENTAL PARLORS, 239/8 S. Spring st. Filling, ii. plates, 35, 35, 310; all work guaranteed; established 10 years; office hours, 8 to 5, Sundays 10 to 12.

DR. TOLHURST, DENTIST, FRED BYRNE Bidg., cor. Third and Broadway, room 230. DR. C. H. PARKER, ROOM 24, MUSKEGON Block, 307 S. Broadway, Los Angeles. DR. C. V. BALDWIN, DENTIST, ROOMS 1 and 2, 1254, S. SPRING ST.

CHIROPODISTS-

MISS VACY STEER CURES DANDRUFF; hair invigorated; corns and bunions removed without paip. 107% S. BROADWAY. GOLD AND SILVER REFINERS-

WM. T. SMITH & CO., GOLD AND SILVER refiners and assayers. Highest cash price for old gold and silver, placer and resort gold, erres, etc. 128 N. MAIN ST., room 10.

Carpets and Draperies.

Good lace curtains, 60c a pair; fine Irish point lace curtains, 83.9 a pair; excellent quality portieres, \$3 a pair; Smyrna rugs, 75c; Angora rugs, 32; ingrain carpet, 30c per yard; tapestry brussels carpet, 50c per yard; stair carpet, 20c per yard; moquette carpet, 11 per yard. C. A. Judd, No. 405 South Broadway.

DERSONAL-

PERSONAL—RED RICE'S.
Those fine extension table Those fine extension tables that we have been telling you about are in evidence. Come and see them. It will do your eyes good after you have looked at them and found out how chest we sell them, then go price similar tables at other places.

Don't forget that we are selling iron and brass bedsteads cheaper than you ever saw such goods offered before in this market. Will you further take notice that those fine quartered-oak cobbler-seat dining chairs that we got so cheap cannot be duplicated at the price we sell them at in any city in America. That's the way business is transacted by the

Furniture is selling cheap at this place nowadays. Good goods cheap for cash is what is moving the trade up this way. We are now furnishing. S houses from top to bottom in different parts of the city, all for close buyers. Reader, we will sell you anything you want in household goods, and don't, please don't, forget that you are just about one-quarter by frading with the RED RICE FURNITURE CO. 251-353 N. Main st. Come and see us and we will make you gigt.

PERSONAL — PRESH ROASTED COFFEE, Mocha and Java, Sec; Raiston Cereai Coffee, 16c; 5 lbs. good Tea, 31; 8 lbs. rolled Wheat, 25c; 5 lbs. best Rice, 25c; 6 lbs. Eastern Buckwheat, 25c; can Maple Syrup, 25c; can Caoca, 15c; 3 cans Baked Beans, 25c; 3 cans Saimon, 25c; can Gorn Beef, 10c; 11 lbs. Beans, 25c; 4 lbs. Prunes, 25c; 8 lbs. Raisins, 25c; 4 lbs. Peaches, 25c; 36 bars Soap, 4; Pork, 8c; Hacon, 10c; pure Margarine, a substitute for butter, 30c a roll. ECONOMIC STORE, 408 S. Broadway.

butter, 30c a roll. BUONOMIC STORE, The STORE ST

FERSONAL—YOU ARE NOT OBLISED TO wait for the particular tide which alone is supposed to lead to fortune. Buy your harness and horse clothing at the U. S. Harness Store. Good bergeline til put money in the purse. 190 N. MAIN ST. under U. S. Hotel. ERSONAL—DO YOU WANT MONEY FOR Christmas? Bring your old gold and silver that is out of style to us and get highest cash price for it. WM. T. SMITH & CO., of-fice room 9, 128 N. Main st.

cash price for it. WM. T. SMITH & CO., office room 9, 128 N. Main st.

PERSONAL—ADAMS & BOWEN, KARPENferz; door and window-screens, store fitting,
house repairing, building and altering; froning boards, 35c. 742 S. MAIN. Tel. 963.

Residence 'phone, blue 581.

PERSONAL — MRS. PARKER, PALMIST,
Hie reading, business, removals, lawsuits,
mineral locations, all affairs of life. Take
Traction car to Vine st., second house west
of Vermont are.

PERSONAL — BACTERIA MEDICAL Dispenser; 114 S. Spring st., Dr. A. J. Gispenser; 114 S. Spring st., Dr. A. J. Glepenser; 115 S. Spring st., Dr. A. J. Glepenser; 116 S. Spring st., Dr. A. J. Glepenser; 116 S. Spring st., Dr. A. J. Glepenser; 118 S. Spring st., Dr. A. J. Gle
PERSONAL—GAN VOI AFFOR TO., Dr. A. J. Glenew houses and stores a specialty. Leave orders with G. ANDERSON, 545 S. Olive. 5
PERSONAL—CAN YOU AFFORD TO PAY your tallor 35 for a suit when we sell you the same thing for \$157 MISFIT CLOTHING PARLORS, 124 W. Birst st., near Spring.
PERSONAL—MERCHANT TAILOR MISFITS and uncalled-for clothing at less than half your tailor's prices at MISFIT CLOTHING PARLORS, 124 W. First st., near Spring.
PERSONAL—SERTHA. ADDRESS THE gentleman you corresponded with at Catalina last August. P. O. BOX 1028, Riverside, Cal.
PERSONAL—SERTHA. MISFIT CLOTHING PARLORS, 124 W. First st., near Spring.
PERSONAL—LADIES' MISFIT STORE, 646 S. Spring, Highest cash price paid for ladies' second-hand clothing; send postal.
LOST—IF THE SILVER MATCHBOX INSTIDED IN MISFIT CLOTHER STORE IN MISFIT STORE, 646 S. Spring. Highest cash price paid for ladies' second-hand clothing; send postal.
LOST—IF THE SILVER MATCHBOX INSTIDED IN M. G. Is left at the TIMES OFFICE, the finder will receive 31.

FICE, the finder will receive \$1.

FERSONAL—FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING,
cor. NINTH and GRAND AVE. Dresses \$4

up; fit guaranteed.

PERSONAL—STEAM CARPET CLEANING
RICHARDS, 120 N. Spring. Tel. 1343, 4

PERSONAL—MRS. L. LENZBERG, LIPEreading; 9 to 5. Cor., 751 E. NINTH.

IVE STOCK FOR SALE-

JOHN M'PHERSON.

FOR SALE—JUST RECEIVED AT CALIFORnia Stock Yards, No. 242 S. Los Angeles st.,
the finest carload of draft, driving and allpurpose horses ever brought to the city, and
you know who you are dealing with when
you hear the name of ALLEN & DEZELL. you hear the name of ALLEN & DEZELL.
FOR SALE — 45 HEAD HORSES, JUST IN
from the North; good drivers and family
horses; also good draft and ranch horses;
don't forget V. V. Cochran's guarantee.
CITIZENS STOCK YARD, 317 E. Second st.
FOR SALE — 10 HEAD CITY BROKE
driving horses; 50 head well broke mules,
weighing 1100 to 1500 ba. acts; 50 head good
work horses from 1100 to 1600 ba.
Call or address 1925 SAN PEDRO ST.
Call or address 1925 SAN PEDRO ST.

Station D, city.

\$1000 TO PUT INTO ANY LEGITIMATE, dividend-paying business as partner; the business must stand investigation. Apply 208
BYRNE BLDG.

\$POR SALE—OR EXCHANGE; \$\$50; A \$TAtionery, book and notion store for furniture or house and iot. Address 0, box \$9, TIMES
OFFICE.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE SOME CHOICE
mortgages on gill-edged property for sale.

\$\$FOR SALE — WE HAVE SOME CHOICE
\$\$FOR

F. SANN.
FOR SALE—A MARE PONY, 5 YEARS OLD:
good driver, suitable for ladies' use. Inquire at third house on Coyetano at., near
Apablasa st., Los Angeles, Cal. LOUIE
GWAN.

GWAN.

FOR SALE—GENTLE MARE, FAST, HANDsome horse; both used to ladles; surrey,
buggy, double and single harness. Apply
164 BEAUDRY AVE.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE, PONY,
harness and dogcart; handsome turnout, in
perfect order. Apply at 814 S. GRAND
AVE. FOR SALE — BERKSHIRE HOGS, REGIS-tered stock, at reasonable prices. ALLEN BROS., Arlington Place, Riverside county.

FOR SALE—OHEAP, 2 MARE COLTS, 2 AND 2 years old; dam has record of 2 294; owner in East. WM. E. COX. Temple Block. 5
FOR SALE—A GOOD WORK TEAM, DIRT wagon and harness, on installments. S.W. cor. NINTH and TENNESSEE. FOR SALE-13 HEAD OF FINE ROAD AND carriage horses: reasonable prices. E. S. HOLCOMB, Agricultural Park. city, cor. Sixth and Spring.

FOR SALE—A USEFUL HORSE, 6 YEARS old; buggy, harness. H. B. ADAMS, Edgeware road, oll wells.

FOR SALE—2 GOOD SADDLE HORSES: A span of Shetland ponles; bargain. 230 RE-OUENA ST. QUENA ST.

FOR SALE — A SURREY TEAM; 2400 LBS., well bred and stylish. H. H. BIXBY, 147 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—HORSE, JUMP-SEAT SURREY, harness, English saddle. 131 W. JEFFER.

IVE STOCK WANTED.

WANTED-A HORSE FOR ITS KEEPING Address P, box 94, TIMES OFFICE.



We Challenge the World

on Prices.

Ordinary Price:
Best Rubber Plate, from \$10 to \$13. \$6.00
Sliver Filling, from ... \$1 to \$2. 50
Bone Filling, from ... \$10 to \$2. 50
Gold Crown, 22 to fine... \$10 to \$13. \$3.00
NEW YORK DENTAL PARLORS.
21/2 S. Spring st., Opp Owl Brug Store

EDUCATIONAL-

Schools Colleges and Private Teitien.

WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE UNCORporated, 128 S. Spring et., is the oldest and largest commercial school in Southern California; the most beautiful college-rooms and equipments to be found in the State; elevator for pupils' use; a large faculty of experienced and able instructors; open the entire year; both day and evening sessions, a practical English course, a thorough and type-writing, under an experienced stenographer. Write or call for fullstrated catalogue and full information. G. A. HOUGH, Pres.; N. G. FELKER, Vice-Pres.

LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE (INcorporated) 212 W. Third st. Oldest, largest, Smeet equipped, most thorough and practical business training school in the city; thorough courses given in book-keeping, shorthand, typewriting, telegraphy and assaying; large faculty of experienced teachers; finest school-rooms on the Coast; heated by steam; elevator; light and ventilation perfect; rooms will be ready in a few days; until then come to 114 S. Main st.

FROEBEL INSTITUTE, UASA DE ROSAS, Adams st., cor. Hoover, All grades taught, from kindergartners a specialty.

FROEBEL INSTITUTE, CASA DE ROSAS, Adams st., cor. Hoover, All grades taught, from kindergartners a specialty.

GERLS COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, 1918 TO 1922 Grand ave. A thorough and attractive board.

PROF. AND MME. CLAYERIE.

GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, 1918 TO 1922
Grand ave. A thorough and attractive boarding and day school; kindergarten in connection. MISS PARSONS and MISS DENNEN, principals.

AN IDEAL HOME FOR BOYS—PRIMARY grammar and high-school work; board and surroundings first-class; terms moderate.

LOS ANGELES ACADEMY, P.O. box 193. SIGHT SINGING: A THOROUGH AND COM-plete course: Wednesdays and Saturdays, 10 to 4. Campbell Hall, Downey, ave. PROF. HENRY E. ELLENBERGER, instructor.

HENRY E. ELLENBERGER, Instructor.

MARLEGROUGH SCHOOL, FOR GRLS, 885
W. 26 t. Boarding pupils, 850 per year;
day oughs, 8100. Reopens Getober 2. MRS.
GEO. A. CASWELL, principal.
GE R M A N. FRENCH. L. A TI N. GREEK,
mathematics, etc. taught by experts at home
or in class.
AGENCY, 825 Stimson Block.

AGENCY, 525 Stimson Block.

STAGE DANCING TAUGHT BY A PROFESSIONAL MR. CHARLES COLBURN. Illinois Hall, Sixth and Broadway, 2 to 5 afternoons, 6 to 9 evenings.

ST. HILDA'S HALL, SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (incorporated,) Glendale. Ninth year.
MISS K. V. DARLING, Principal. MISS K. V. DARLING, Principal.

MISS OR TON'S BOARDING AND DAY
school for girls, 124 S. Euclid, Pasadena.
Certificates admit to Eastern colleges; \$500.

PARISIAN SCHOOL MODERN LANGUAGES,
RZI Central ave.; class and private lessons;
Berlitz method. MLLE. HAENI, Prin.

Berlitz method. MLLE. HAEN!, Frin. MISS MARSH'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES (incorporated.) 1349 and 1342 S. Hope st. Kindergarten connected.

LOS ANGELES TRAINING SCHOOL FOR Kindgergartners. Fall term Sept. 18. MRS. N. D. MAYHEW. 67 6W. 23d at MRS. FISK TEACHERS' AGENCY, 525 STIMSON Block. C. C. BOYNTON, manager. SPANISH LESSONS-MISS MERWIN, 124 S. Euclid ave., or box 154, Pasadena. HARP STUDIO-MRS. J. M. JONES, NO. 1000 W. SEVENTH ST. BOYNTON NORMAL FOR TEACHERS, 525 STIMSON BLOCK.

SPECIALISTS-

DR. B. G. COLLINS, OPHTHALMIC OPTI cian, with the Los Angeles Optical Institute Eyes examined free. 125 S. SPRING ST.

LEGAL. Proposals for Supplies

For the Whittier State School.

N PURSUANCE OF THE ACTION OF THE Soard of Trustees of the Whittier State School, sealed proposals will be received by the superintendent of mid school, at his office, in Whittier, Los Angeles county, California, up to 12 o'clock m. Tuesday, December 17, 1895 for furnishing the following supplies to the said school for the year 1896, said supplies to be of California manufacture or production where price and quality are equal, and to consist of:

1-Coffee, tea, syrup, rice, etc.

2-Canned goods.

2-Buter, eggs. cheese, yeast.

2-Canned goods.

-Groceries.

-Groceries.

-Hutter, eggs, cheese, yeast.

-Flour, meal, bariey, bran, middlings, etc.

-Beans, potatoes, yegetables, etc.

-Beans, lallow, ham, bacon, etc.

-Set lallow, ham, bacon, etc.

-Benzine, gasoline, coal-oil.

-Crude oil, wood, coal, etc.

-Ii-Flannel, cassimere and blankets.

-I2-Crockery and glassware.

-I3-Leather and shoe findings.

-I4-Brooms and brushes.

-5-Caps, hats, suspenders and rubber clothing.

15—caps, have in a mattresses. 17—ice.
16—Furniture and mattresses. 17—ice.
18—Drugs.
19—Stationery.
All parties or firms desiring irress Superintendent of the school, Whittier, Cal., for term of the blank forms. 16. Furniture
17-1ce
18-Drigs.
19-Stationery.
All parties or firms desiring to bid will address Euperintendent of the Whittier State School, Whittier, Cal., for terms and specifications and blank forms.
In order to preserve uniformity and to facilitate the award, it has been resolved to receive no bids unless made upon blank forms furnished by the superintendent.
The number of class bid for should be plainly marked on outside of envelope containing bid.

ANDREW MULLEN, President.

ANDREW MULLEN. President.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

No. 22.685.

JOHN W. BUTLER, PLAINTIFF, VS. ROBert N. C. Wilson, Ara A. Wilson, M. F. Le
Roy, J. S. Severance, S. W. Little, G. A.
Dobinson, S. Hellman, Jessie W. Woodroof,
East Side Bank (a corporation.) Russ Lumber & Mill Company (a corporation.) N. P.
Campbell, John Doe, Richard Roe, Peter
Lores, Mary Black, William Black, George

Last Side Bank (a corporation,) Russ Lumber & Mill Company (a corporation,) N. P. Campbell, John Doe, Richard Roe, Peter Jones, Mary Black, William Black, George Black, John Brown and Mary Brown, defendants.

Under and by virtue of a writ of sale and devec of foreclosure and sale issued out of the action of the state of California in and for the county of Los Angeles, on the fourth day of November, A. D. 1895, in the above entitled action, wherein John W. Butler, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Robert N. C. Wilson, Ara A. Wilson, M. F. Le Roy, J. S. Severance, S. W. Little, G. A. Dobnison, S. Hellman, Jessie W. Woodroof, East Side Bank (a corporation), Russ Lumber & Mill Company (a corporation), N. P. Campbell (the complaint of the same plaintiff, obtained a leafung the complaintiff, obtained a leafung the l



For Ice Machines. Cold Storage and all kinds of Refrigera-MISE SANITARY REPRIGERATOR CO.,
Fairchild & Covell, Coast Agents.
346 South Breadway

OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, Cal.

O. H. CHURCHILL.
JOHN M. C. MARHLE,
W. S. DEVAN,

O. T. JOHNSON,
JOHNSON,
JOHNSON,
T. E. NEWLIN,
A. H. JOHN WOLFSKIL, GEORGE IRVINE, A. HADLEY.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK

AND TRUST COMPANY,—
148 S. Main st.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK-UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY. President
Vice-President
Cashier
Assistant Cashier

Sunset Limited. Season of 1895-'96

WILL RUN Twice a Week BETWEEN =

San Francisco, Los Angeles and New Orleans.

-OVER THE GREAT-

SUNSET ROUTE,

Leaving San Francisco Tuesdays and Saturdays, Los Angeles, Wednesdays and Sundays First trip from Los Angeles.

Wednesday, Nov. 6, '95. *** The most complete, modern, elegantly equipped and perfectly arranged Vestibuled Transcontinental Train in America. New equipment, especially designed and built for this service,

Direct connections in New Orleans for all Eastern points. Quick time.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY-MONDAY, NOV. 18, 1895. Los Angeles for | Leave for Los

3:00 pml Long Beach & San Fedro 3:45 pm

RUBIO CANYON AND ECHO MOUNTAIN.

—Trains leave Los Angeles—

9:10 a.m.—**11:30 a.m.—3:30 p.m.

Pine pavilion, New hotel. Grand somery.

Telescope and search-light.

Pally except Sunday. **Sunday only.

All others daily.

Stages meet 7:10 a.m. train at Pasadena for Wilson's Peak, via new trail. Pasaengers leaving Los Angeles at 7:10 a.m. for Wilson's Peak can return on same day. Good hotel fare at 22 per day.

City Ticket Office at A. B. Greenwald's cigar store, corner Second and Spring streets.

Depota east end First-at. and Downsy-avabridges. General offices. First-3:t depot.

T. B. BURNETT, General Manager.

W. WINCUP, Gen. Pasas. Agt.

REDONDO RAILWAY COMPANY—

REDONDO RAILWAY COMPANY-Special Summer Time-card, No. 16.
IN EFFECT MAY 30, 1895.
Los Angeles Depot, corner Grand avenue and
Jefferson street. Leave Redondo for Los Angeles. Leave Los Angeles for Redondo. Daily 7:30 am
10:45 am
4:30 pm
Sundays only 6:45 am

Take Grand-avenue cable or Main-street and Agricultural Park cars.

Notice to Contractors. Notice to Contractors.

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, No. 10 California street, San Francisco, Cai., November 7, 1895.
Sealed proposais will be received at this office at or prior to 2 o'clock p.m. on Tuesday, December 10, 1895, for furnishing the materials and building for furnishing the materials and building the street of the city and thouse of San Francisco, in accordance with plants and specifications prepared therefor by A. Page Brown, architect, which can be seen at the office of said architect in the Crocker building. San Francisco. Biue prints will be furnished to intending bidders on depositing 255 for their return within five days. Bids are invited on the following classifications of work as required by an act of the Legislature, approved March 27, 1895.

1.—For the carpentering, plastering and glazing the port of the Point of the Point of the Port of the Point of the P

E. L. COLNON,
DAN T. COLE,
F. S. CHADBOURNE,
J. J. KEEGAN,
Secretary.

Pacific College of Obstetrics

Private Maternity Institute (Incorporated.) This is the only institute of the kind in the west, where ladies who expect their configuration and find perfect seclusion.

FEMALE DISEASES a specialty for students of Obstetrics (midwitery.) We wish to say that with this institute five regular physicians are connected; also a lying-in; so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted.

Superintendent.

L. DUQUE President
N. VAN NUYS Vice-President
V. WACHTEL Casher
DIRECTORS: H. W. Hellman, Kaspar Cohn,
i. W. O'Melveny, J. B. Lankershim, O. T.
ohnson, T. L. Duque, L. N. Van Nuys, W. G.
devckhoff, Abe Haas.

Angeles, STATE LOAN AND TRUST CO. STATE LOAN AND TRUST CO. STATE LOAN AND TRUST CO. \$50,000 \$5 Capital paid in gold coin of Los Angeles.

Reserve undivided profits 550,000

Reserve undivided profits 550,000

A general banking business transacted.

Interest paid on time deposits.

H. J. WOOLLACOTT. President.

JAS. F. TOWELL, First Vice-President.

WARREN GILLELEN. Second Vice-Pres.

J. W. A. OFF Cashier.

M. B. LEWIS Assistant Cashier.

Safe-deposit boxes for rent.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF LOS ANGELES.



CALIFORNIA RAILWAY. rains leave and arrive a

Trains via Pasadena arrive at Downey-ave. station 7 min. earlier west-bound and leave 7 min. later east-bound.

THE GRAND CANYON OF THE COLORADO IS REACHED IN NO OTHER WAY.

CHICAGO LIMITED,

Through to Denver, Kansas City, Chicago, \$t.
Leaves daily 8:00 pm—Araives daily 6:05 pm
CHICAGO EXPRESS, DAILY.
Through to Denver, Kansas City, Chicago, \$t.
Leaves 7:00 am—Arrives 6:50 pm

SAN DIEGO TRAINS.
Leaves 7:00 am, 5:15 pm, 7:15 pm
SAN BERNARDINO TRAINS.
P—Leave 7:00 am, 9:00 am, 9:46 am, 4:00 pm,
4:45 pm, 8:00 pm 0—Lv. 11:00 am, 5:15 pm
P—Arrive 8:55 am, 9:45 am, 41:00 pm, 5:00 pm,
6:05 pm, 6:00 pm, 7:15 pm
O—Arrive 11:00 am, 7:15 pm
Tiverside am, 7:15 pm
Riverside am, 7:15 pm

PARTIVE 11:09 am, 7:15 pm

RIVERSIDE AND REDLANDS TRAINS.

P-Leave 7:00 am, 9:00 am, 9:45 am, 4:00 pm, 4:45 pm 0-Lv. *11:00 am, 5:15 pm

P-Arrive 9:45 am, *1:00 pm, 5:00 pm, 6:05 pm, 6:50 pm 0-Ar, 11:00 pm, 7:15 pm

PASJ 5:50 pm O-Ar. 11:00 am. 7:15 pm.

PASADENA AND AZUSA TRAINS.
Leave-7:00 am. 9:00 am. 9:45 am. 1:35 pm.
4:40 pm. 4:45 pm. 5:50 pm. 8:50 pm. 8:50 pm.
Arrive-7:55 am. 8:55 am. 9:43 am. 9:00 pm.

MONROVIA AND INTERMEDIATE.
Leave-9:00 am. 1:35 pm. 4:00 pm. 4:35 pm.
Arrive-7:55 am. 8:55 am. 9:100 pm. 4:35 pm.
ANAHELM AND INTERMEDIATE.

Arrive—7:35 am, 8:55 am, "1:00 pm, 4:25 pm

ANAHEIM AND SANTA ANA.

Leave—5:00 am, "9:00 am, 4:45 pm, 5:15 pm

Arrive—8:50 am, "1:15 pm, 5:05 pm, 7:15 pm

REDONDO BEACH TRAINS.

Leave—7:10 am, 4:50 pm Ar.—8:29 am, 4:40 pm

REDONDO BEACH TRAINS.

Leave—7:10 am, 10:00 am, 4:50 pm

Arrive—8:35 am, 4:40 pm, 6:35 pm

Arrive—8:35 am, 4:40 pm, 6:35 pm, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—7:100 pm, 6:35 pm, 0-11:00 am

ELSINORE AND TEMECULA TRAINS.

Leave—P.-9:45 am, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—P-9:45 am, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—P-9:45 an, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—P-9:45 an, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—P-9:45 an, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—P-9:55 an, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—B-9:55 an, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—P-9:55 an, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—B-9:55 an, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—B-9:55 an, 0-11:00 am

Arrive—B-9:55 an, 0-11:00 am ESCONDIDO TRAINS. Leave—*9:00 am, *5:15 pm Arri FALLBROOK TRAINS. Leave-9:00 am Arriv

FALLBROOK TRAINS.

Arrive—7:15 pm
P-Via Pasadena; O-via Orange; *daily except
Sunday; all other trains daily.
Chicago Limited will not stop at Downey ave.
For rates, sleeping-car reservations, etc., call
on or address
City Passenger and Ticket Agent.
129 North Spring st. and La Grande Station. 129 North Spring st. and La Grande Station.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY—
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO.,
General 'Agents, San Francisco.
Steamers leave Fort Los Angeles and Redondo for San Diego December 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27, 31, January 4, 8. Cars to connect leave Santa Fe depot at 9:50 a.m.
For San Francisco, Port Harford and Santa Barbara, December 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29, January 2, 6. Cars to connect with steamer st Redondo leave Santa Fe depot at 9:50 a.m., or Redondo Railroad denot at 9:50 a.m., or Redondo Railroad denot at 9:50 a.m., or Redondo leave Santa Fe depot at 9:50 a.m., or Redondo Railroad depot at 9:50 a.m. Cars to connect with steamer at Port Los Angeles leave S. P. Co.'s depot. Fifth st., at 1:10 p.m. Steamers leave San Pedro and East San Pe-dro for San Francisco and way ports Decem-ber 2, 6, 19, 14, 18, 22, 25, 39, January 3, 7, Cars to connect with these steamers leave 8, P. Co.'s depot Fifth st., at 5:10 p.m., or L. A. Terminal depot at 5 p.m. The company reserves the right to change steamers or their days of sailing.



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DEATH RECORD.

GLASSELL—In this city, December 3, 1825, Virginia Micon, wife of Andrew Glasseli, aged 57 years. For list residence, No. 352 Funeral from the list residence, No. 352 Funeral Vita street, at 2 p.m., December 4 (New Orleans and Montgomery, Ala., papers pleans copy.)

1318 W. 7TH ST. Office Hours 8 to 10 and 1 to 3 MOURNING hats and bonnets rented. The Times Mirror Company,

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THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

is found in the statement that the Ar-gentine Republic, as a mark of its dis-tinguished appreciation of our action in

removing the duties on wool, has "ad-mitted certain products of the United States to entry at reduced duties."

States to entry at reduced duties." For this glorious achievement of free

trade, Mr. Cleveland expresses his sat

millions of American sheep and the consequent loss of many millions of dollars to American farmers, with no com

pensating benefit to any person, class

The case of Consul Waller is referred to, and the opinion is expressed that "a

satisfactory solution of the matter will shortly be reached."

The President unfairly and falsely

attributes the restrictions which Germany and other nations have placed upon certain American exports to the

McKinley law. He conveniently ignores the fact that our exports were very much larger under the McKinley law than under the present tariff,

reaching, in fact, the highest point ever

ber that the German embargo upci

American pork and other meat prod

law and was restored under the exis-

ing tariff. He darkly hints at possible retaliatory legislation on our part un less the discriminations now in force

against our products are removed, bu expresses the hope that a more amica ble way out of the difficulty will b

The Alaskan boundary question an

parently excites in Mr. Cleveland's mind no fear of trouble. He says that

"Her Britannic Majesty's government has proposed a joint delineation of the 141st meridian by an international com-

mission of experts," and thinks the whole matter can easily be settled if

Congress will authorize such a commis

sion to act on the part of our govern-

That portion of the message re

sion of the instructions forwarded to

Ambassador Bayard in July last, if not

cently made as to the adoption of a

"vigorous foreign policy," at least so far as the Venezuelan matter is con-

that Great Britain

policy of this government is firmly opposed to a forcible increase by any European power of its territorial pos-

sessions on this continent: that this

policy is as well founded in principle

as it is strongly supported by numerous

precedents: that, as a consequence,

the United States is bound to protes

against the enlargement of the area of

British Guiana in derogation of the

rights and against the will of Vene

in strength of Great Britain and Venezuela, the territorial dispute between them can be reasonably settled only by friendly and impartial arbitration, and

the resort to such arbitration should

include the whole controversy, and it is not satisfied if one of the powers con-

cerned is permitted to draw an arbitrary line through the territory in

bate, and to declare that it will submit

to arbitrate only the portion lying on one side of it." The direct question was

put to the British government, whether

ezuelan dispute to arbitration. No answer has yet been received, but one is expected shortly. Let us give Mr.

Cleveland and his Secretary of State full credit for having, in this matter,

taken a firm and dignified stand in support of the Monroe doctrine. Hav-

ing taken such a stand, it cannot be

Mr. Cleveland contents himself with

a spiritless reference to the Hawaiian

uprising in January last, and to the

The retirement of the United States

land and Germany over Samoa, is rec-

ommended, Mr. Cleveland referring to

our obligations in that connection as "irksome and unnatural."

In the matter of the Cuban rebeilion,

President Cleveland clearly leans toward the side of Spain, though very guarded in his utterances. He depre-

cates the fact that "this flagrant

policy of our government "to enfo obedience to our neutrality laws, and

arms against Spanish sovereignity."
From the foregoing it is safe to assume that Mr. Cleveland will look

with disfavor upon any proposed movement for the recognition of the belligerent rights of the insurgents.

to at some length, and a determination

Armenian outrages are referred

of Minister Thurston, without touching upon the question of annexa

would not submit the entire Ven-

The President says, in sub-

cerned.

to the Venezuelan boundary dispute is unexpectedly and gratify-ingly vigorous. Mr. Cleveland's ver-

or interest.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES-Haverly's Minstrels.

upon the return of rejected anuscripts, but retain copies if butions. Articles should be type written and MMS, sent flat. Practice brevity and write plainly.

Thomas Moran's famous painting of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado River may now be secured by pat-rons of the Los Angeles Times. The lithograph is on a standard to the The only authentic lithograph be seen at the counting-room of The Times, and is supplied to cash-in-advance-paying subscribers at the

three months for the PICTURE and the WEEK-LY one year for.

The lithograph cannot be procured from any other source upon the same terms, and is not sold sepa-rately by us.

HANDLING THE PRESIDENT'S MES-

Yesterday morning The Times gave an example of the manner in which an alert newspaper handles an important and voluminous matter of news. While the slow ones were getting their wits together and beginning to get ready to think about the subject uppermost at that hour, to wit, President Cleveland's annual message, the Times' newsboys were selling the fresh, bright sheets, just from the press, on the streets and in the business houses to the expectant public, which had been notified in the earlier and regular edition of The Times, of the expected coming of the

the reading of the latest State document in the two houses of Congressthe message was beginning to be an old story in Los Angeles, a considerable portion of the public having become fully informed, through the columns of The Times, on the points of state and financial policy enunciated by Mr. Cleveland.

The message was transmitted from Washington to San Francisco, and thence relayed to this city, over the Western Union wires entirely. The receiving and delivery of the 18,500 words of telegraphic report was under the dilee and Night Chief Operator Charles Avery, and was conducted in a manner Relays of messengers were kept busy for several hours conveying the typewritten sheets to the Times office where they were promptly "licked into shape" to make a connected and consecutive document of over twelve columns in length.

For the benefit of those who may desire to know with what speed a President's message can be transmitted across the continent by wire, edited, put into type on linotype machines, read in proof-sheets, corrected, imposed into columns and pages, stereotyped, and the plates placed upon the cylinders of the great press whose instantaneous revolutions convert the news into a form compact and convenient for perusal and future reference, the fol-

The first sheet of the message sent by a Western Union messenger from the city office of the company was received at the Times editorial room at 11:40 p.m. The sheets came along leisurely; the last one (No. 136) was received at 5:15 a.m., and sent to the linotype operating room at 5:20 a.m. At 5:25 composition on the message was finished. At 5:45 the last stereotype plate for the second edition (12 pages) was cast, and at 5:47 it was and declares it to be the duty and the screwed onto its proper cylinder of the press. Then came a wait for the arrival of the "release message" from Washington (that is, proper authority ground from which to aid those for giving the document to the public.) This message reached Los Angeles at 10:10 a.m., and within two minutes thereafter copies of The Times, containing the President's message in full, were upon the streets.

The number of seats to be contested in the present House of Representatives is unusually large. It is to be hoped that all will be decided strictly on their merits, and not, as is too often the cus-

portion devoted to the national finances. Upon this subject Mr. Cleveland really advances but little thought that is new. He weakly and somewhat querulously endeavors to trace the financial stress of the past two years to Republican tariff legislation, but fells corresponds to make out but falls conspicuously to make out a case. He renews his former recom-mendations that the legal-tenders be funded into interest-bearing bonds, and concurs with Secretary Carilale in recommending that national banks be permitted to issue circulating notes up to the par value of the government bonds deposited by them to secure circulation; and that the tax on their circulation be reduced to one-fourth circulation be reduced to one-fourth of 1 per cent. To the persistent agitation of the silver question Mr. Cleve-land attributes a large proportion of our financial ills. He deserves high our financial ilis. He deserves high commendation for the firm stand which he takes in favor of an honest and stable currency. On this point Mr. Cleveland is uncompromising. He has no concessions to make to flat extremists and impracticables, but recognizes the imperative necessity and duty of maintaining the financial integrity of the government at all integrity of the government at all hazards, even if gold has to be bor-rowed to do it. Although The Times does not agree with Ma Cleveland as In conformity to the usual custom President Cleveland begins his lates message with a statement as regarde our foreign relations, referring briefly to the causes which have brought to the various diplomatic events which have occurred since his last preceding communication to Congress. His only specific reference to the tariff question cur fully in his suggested remedies, it is pleased to be able to commend most heartly his unflinching attitude in be-half of sound money.

"Financial wiseacres say that one ause of the outflow of gold from our "Financial wiseacres say that one cause of the outflow of gold from cur treasuries is the threatened collapse of the African gold boom. Like flows to like, and Cripple Creek flies like a bird of promise and deliverance to the sustainment of remote Witwatersrand, their yellow streams commingling as those of the Tiber and Hoang-Ho might do if it were not for geographical obstacles. But a more comprehensive explanation of this continually-ebbing tide, which no damming seems able to arrest, even if it were applied with the engineering skill of "Our Army in Flanders," may be found in the fact that we have set a lot of incompetents at the business of running our financial and other concerns, and that they have made an incredible mess of it. When they go out and a Republican administration comes in, the gold will flow this way fast enough, and our balance of trade be restored to the right side of the budget."

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts may have been just a little previous in his introduction in the Senate yesterday of a resolution defining and accentuating and his resolution has the right ring Inasmuch as it is in full accord with President Cleveland's avowed policy in Lodge can, of course, safely count upon the co-operation and moral support of the Monroe doctrine a living entity rather than a vague ideality.

A coruscating schoolgirl of Maine re wilds of America." She had read in a book that the Puritans found an asylum in this country, and to make the statement more vivid she added the word "lunatic." Perhaps, after all, the maiden's conclusions wholly wrong.

It is announced that Grover "has se lected a traveling companion for his tour around the world." The vital question now is, is it Mrs. Cleveland who has been thus favored?

"Czar" Reed is once more regnant, and the vigorous kick and bray of the Democratic donkey will soon be spicuously in evidence. formed, through Ambassador Bayard, that "the traditional and established

The great moth family will probably be glad to hear that there is a corner in camphor.

PERSONALS.

Capt. G. E. Bridget is registered at

the Westminster.

James Nelson of Yuma is a guest of the United States Hotel. Capt. Jack Crawford of New Mexico s quartered at the Westminster.

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Baldwin of th's blace are visiting in Washington, D. C. G. W. Chrisman, a prominent attor-ley of Ventura, is stopping at the Na-

Mrs. E. L. Phillips and Miss Sydney Nadeau. Mrs. E. J. Cote of St. Louis, Mo., was

C. W. Dempster of the firm of Sweet Dempster & Co., at Chicago, is at the

A slight C Robert Hornbeck, editor of the Yuma, Rev. John Ariz., Bee, is visiting his Southern Call-fornia friends. E. Petrie Hoyle, well-known as

farmer of El Toro, is registered at the Hollenbeck with his wife. John Kane, a mining operator from Cargo Muchacho gold district, arrived in Los Angeles yesterday.

n Los Angeles yesterday.

Mrs. J. C. Packard of San Diego is risiting her sister, Mrs. E. A. Kinney of West Eighteenth street.

John W. Davington, president of the Arizona Editorial Association, was a recent visitor to A

John W. Dwight, E. H. Roth and wife, and D. W. Strong and wife of wife, and D. W. Strong and wife of New York, are at the Westminster. G. B. Johnson, secretary of the firm of Johnson, Keeney & Co., of this city, is registered at the Park Avenue, New

S. W. Plumb, a capitalist and mineowner of Streator, Ill., is registered at the Nadeau with his daughter, Miss Jessie Plumb. Miss Pauline Jacobson of Denver,

Mrs. Boyson and daughter of Philadel-phia and Mr. and Mrs. Smith and daughter, are among the late arrivals at Plaza Vista. at Plaza Vista.

Deputy Attorney-General Henry E. Carter, formerly of this city, arrived in Los Angeles yesterday morning, en route to Riverside and San Diego. He goes to represent the State in the case pending against the San Diego Bank to enjoin it from doing further business. At Riverside the same Nemesis goes to close up another door—to-wit—the Riverside Banking Company.

G. E. Williams of Lynn Mess, H. C.

erside Banking Company.

G. E. Williams of Lynn, Miss.; H. C. Schmidt and wife of St. Paul, Mina.; Hannibal A. Williams of New York, H. L. Gibbs of Travers City, Mich.; J. L. Walpole of Portland, Or.; C. C. Davis of Denver, Colo.; B. Reinken of St. Louis, Mo.; W. F. Wood of San Francisco, and D. H. Winton of Chicago, are registered at the Hollenbeck.

An Incorrigible Girl.

tent. Extensive improvements and extensions of the diplomatic and consular service are recommended.

By far the most interesting and important part of the message is that

A NEW BISHOP.

THE FIRST CONVENTION OF THE

It Met Yesterday at St. Paul's Church and Did Much Business.

Opening With a Sermon by Right Rev. W. F. Nichols, it Ended With an Election.

the New Bishop—A Large Num-ber of Episcopalians Were in Attendance.

The primary convention of the nev Matt. viil, 31:33, he took as his subject, the reserve force of the church. He likened the storage of energy, so valuable in the church, to the force in the seed, Before man took the seed, the force was latent. The church is the seed of culture, not of wild growth. The force is still there, if you leave out all the civilization of arts and sciences, but these have developed all the latent powers. Man's instrumentality has made it a seed of culture. All the forces that are at work are in man's province, and are full of his harmonizing influences.

The parable of the seed is full of the beauty of suggestion, and nature's

beauty of suggestion, and nature's forces, which by man's development may be utilized in many ways for the good of the church. Faith in the church is full of the true way to salvation.

tion.

The women of the church are putting the leaven in the measures of meal, and the men are sowing the seed. Man assumes, in his sowing, the power in the seed; he has confidence in the hardeness the reand the men are sowing the seed. Man assumes, in his sowing, the power in the seed; he has confidence in the harvest to come; he estimates the resources of the harvest. The type of churchman we are now constrained to study is diligently turning to account all the germs that are in the seed today. He has an ideal, and uses all the forces of reserved power to develop it. The thing to study is how to utilize all the forces that will awaken all the highest and best in nature, which will lead to the highest and best results. The highest and noblest characteristics are what Christ would have more fully defined in our life, and displayed in all our undertakings for the church. The laity and the clergy should be reinforced with a sense of responsibility to the Master. We should rise above all our rivalries, selfishness, prides, frets and impatiences, littlenesses and vanities, and how the windows of heaven would open their glories to the church of the living God. If there be this reserve force all through the church, there will be fields whitening with harvests for this new diocese we are forming in Southern California. There has been a remarkable progress in the church during the last ten or fifteen years, and now no county in the diocese is without its church and its settled clergy. The new diocese will have its difficulties, but if met with a right spirit, will be overcome. There can be few more solemn acts in his life, for you take the life of the man, and the life of the diocese in your hand. The bishop spoke tenderly of the approaching dissolution of his relations with the curch of Southern California, and said that, in regard to his official relations with them, he had been impressed at every meeting with their quick responsiveness. "Whatever the field, let us work on bravely, hopefully, uplifted by our possibilities. Let us work on jet us, with all our being, take the seed, take the leaven, and go forth as those bearing the precious seed with them."

After the celebration of the holy After the celebration of the holy communion, the bishop called the convention to order, and the Rev. B. W. R. Tayler was appointed secretary protem. The roll of clergymen and lay delegates was called, and a majority of both orders was found to be present. A Committee on Credentials was appointed, consisting of H. W. Latham, Judge T. L. Winder and Rev. B. W. R. Tayler. After the reading of a telegram of greeting from Grace Church, San Francisco, a recess was taken till 3 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The convention resumed its session at 3:20 o'clock, with the bishop in the

Rev. Dr. M. C. Dotten, Ph.D., of Riverside was elected by ballot, as permanent secretary, receiving 90 out of the 131 votes cast.

A slight diversion was created by the Rev. John Brown of Pomona, who seemed to fear in his innermost consciousness that the reporters might not do full justice to the scintillating brilliancy of his ideas and remarks, and incidentally, might not be up in the phraseology of the Episcopalian church, and therefore might not report the convention properly. He rose, and turning the searchlight of his "eygle ee", on the representatives of the press, he exploded at length upon his theme, winding up by offering a resolution to the effect that a committee be appointed to overlook the reports before they were taken from the church. The resolution was adopted, though, as the chair put it, it was softened into an offer of aid, in the use of Episcopalian terms, and Rev. John Brown, Rev. A. S. Clark and H. W. Latham were appointed as the committee. The only one who "showed up" was the Rev. J. Brown, himself, who encountered such stony silence from two of the representatives and cutting sarcasm from the order of his going, but went at once.

Rev. Dr. A. G. L. Trew introduced a resolution in regard to the name of the new diocese and proposed that it should be called the "Diocese of Los Angeles." The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Dr. Trew moved that the diocese of Los Angeles." The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Bishop Nichols replied that it gave him great pleasure to serve them as long as he could, and a recess was then taken until 7:45 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The first business taken up at the county of the property of the business taken up at the county of the property of the business taken up at the county of the county of the property of the business taken up at the county of the property of the business taken up at the county of the property of the business taken up at the county of the property of the business taken up at the county of the property of the business taken up a

EVENING SESSION. The first business taken up at the evening session was the balloting for treasurer, which resulted in the election of George W. Parsons by 75 votes out of the 105 cast. The secretary called as his assistant, J. Bakewell Phillips.

tion of George W. Parsons by .5 votes out of the 105 cast. The secretary roll. Called as his assistant, J. Bakewell Phillips. Rev. A. S. Clark made a motion that the list of committees to be appointed be left to the discretion of the bishop, to appoint as many or all of the committees as he might deem best. The motion was carried, and the following committees were appointed: On the In-

corporation of the Diocese, Rev. John Gray, J. M. Anderson and Dr. Radehaugh; on Finance, W. G. Hughes, J. Bakewell Phillips, George W. Parsons, O. Pooley and Russell Heath; Committee on Canons, Rev. A. G. L. Trew, D.D., Dean Restarick, Dr. J. D. Easter, H. T. Lee, A. M. Stephens and I. B. Dudley; on Church Charities, Rev. A. S. Clark, Rev. W. B. Burrows, C. T. Hinde, R. T. Allen and Dr. J. E. Cowles; on State of the Church, Rev. J. D. H. Brown, Rev. B. W. R. Tayler and A. A. Boyce; on Unfinished Business, Rev. Dr. Willys Hall, Melville Campbell and L. S. Porter; on Admission of New Parishes, Rev. John Gray, J. A. Anderson and Dr. J. M. Radebaugh.

Dr. Cowles moved that the secretary be instructed to cast a single ballot for Rev. Henderson Judd as registrar. The motion was unanimously carried.

Dean Trew offered resolutions that, whereas a committee of six, of whom three were from the southern convocation of the Diocese of California, and three from the other parts of that diocese, was appointed at the last convention of the Diocese of California to arrange for an equitable division of the trust funds of the diocese, in the event of the diocese being divided; therefore, "Resolved, that the three members from the South, viz., the Rev. Dr. A. G. L. Trew and Messrs, H. T. Lee and A. M. Stephens, be appointed a committee of this convention of the Diocese of Los Angeles, to carry out the purpose for which they were originally appointed, and to report at the first regular meeting of the convention." The resolution was carried.

Rev. Dr. Easter then offered a resolution to the effect that the house

and to report at the first regular meeting of the convention." The resolution was carried.

Rev. Dr. Easter then offered a resolution to the effect that the house should proceed at once to an informal ballot, continuing it until a bishop be elected. He believed that speech-making would only increase the tension now felt, and that strong feeling would be stirred up by the discussion of the merits and necessarily of the demerits of the candidates; that the method he proposed would result in the quiet election of the best man for the responsible position. Rev. Dr. Trew warmly seconded the motion, whereupon George S. Patton rose to protest, saying that he believed that the laity were not sufficiently informed as to the nominees; that the laity had a right to know who these men are and what are their qualifications for this high office. The speaker emphatically hoped that the resolution would be voted down. Russell Heath of Santa Barbara also opposed the motion; he thought more time and consideration should be bestowed upon a matter which would affect Southern California for years to come. Rev. B. W. R. Tayler also joined in the opposition, and when the motion was finally put, it was emphatically voted down.

Bishop Nichols said, in his dignified way, that he thought the house should be guided by this rule, not to make any criticism that they could not swear to over an affidavit, and would not like to see in cold type in the morning paper.

Rev. Mr. Gray then suggested that the bishop lead in prayer, after which there was a prolonged silence, and a seeming diffidence about bringing up the subject in which the deepest interest was centered, but finally O. F. Marx broke the ice by nominating the Rev. Percy C. Webber, general missionary of the diocese of Massachusetts, for the office of bishop; he was seconded by S. I. Scott. Thereupon a member of the house moved that the nominations be declared closed, a motion which produced a derisive laugh, which the bishop promptly cheeked, reminding

duced a derisive laugh, which the bishop promptly checked, reminding those present of the solemnity of the

moment.

G. W. Skinner of Riverside then nominent.

G. W. Skinner of Riverside then nominated the Rev. Dr. Joseph B. Johnson, rector of Christ's Church, Detroit, and was promptly followed by L. Thorne of Elsinore, who nominated the Rev. Dr. David H. Greer, rector of St. Bartholomew, New York. Rev. Mr. Hartley seconded the nomination of Dr. Greer, and spoke of him in the highest terms, Rev. Mr. Burrows of Santa Ana nominated Dean H. B. Restarick of San Diego.

nated Dean H. B. Restarick of San Diego.

Rev. John Gray then made a power-flow in support of the nomination of Rev. Dr. Johnson. He said that he thought it due to the laity to know the genesis, the progress and the results of this noble priest of the church; that the man who came to be bishop must serve his church in this country, and Dr. Johnson is an American and hear serve his church in this country, and Dr. Johnson is an American and has been reared in the curriculum of American thought and feeling. He comes from an old, staunch parish; eleven of the clergy, comprising every rector in Detroit, have said that this man is worthy. The testimony of the individual bishops coincided with that of the clergy. He is a man of composite strength and harmonious ability, a man of the type of churchmanship, a man of the type of churchmanship hich you have at present in California.

Judge H. T. Lee followed with a speech in favor of Rev. Dr. Greer, in which he referred in the warmest terms to Dr. Greer's high character, ability and personal charm. He said they would all welcome Dr. Johnson if he were elected, but when there hopmed up. at 3:20 o'clock, with the bishop in the chair, and a much larger attendance than in the morning.

The Rev. B. W. R. Tayler read the report of the Committee on Credentials, which was adopted as read.

After a lengthy discussion as to the admission of delinquent missions and parishes to the privileges of the convention, Dr. Trew read a resolution to the effect that the list should be laid on the table, and that the missions and parishes be admitted to full rights. The resolution was adopted.

Rev. Dr. M. C. Dotten, Ph.D., of Riverside was elected by ballot, as permant secretary, receiving 90 out of the list votes cast.

A slight diversion was created by the last Rev. John Brown of Pomona, who seemed to fear in his innermost consciousness that the reporters might not do full justice to the scintillating brilliancy of his ideas and remarks, and incidentally, might not be up in the phraseology of the Episcopalian church, and therefore might not be up in the phraseology of the Episcopalian church, and therefore might not be up in the phraseology of the Episcopalian church, and therefore might not be up in the phraseology of the prose, and, turning the phraseology of the prosecution of the prosecution of the possible. In regard to the runoundness of Dr. Greer, and to the unsoundness of Dr. Greer, and could hardly speak without produce. As to sist the proval of the prosecution of the provided the provided the provided the provid this house to elect Dr. Greer, we shall thank Him more heartily for sending

us a bigger man."

After a speech by Irving B. Dudley of San Diego, in favor of Dean Restarick, Rev. Mr. Tayler made a motion to proceed at once to the balloting, without further speeches, which was carried. The chair appointed as tellers on the part of the laity, J. F. Towell and W. H. Ramsey, and on the part of the clergy, Revs. H. Judd and C. T. Hinde.

the clergy, Revs. H. Judd and C. T. Hinde.

At a few minutes before 11 o'clock, the balloting having occupied but half an hour, the results were announced as follows: Clerical vote, total number cast, 28; necessary to choice, 15; Rev. Dr. Johnson received 17, Dr. Greer 5, Dean Restarick 3, Rev. Webber none, Rev. A. S. Clark 1, and Rev. Mr. Fout 1. The total number of lay votes cast was 37; necessary to a choice, 19. Rev. Dr. Johnson received 21, Dr. Greer 12, Dean Restarick 3, and Mr. Webber 1. As the bishop announced that Dr. Johnson was elected by the concurrent vote of both clergy and laity, there was a subdued murmur of approbation, which was only kept by the sanctity of the place from bursting into a thunder of applause. Dr. Easter moved that the vote be made unanimous, and when the motion was put, it was unanimously and enthusiastically carried. The congregation joined in singing the gloria in excelsis.

The chair announced the committee on Sunday-schools to be Revs. J. D. H. Browne, W. H. Spencer, S. M. Wren, Messrs. W. C. Musket and Henry Car-

Gray, A. Fletcher, W. Hall, D.D., Benjamin Hartley, E. M. W. Hills, W. E. Jacob, L. Y. Jessup, H. Judd, C. F. Loop, D. F. MacKenzie, W. R. Marriott, I. M. Merlin-Jonea, W. J. O'Brien, O. Parker, W. H. Ramsay, H. B. Restarich, George Robinson, W. D. Shearman, W. H. Spencer, B. W. R. Taylor, A. G. L. Trew, D.D., Searle M. Wren, Deacons, Revs. H. A. Brown, W. F. Chase, W. T. Dearing and R. H. Gushee, Lay delegates, John Whitten and J. L. Garrison of Anaheim, Russell Heath of Carpinteria, W. H. Keating of El Toro, A. Campbell-Johnston, A. A. Mitchell, G. B. Goodrich, A. N. Campbell-Johnston and R. H. Lindsay of Garvanza; Geo, Eley, Dr. C. V. Bogne, Dr. W. M. Ggden, R. Devine and William P. Penn of Glendale; Mrs. T. R. Bard, E. O. Gerberding, C. M. Robinson, F. W. Gerhardy and Piddick of Hueneme; O. F. Marx, S. P. Owsley, R. P. Jones, R. Beadon, S. I. Scott, A. M. Stephens, J. A. Anderson, William Pridham, G. W. Parsons, S. P. Rees, H. E. Brett, W. Waddelow, H. A. Bend, Capt, H. Kerr, A. Moore, Jr., O. Pooley, J. E. Cowles, L. Thorne, T. L. Winder, W. Parris, J. F. Towell, John Wigmore, H. W. Vall, H. W. Latham and H. T. Lee of Los Angeles; Henry Carroll, Frank Cornes, J. C. Whittington and B. W. Gerheart of Monrovia; R. Wilks, F. M. Sumner, E. H. Mason, C. E. Lawrence, H. Garrison of Murrietta; A. G. Norman and D. H. Garden of Oceanside; R. B. Kirckhoffer, C. D. Adams, T. Covernton, M.D., Verner Handyside and T. E. Parke of Ontario; J. L. Collins, E. H. Spencer, C. P. Tatt, F. Williams, L. Wade of Orange; Dr. J. M. Radebaugh, L. S. Porter, C. J. Willett, E. E. Gaylord, E. H. May of Pasadena; Melvin Campbell, Peter Ruth, John Whyte, H. A. Ross, and Dr. T. H. Smith, G. S. Patton and Dr. R. T. Allen, J. F. Richardson, H. H. Garbangi, J. A. Lamb, C. W. Mettler, W. C. Musshet and J. K. Schermerhorn of San Bernardino; D. Cleveland, R. Puterbaugh, J. W. McDonald, I. B. Dudley and Dr. A. J. Gray of San Diego; J. M. Elliott, W. D. Stephens, S. H. Smith, G. S. Patton and Dr. R. H. Shoemaker of San Gabrie!; Alfred Morgan of S

ART NOTES.

The art exhibition at Bartlett's Music Hall is still open to the public, and nowhere in the city could the real lover of true art pass a pleasanter hour than here, amid the recent creations of our local artists.

Among the noticeable pictures which are full of character is one entitled

are full of character is one entitled "Gratitude," which is from the brush of A. M. Farnham of Pasadena. It is of A. M. Farnham of Pasadena. It is a pathetic picture of a lonely woman sitting down to her humble board, where is spread her slender store of food, with bowed head and folded hands, returning thanks for the meal before her. The coloring is good, and all the details of the picture truthful, while the whole is eloquent of a heart

grateful for the good received and the food before her.

Mrs. C. Dalton Bond, among other works, shows a fine "Study of Old Woman's Head." The coloring is truthful, and all about it speaks of age and the weariness of years.

"A Modern Witch of Endor" is by Oscar Kunath of Los Angeles, and it is remarkable for its strength and power of expression. The gray hair falls over her forehead, the eyes gleam with a fierce light, and the large bony hands look as if they might clutch one unawares. It is a face to haunt one and it would make one shudder is confronted by it in the lonely dusk.

"Time Primeval," by John G. Borglum, is a rare conception, a thing of mists and shadows and soft lights, a dream of Time's beginning, of life unformed and imperfect. You feel it was the state of t

mists and shadows and soft lights, a dream of Time's beginning, of life unformed and imperfect. You feel it wrapped in soundless silence, and it says to you, "wait, wait, creation is not yet finished," and you look and are still.

"On the Zaca Ranch," is a big breezy landscape by J. Bond Francisco, holding all the warmth of color and the atmospheric effects that are peculiarly Californian. It is like a breath from the outdoor world that we all love.

he outdoor world that we are of pic-Julia Ludovici has an array of pic-

tures, and among them is a "Girl with a Viclin," which is very attractive. The attitude is one of grace, the flesh tints soft and warm, and there is a nobility of expression which charms like life.

"Autumn Clouds," by E. Wachtel, is exceedingly effective, the heavy masses touched upon the edges by a warm glow such as is often seen at sunset.

Charles Walter Stilson has among his several pictures one which at once attracts the attention. It is entitled "Listeners." Two young girls in bright garments stand under the blue of the evening sky and beneath overarching trees, their whole attitude and expression telling of listening silence. It has its own story, which we may interpret. The walls of the little music hall are well covered by the pictures exhibited The walls of the little music hall are well covered by the pictures exhibited by our various local artists, all of which show a greater or less degree of excellence. W. L. Judson has some line pictures as here also well. of excellence. W. L. Judson has some fine pictures, as has also Mrs. Borg-lum, and Helen E. Caan, Charles S. Ward, and many others. It is a dis-play that is more than ordinarily good, and is a credit to Los Angeles.

THE PACIFIC MAIL. What Mr. Huntington Says About

An Associated Press dispatch from New York says: President C. P. Huntington of the Pacific Mail Steamshi Company, and President J. Edward Simmonds of the Panama Rallway, had a conference today regarding the proposed agreement between the two companies. Huntington said subsequently that everything is progressing favorably and that negotiations will probably be definitely concluded this week. Simmonds said the contract will probably be signed within a few days. Company, and President J. Edward

THE ERIE PRESIDENCY. CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—A special from St. Paul, Minn., says: J. M. Hanna-ford, general traffic manager of the Northern Pacific, has been offered the Northern Pacific, has been olired the first vice-presidency of the reorganized Erie Rallway, and is now in New York considering the proposition, Mr. Hannaford has been with the Northern Pacific since May, 1882.

COMING BY BOAT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—The passengers on the steamer Eureka for Los Angeles are: Miss S. Snyder, Mrs. Quigley, C. Henderson, wife and child; Mrs. A. J. Cook, Mrs. E. J. Fleids and twelve steerage passengers. AN INTERVENING PETITION.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 3.—A special to the Journal from Topeka, Kan., says that a sensation was caused in the United States Circuit Court today by the filing, by the bondholders of the St. Louis and San Francisco road, of an intervening petition in the big fore-closure suit under which the Santa Fe

properties are to be sold on December 10. The petitioners recite that the Santa Fe acquired a controlling interest in the Frisco road through fraud, and ask for an order of court setting aside the contract under which such control was secured, and also for an order declaring void all bonds issued against the Frisco road under this contract. They also petition that the consolidated mortga, e bonds of the Frisco road, now held by the Santa Fe receivers as security for what they allege to be a fictitious indebtedness against the Frisco road and in favor of the Santa Fe, be delivered up for cancellation. Such alleged indebtedness is charged to be the result of fraud on the part of the Santa Fe. Claims which they make for reimbursement to the Frisco road, they ask to have made prior liens upon the Santa Fe properties.

The effect of this petition would seem to be to tie up the coming sale of the Santa Fe properties, but officials of the latter road profess to believe that nothing will come of the petition. They claim that it is but a repetition of the claims previously made by certain Frisco bondholders, and profess to believe that Judge Foster will refuse to give the petition status in the courts.

SCRAP HEAP.

W. A. Mitchem, agent for the Santa Fe at San Bernardino, visited Los Angeles headquarters yesterday.

A trial trip of electric cars on the cable road has been made through from First street to Westlake Park.

The agreement by which the Western roads will make a charge for carrying bicycles in baggage-cars will not go into effect until the 15th instant, though the 1st was originally named as the date.

ORGAN RECITAL.

from the First Pipe Organ Made in Los Angeles.

Musical people to the number of half a hundred or more, gathered in the workroom of Fletcher & Harris on New High-street hast evening, to hear the melody that the first pipe organ ever made in Los Angeles was announced to give forth. It was an invitation affair, intended to celebrate the completion of this organ, which will later on be installed in the Sierra Madre Episcopal Church. The result of the tests given the organ last evening were very satsifactory, both to the young men under whose direction the magnificent piece of machinery has been built, and the critics of music, who rewarded with liberal applause the renditions given by J. Colby and E. D. Wyooff, organists respectively of the Unitarian and Simpson Methodist Episcopal churches, and H. C. Fletcher, one of the firm which built the organ.

The programme, while not of extended length, was most enjoyable, the numbers given serving to demonstrate the qualities of the instrument very completely. The programme as rendered was as follows:

Offertory—in A. (Batiste;) by E. D. Wycoff.
Solo—"Chanson d'Amour" (Beach,)

Offertory—in A, (Batter),
Wycoff.
Solo—"Chanson d'Amour" (Beach,) Solo—"Chanson d'Amour' (Beach,) by Anita Ray Simpson.

"Reverle"—Fiagler and "Grand Chorus" (Lemaigre—by E. D. Wycoff.

"Fanfare" (Lemmens) and "God Save the Queen" (Rink)—by J. Colby.
Duet—"Glorno d'Orrore", from Se-mirande, by Misses Beattle and Simp-

son.
St. Cecilian Offertory—(Batiste) by
H. C. Fletcher.
Flute solo—"Le Babbilard" (Ters-cack) by H. Harris.
"Triumphal March"—(Murk) by H. C.

Licensed to Wed.

Licensed to Wed.

Dillerd E. Ford, aged 23, a native of Missouri, and Polile Steel, aged 20, a native of Georgia; both residents of Fullerton.

George H. Austill, aged 22, a native of Indiana, and Mamie E. Dutton, aged 18, a native of Kansas; both residents of Los Angeles.

Frank W. Haymaker, aged 30, and Maud V. McFadden, aged 25, both natives of Ohio and residents of Los Angeles.

Charles F. Van Horne, aged 22, a native of Illinois, and Annitta L. Gowen,

BECAUSE of its much greater strength,



FOR HOUSEKEEPERS, AND PRACTICAL HEALTH CALENDAR.

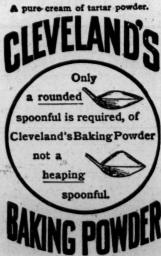
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4 Temperature yesterday: Maximum, 74 eg.; minimum, 52 deg.; character of reather, cloudy.

Earth shall be near to heaven when For, here or there, salvation's plan Alone, is love of God and man.

BREAKFAST. Dates and Grapes.
Bolled Rice. Hamburg Steak. Graham
Muffins. Ginger Snaps. Coffee.
DINNER. Beef Pot Roast. Turnips
and Potatoes Bolled in Stock. Cabbage Salad. White Bread. Apple
Jelly. Cream Pie. Cheese.
SUPPER. Rice Friters. White and
Graham Bread and Butter. Cold
Meat. Canned Peaches. Cake, Tea.

The round makes a good pot roast, and is nice for cold meat. Pour boiling water over; salt well. Cook slowly. When done, brown.

A pure cream of tartar powder.



Food raised with Cleveland's baking powder has no bitter taste, but is sweet and keeps sweet and fresh.

"Pure" and "Sure."

THE WEATHER.

DAILY BULLETINS. DAILY BULLETINS.

3. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles,

2.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer regis
d 39.12; at 5 p.m., 30.10. Thermometer for
corresponding hours showed 57 dez, and 63.

Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 36; 5 p.m., 46.

a. a.m., northwest, velocity 5 miles; 5

a., northwest, velocity 5 miles. Maximum
perature, 74 deg.; minimum temperature,
deg. Character of weather, 5 a.m., clear;
am., cloudy.

arometer reduced to sea level.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WEATHER BUREAU. Reports received at Los Angeles, Cal., on Dec. 3, 1893. GEORGE E. FRANKLIN, Observer, Observations taken at all ctations at 8 p.m., 75th meridian time.

Place of Observation.
Ingeles, cloudy
Diego, cloudy
Luis Obispo, cloudy
Luis oparity cloudy
Trancisco, partly cloudy.



ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The use of First street cut as a driveway, as is done at present, suggests the ssibilities for easy driving through

San Diego is importing apples from the north, while in the back country of that county there is a bounteous apple crop, which is not moved to the Silver Gate for lack of railroad facili-ties. This should not be so.

The real estate market in Redlands is beginning to look brighter. A num-ber of tracts have been purchased there lately for subdivision, which tends to remind old-timers of the 1887 boom days. Perhaps the going up of the new hotel, and the prospects of a canner, has something to do with this.

Santa Ana has an up-to-date aggre gation of bona fide hobos. Yesterday eighteen of the chain-gang, who are worked on the rock pile, struck for betworked on the rock pile, struck for bet-ter grub and refused to work until they should get it. They were all thrown in jail to be fed on bread and water and little of that until they come to their

Pasadena will cease to be a paradise for tramps in the near future. The experiment of making vagrants pay for their board and lodging by pounding rocks is going to be tried, and it is safe to say that Weary Wrag-gles and Dusty Rhodes will give Pasadena a wide berth as soon as the pro-posed rock pile becomes a stern

It is to be hoped the Postoffice De partment will allow two temporary clerks in the postoffice in this city in addition to the present force, as asked for by Postmaster Van Dusen. It is a well-known fact that there is not sufficient help employed for the proper handling of the mails, particularly where there are so many transie

According to the Weather Observer, the aggregate movement of wind in this city during November was 2201 miles. This would make an average velocity of three miles per hour. To the light winds which this city has, as shown by such reports as this, is in a large measure, due, no doubt, the fact that fires are seldom difficult to control when once the department can get water turned on them,

Justice of the Peace Seeley of Chino, who was sort of a Pooh-Bah and jack-of-all trades in the sugar town, has gone to Mexico, leaving a noble wife, a houseful of interesting children and many creditors to mourn his sudden departure, so say late advices from San Bernardino. As an administrator of justice he will never be missed, for, according to current reports, he was not exactly a second Daniel. Corn juice, not beet juice, is said to have caused the J. P.'s downfall, and made a dead-beat of him. This is but made a dead-beat of him. This is but another instance of where irrespon-sible men are put in places of trust and honor only to bring disgrace upon themselves, their friends and their families.

MODERN WITCHCRAFT.

Belief that Ramon Pacheco Fell by

(Phoenix Gazette:) Rather a singular case was reported yesterday to Justice Morris, and the amount of superstition linked with the affair is astonishing.

superstition linked with the affair is astonishing.

Last spring Angel Sanchez, a half-breed Indian and a medicine man, matched a horse race with Ramon Pacheco. Ramon had much the best horse, but as he neared the outcome Angel waved his hand and horse and rider fell; thus the old plug beat a racchorse. Pacheco thought he was bewitched and since then he has wasted away. On Thanksgiving he dided—Just before death called him his half-brother, Ventura Soto, sent for Angel to come and heal the man under his mesmeric influence. He Angel to come and heal the man under his mesmeric influence. He reached the place too late and Pacheco died. Soto drew a revolver as Angel entered the room and ordered life restored. Angel rubbed the dead man until whack, the six-shooter came down on his head! Four shots were fired at the prostrate man and the Mexicans all say with deadly aim, but the wizard swept the bullets away with his hands, without getting scratched.

Officers are seeking the would-be murderer, who failed to kill the man of magic power.

A Highlander's Mishar

A Highlander's Mishap.

Duncan Cameron, a Highlander in the employ of Prof. Lowe at Mt. Lowe, came down to the city yesterday, but found the air of this low altitude too heavy for him. While walking along East Second street, below Los Angeles, he was overcome with dizziness and fell heavily forward. The sidewalk seemed to fly up at the same moment and struck him squarely on the nose. He was picked up by a policeman and sent to the Receiving Hospital, where it was found that his olfactory organ was badly broken.

Broke His Wrist. While R. F. Anderson was kalsomining the ceiling of the Mead-Wright ing the ceiling of the Mead-Wright meat market yesterday morning, the ladder on which he stood slipped and he fell to the floor, breaking his right wrist. He was removed to the Receiv-ing Hospital, where Police Surgeon Bry-ant set the broken bones. Anderson is a single man. He lives at No. 228 East Second street.

THREE YEARS IN USE.

It has been tried and tested and nothing but praise is said of F. E. Browne's Purnace. No. 314 South Spring street.

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

A charming luncheon was given yes-terday by Miss Edna Bicknell at her residence on South Hill street in honor of the birthday of her sister, Mrs. H. G. of the birthday of her sister, Mrs. H. G. Cates. Covers were laid for twelve, and the table was daintily decorated with white carnations and maidenhair ferns, arrangel in a large cut-glass bowl in the center, and in clusters tied with white satin ribbon at each place. Upon the ribbon was inscribed in silver the name of the guest. Those present were Mines. Cates, Catterson, Bolye Workman, Dana Burks, Perne Johnson, George Steckel, Clarence Hall, John Hinton, Fred H. Teale, the Misses Hattie Chapman, Etta Bicknell and Edna Bicknell. During the afternoon some delightful music was rendered by Mrs. Johnson, Miss Chapman and Miss Bicknell.

NOTES AND PERSONALS. The Misses Johnson entertained de-lightfully at dinner last evening at their home on South Hope street.

The wedding of Miss Pearl Chase, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Chase, to Robert Newman Martin, took place last evening at the First Baptist Church

Church.
Mrs. Arthur M. Magee of St. John, N.
B., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. George R.
Taylor at No. 3041 Key West street.
Mrs. Morris Cohn will be at home on
the first and third Friday of the month
at her residence, No. 945 Bonnie Brae
street.

at her residence, and street.

Miss Belle Armer of San Francisco is visiting her sister, Mrs. Morris Cohn.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry F. Parker of Griffis street., corner Fremont avenue, are celebrating the arrival of twin girl bables, which arrived December 1.

NOVEMBER BREEZES.

The Air Movement Could Scarcely be Called Wind.

The Air Movement Could Scarcely be Called Wind.

The wind that blew over this city during the month of November was not enough to carry a man from here to Chicago, even though he had been in a machine adapted to float as fast as the wind blew, and had done some of the propelling himself.

The total movement, as recorded in the office of the Weather Observer, was only 2001 miles. Perhaps it is due to the fact that the winds in this city are so slight that the fires which occur are not destructive to property to the extent they are in many other cities.

The prevailing wind during the month was from the northeast, which is the normal direction. The highest velocity attained at any time during the month was twelve miles per hour, coming from the east. The mean barometric pressure during the month was 30.02 inches, which is 04 inches less than the normal. The highest pressure was 30.30 inches, and the lowest 29.71 inches.

The mean temperature was normal, it being 50 deg. Fahr. The highest temperature was 94 deg., which was 10 deg. lower than the average. The greatest daily range of temperature was 92 deg. Although there were several days of the warmer weather than usual for retore the equilibrium.

The rainfall was 80 of an inch, which was 68 of an inch less than the normal, making the deficiency for the season to November 30 is 2.52 inches.

There were twenty-two clear days, being three days in excess of the average, five fair days and three cloudy days. Frosts occurred on November 30 is 2.52 inches.

season to November 30 is 2.52 inches.
There were twenty-two clear days,
being three days in excess of the average, five fair days and three cloudy
days. Frosts occurred on November
24, 25, 26 and 27.

as McGee Given Ninety Days tor Abusing His Wife. In the Police Court yesterday, Thomas McGee, the man who disturbed the peace by hitting his wife on the nose, spitting in her face and smashing the clock and thermometer, came up for sentence. When asked if he had anything to say why he should not be punished, he delivered a long harangue and pleaded with the Court ne nad anything to say why he should not be punished, he delivered a long harangue and pleaded with the Court for mercy. He said he always turned his pockets inside out when he went home, and gave his wife all his earnings. It was necessary for him to be at work to support his family and pay off a debt. If given a light sentence he would try to live in peace with his wife, who was a good woman, though somewhat nervous and irritable. Justice Morrison said, in reply, that he had no sympathy for the defendant, who was proven guilty of three crimes—disturbing the peace, battery and malicious mischief, and should have been prosecuted on three complaints instead of one. He, therefore, sentenced the defendant to pay a fine of \$90 or serve ninety days in the County Jail. McGee will work out his fine in the chain-gang.

Jose Dominguez enriched the city treasury to the extent of \$50, the amount of his fine, for keeping his saloon open on Sunday.

Thomas Atwood was given a sentence of \$20 or twenty days for carry-

Thomas Atwood was given a sentence of \$20 or twenty days for carrying a concealed weapon, in the shape of a bolt nut tied in the corner of a bendkerwhef.

of a boit nut tied in the corner of a handkerchief.

The trial of E. Spricer, a colored plasterer, for splashing mortar on pedestrians, was set for tomorrow. This is the second time Spricer has been arrested for this offense.

The trial of ex-Chief of Police Cuddy, for disturbing the peace, was continued till this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

C. Shibley was arraigned for battery, it being alleged that he used force and violence on the person of R. P. Finch. He pleaded not guilty and was released on \$20 bail, pending trial.

MUST HAVE MORE HELP.

ostmaster Wires for Permission to Employ Two Clerks.

Postmaster Van Dusen telegraphed to the Postoffice Department at Wash-ington, D. C., yesterday asking authorlington, D. C., yesterday asking authority to at once employ two temporary clerks. The work of the office has been so crowded of late that it has been found absolutely imposible to keep up with it. Carriers can not be employed on the clerical work within the office, for the rules of the department are very strict in requiring that they be employed eight hours only. Besides, there are parts of the city which are entitled to free delivery but do not have it for the reason that there are not carriers enough to do the work.

With the approach of each whiter the increase in the quantity of mail matter is greater than on previous years, and the miracle of handling it becomes more miraculous. Clerks, however, are human, and there is a limit to even their capability. The employees, in spite of their best efforts, have been more or less "swamped," and, as a last resort, the postmaster took the action above mentioned.

At one time yesterday there was a line of people that extended away out onto the sidewalk, waiting to get their mail at the general delivery window.

A Business Lot.

We have a client who wants to lease a lot convenient to business center for five years, to build upon. We also have a buyer for cottage convenient to car line, most any location, and to cost from \$800 to \$1200; small cash payment and \$15 to \$25 a month and interest. Langworthy Co., No. 226 South Spring.

CHIMNEY SWEEPERS Are out of work, because sensible people are buying F. E. Browne's Lamp Stoves. No. 314 South Spring.

Fourth Annual Gift Sale Now on at the Queen Shoe Store, Nos. 162-164 North Main street.

THE Keating bicycles are high-grade

ABOVE PAR

Hotel del Coronado



Crowns All.

CORONADO AGENCY, No. 129 N. Spring St., Los Angeles, H. F. Nobchoss, Agent.

BEHIND THE BARS

More Burglar Gathered in by the Detectives.

One by one the burglars who infest the city are being gathered in by Chief class's lynx-eyed detectives. The latest candidate for Folsom or San Quentin candidate for Folsom or San Quentin via the burglar route is an individual who calls himself John Mitchell. Detective A. J. Bradish yesterday swore to a complaint charging Mitchell with entering the house of Mrs. Lina Franco, No. 2500 West Seventh street, on the afternoon of November 18 for the purpose of committing larceny. The burglar secured by the operation \$12.50 in money, a pair of opera glasses and a new pair of trousers belonging to Mrs. Franco's son, Fred C. Franco. Detectives Bradish and Goodman captured the thief and recovered the opera glasses and the trousers; the money had already been spent. Mitchell is about 40 years old, is well-dressed and has the appearance of being a very smooth rascal. It is suspected that he committed a number of the daylight burglaries recently reported to the police, but only one case has been fastened upon him. He is close-mouthed, and only laughs at the efforts of the detectives to pump him.

The officers say they have enough evi-

him.

The officers say they have enough evidence to send him to State's prison for a few years at least.

FIRE ALARM NUMBERS. Preference Given to the Center of

the City.

The fire-alarm box at Washington The fire-alarm box at Washington and Main streets has been changed from No. 14 to No. 94. The box which is to be placed at Second and Olive streets is to be No. 14. This is done in pursuance of the policy of having boxes with smaller numbers nearer the center of the city, where it is of the utmost importance that the department be able to respond in the shortest possible time.

Whenever an alarm comes in from a

be able to respond in the shortest possible time.

Whenever an alarm comes in from a box it is repeated from the apparatus at the City Hall on the gongs at the houses of the several fire companies. As soon as the first tap is heard preparations are quietly made to run to the fire, but it is necessary before starting to know the number of the box so as to know then umber of the box so as to know where to run to. A box with a larger number, like 94, requires more time to be tapped off than does a box with a smaller number, and each company responding must, therefore, walter of a longer time for the box to "come in" before running to the fire.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Deputy Tax-Collector Kinney Four Dead in Bed.

George L. Kinney, deputy city tax collector, was found dead in bed at his home, No. 631 Town avenue, yesterday morning. He was a sufferer from asthma, and took to his bed Monday. day morning. He was a sufferer from asthma, and took to his bed Monday. He was looked after several times during the night, but nothing unusual about his condition was noticed. When his mother-in-law went to his room in the morning, she found him dead. Death was due to asthmatic trouble or heart failure, or possibly morphine poisoning. He is known to have taken morphine occasionally when suffering from asthma, but no indications that he took any of the drug this time could be found. The body was taken to C. D. Howry's undertaking-rooms, where the Coroner will make an investigation today. Kinney was a young man who was well-known about town and had many friends. He was a brother of Robert Kinney, a teller in the Los 'Angeles National Bank. He was married, but had no children Mrs. Kinney has been quite ill for some days and it is feared she may not survive the shock caused by her husband's sudden death.

MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION Wishes the Cudahy Packing Com

pany to Get a Square Deal. At a meeting of the Manufacturers' Association last evening, F. L. Baker in the chair and G. N. Nolan acting as secretary, there was a long discussion concerning the difficulties encountered in establishing factories in Los Angeles and the obstacles thrown in the way of

and the obstacles thrown in the way of new enterprises.

The action of Health Officer Steddom in jerking the Cudahy Packing Company up short for alleged violations of sanitary lews was talked on and a motion was carried that a special committee be appointed to make a personal investigation of the methods in vogue at the Cudahy establishment and see that the firm receives fair treatment from the health board. The president appointed Max Meyberg, T. W. Phelps and F. S. Porter as the committee.

REDLANDS, ROUND TRIP \$2,75. Southern Pacific's Orange Belt line. December 3 and 4, tickets good returning until 5th, National race meet. Opening of new track. Leave Arcade Depot 8, 10:15 a.m.; 2:30, 4:30

Calling Cards, monograms, crests, etc. Hurd

e papers.
THE CENTURY ENGRAVING CO.,
No. 233 South Spring street.

THREE dollars well spent, and a rebate 32 in a beautiful wall map of the United State Subscribe for the Rand-McNally Railw Guide.

Highest Honors-World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair. DR



ON DRY STORE

239 South Broadway

Opposite City Hall

Blanket Days.

One would imagine that a special sale was in progress in our Blanket Department, so great is the demand for certain lines, but it is simply the result of selling good, honest blankets at right prices, every pair being a telling advertisement. Here are the most popular:

Quarter Gray Wool Blankets at	\$2.50
Elev en Quarter Gray Wool Blankets at	\$3.00
Eleven Quarter Fine White Blankets,	\$3.50
Eleven Quarter All-wool White Blankets, No better ever sold, at	\$5.00
Quarter White All-wool Blankets,	
Eleven Quarter Gray and Tan All-wool Blankets.	\$4.75

Eleven Gray Blankets, Quarter Quarter Gray Blankets, Gray Wool Blankets, Quarter \$3.00

Tourists' Wool Shawl Blankets, at..... We have complete lines of the Celebrated San Jose Blankets

90000000 000000\$0000000000000

When Others Fail Consult DR. LIEBIG & CO



The Oldest Dispensary on the Coast. Established twenty-five years. PRIVATE DIS-EASES OF MEN A SPECIALTY.

Not a dollar need be paid UNTIL CURED.

We cure the worst cases of CATARRH in we to three months.

Special Surgeon from San Francisco Dis-ansary in constant attendance. Examinations with microscope, including analysis.

FREE TO EVERYBODY. The poor treated ree from 10 to 12 Fridays.

Our long experience. free from 10 to 12 Fridays.
Our long experience enables us to treat the worst case of wasting drain with ABSOLUTE CERTAINTY OF SUCCESS. matter what your trouble is, come and ith us. You will not regret it. 123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Buy it, try it, and you will us no other.

FURNITURE,

Carpets..... South Spring St. Lace and Silk Curtains Blankets and Comforts Portieres, Olicioths Window Shades Linoleums, Mattings, Etc. Baby Carriages.

BANNING CO., 222 SOUTH SPRING STREET

Hand-picked, Southfield Wellington Lump Coal, \$11 per ton, delivered Cement and Catalina Island Soapstone. Agents for SANTA CATALINA ISLAND; also for W. T. Co.'s Ocean Excursion Steam es, Tugs, Yachts and Pleasure Launches

Certainly we sell Cloaks and Capes. We are selling a great many just at this present time owing to special reductions on all first-class garments. You know we have been selling cloaks for a number of years, and have been one of the largest advertisers in the city. We believe in giving facts in advertising, and in giving a reduction when we advertise a reduction. That is exactly what we are doing at the present time in the cloak department. Giving big reductions. No use to advertise to sell a cape marked \$10, for \$8; you would not know what kind of a cape we are advertising. The better plan would be to come and see the Capes. Look at the plain figures at which they are marked to sell and then let us give you the reduced price. You will then have the goods and the price before you; certainly the reduction will be large enough. We cut, fit, and baste capes free, and are doing a large business in this way. A new line of black and colored boucles for capes, from \$2 to \$3.50 a yard—It takes from 1 1-2 to 2 yards to cut a cape. We have a line of Cloakings reduced from \$1.50 down to \$1 a yard. Capes cut and fitted in the bargain; most any one can make a cape when they are basted.

Eiderdown Flannels with Tam O'Shanter Caps to match Something new and novel in the way of materials for children's Cloaks. Our supply of Eiderdowns is by far the largest in the city. The styles are all new and to see how pretty the New Caps are will awaken large interest in these beautiful goods. Special display in our show windows

today. Three qualities in Ladies' Underwear, 25c, 331c, 50c. A new lot opened today. Very much better than any yet offered.

Have you noticed the great increase in the numbers visiting the store. Easily, two to one over a year ago. The Dress Goods Department is the center of attraction at present. Large quantities of Plaids and Boucles are leaving the counter every day. We are showing 30 styles in Plaids. Some of the lengths are getting short. The Plaid Craze has been wonderful. All prices from 20c a yard to \$1. Plenty

newberry's.

Olive Oil.

The following brands of California Oils are absolutely pure Howland's Olive Oil; qts.....\$1.00

Howland's Olive Oil, pints......60c

El Montecito Olive Oil, large.......\$1.00

El Montecito Olive Oil, small................75c

Elwood Cooper's Olive Oil, quarts.....\$1.00

New crop of California Olives are in and are very fine.
Selling at 20c per quart

Do not grow on THISTLES. Cheap pigments mixed with cheap oil by cheap help will not make good paint. If "Town and Country" paints were made that way they would be poor paints. too. In buying paints do you gather grapes of thorns? P. H. MATHEWS, N.E. cor. Main and Second sts. Millen, Bluett & Co. Main and Second sts. Mullen, Bluett & Co.

Wanting to see you arrayed in a Black Clay Cutaway Suit at \$15 or \$18. These are model black suits, comparing with tailored in fit and finish, but at a figure to meet everybody. A nice evening suit is yours for \$15, and a trial means a continuous dress-up around among our noted wearables.

TRY THEM.

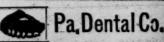
101 N. Spring St., 201-203-205-207-209 W. First St.

REDUCED FEE TODAY-CALL-TODAY. AT HOTEL RAMONA

He is well paid that is well satisfied-Thousands who have taken the Keeley treatment are well satisfied.

The Keeley Institute, Cor. N. Main and Commercial Sts., Over Farmers' and Merchants' Bank

Fresh Literature. A Few of the Very Latest. Our stock of new books is very complete Come and look it over. Stoll & Thayer Co. Booksellers and Stationers. 139 S. Spring St.



Is making a big run on plates. Now is the 226 South Spring.

The W. H. PERRY

Lumber Mig. Co



MERCHANTS' BEST FRIENDS MERCHANTS' BEST FRENDS.

Be it remembered that newspapers are the merchants' tried and true mediums for advertising. Use them largely if not exclusively. Programmes, circulars, novelty and house "schemes" are seldom if ever of any value as advertising media. The original "paylead" of the advertising mine lies in the "veins" of the newspaper—country as well as city.—(Keystone.

You will not think it hard to know what to buy for a present to a gentleman if you visit our store. Our holiday lines of neckwear, mufflers, suspenders, gloves, canes, umbrellas, smoking jackets, etc., have arrived and are the handsomest we have ever seen. Our reputation for being square-dealing low-priced people should make our store a safe place to buy such goods. "Silverwood," the men's furnisher, 124 South Spring street.

nisher, 124 South Spring street.

The Christian Alliance meets at Y.M.
C.A. Hall at 2:30 o'clock today, when
Dr. Yoakum will fully relate his miraculous healing from injuries pronounced fatal by twenty-five physicians in Denver, one of whom is expected to be present to corroborate the
facts. Public invited.

Gentlemen Howell's Palace of Foot-

facts. Public invited.

Gentlemen, Howell's Palace of Footwear has just received a large shipment of extension sole shoes, which
we will offer you this week at \$3.50;
great value. No. 111 South Spring St.

great value. No. 111 South Spring St.
Today's special, Campbells' curto
store, 325 S. Spring street., 109 flower,
fern and moss books, 35 cents, 50
cents and 75 cents, worth 50 cents, 75
cents and 31 each. Send one East.
Several persons were seen to disappear while passing No. 125½ West
Third street. Upon investigation 9t
was found they were calling upon R.
B. Stephens & Co., for real estate.
The public realize that we mean business; our Fur Capes are going, come
and see how cheap they have been
marked; secure yours before the stock
is broken. Coulter Dry Goods Co.
The funeral of Miss Jessle E. Dunn,
who died at Pomona Monday morring, will be held at Rossedale temorrow afternoon on the sartival of the 1
c'clock train on the Santa Fe.
Ladies go to Hówell's Palace of Foot-

Ladies go to Howell's Palace of Foot-mear and have your shoes cleaned and polished free of charge. No. 111 South Spring street.

Closing out. Must be closed out this week, all the stock at the Third-street Furniture Exchange, Nos. 118 and 120 West Third street.

A sectional map of the five southern counties of California given free with each prepaid yearly subscription to The Daily Times.

Daily Times.

A fine Oxford Bible will be given free with each prepaid yearly mall subscription to The Daily Times.

\$5000 to \$20,000 to loan at 7 per cent. on "inside" business property. Address P., box 55, Times office.

Tyndall has proved himself a great clairvoyant, and thousands have visited him.

Wing Hing Wo, Chinese and Japanese Bazar, No. 238 South Spring, for hol-iday goods.

Campbell's curio store will have spe-cial sales Wednesdays and Saturdays It is remarkable how cheap Fur Capes are being sold at Coulter's this week.

week.
Mr. R. Samish, studio for china decorating at Meyberg Bros.', 138 S. Main.
Rev. G. A. Cleaveland of Riverside, 'American Baptist Church tonight.
Visitors welcome, School of Art and Design, 110 West Second Street.
Tickets for the assemblies at Woman's Exchange, No. 346½ Broadway.
Campbell's curic store, 325 S. Spring.

Campbell's curio store, 325 S. Spring Special sale today at Campbell's. Call on Tyndall before he goes Fur work, Fuller's, Pasadena.

The First National Bank started the bankers' subscriptions to La Fiesta with a \$200 cash donation yesterday. Deputy Constable Mugnemi arrested Joe Phillips yesterday evening for dis-charging firearms within the city lim-

Tent No. 2, Knights of the Maccabees, will elect officers this evening. Banner Tent, No. 21, will meet for the same

purpose Friday evening. Gen. Sherman has promised to donate the full proceeds from two of the Pasadena electric cars for one entire day of next week to the Newsboys' Home. The sixteenth regular semi-annual meeting of the Southern California Medical Society will convene in the parlors of the Westminster Hotel today

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union office for J. M. Hub-bard, S. N. Butts, Alex B. Young, Wil-liam J. Purdy, Miss Frankle Thorne, Mrs. Matilda Smith, and John Sefady. First-street cut is being used to a considerable extent as a driveway, as shown by the well-worn wagon tracks passing through it. The earth which has caved in, however, leaves the track outie narrow.

quite narrow.

The Army and Navy League will hold its regular monthly meeting for the election of officers this evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp, in Judge Morrison's courtroom. As important business is to be transacted, Adjt. Davis especially requests a full attendance.

The regular meeting of the Los Angeles W.C.T.U. will be held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the First Baptist Church, corner Sixth and Broadway. The subject of an address to be given is "The Duty of Parents and Society to the Child." There will also be a parliamentary drill.

be a parliamentary drill.

The Christian Alliance will hold its weekly meeting today at 2:30 p.m. at the Y.M.C.A. Hall, when Dr. F. E. Yoakum will relate in full his experience of miraculous healing by the hand of the Lord, in answer to prayer, from injuries pronounced necessarily fatal by twenty-five prominent physicians.

MEXICAN CARVED LEATHER.

How This Beautiful Art Work is Manufactured

How This Beautiful Art Work is Manufactured in This City.

The W. G. Walz Company have now in their employ the well-known and most celebrated Mexican leather-carver in the State, and they Invite the public to call and inspect the work made by Senor Lopez, who makes the most beautiful designs in belts, hat bands, shawi straps, photo frames, cigar cases, card cases, apectacle cases, magazine covers, portfolios, purses, chatelaine bags, satchels, pocketbooks, music rolls, and many other useful articles, and on special orders he places monograms in the most artistic style. These are just the goods for Christmas presents, W. G. Wals-Company Curio Store, No. 221 South Spring street.

It Will Pay You

To visit the Queen Shoe Store, Nos. 182-164
North Main street, and see the extraordinary
low values for fine shoes that are being offered
there during this (December) menth.

With Every Sale

Of \$3 worth of shoes and upward, the Queen
Shoe Store, Nos. 162-164 North Main street,
will give a handsome Christmas gift.

DO YOU WANT A COOKING RANGE? Here's your chance to select from the best hes ever brought to the Coast. Three car-cads just in, and, in order to help everybody at, we will for thirty days give you in per seh, discount from our regular prices. Ev-rything the very best. W. C. FURREY CO.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report

IN THE OIL FIELD.

REFINER EDWARDS DOESN'T KNOW WHERE TO MOVE.

He Thinks There are Too Many Sensitive Noses in Los Angeles and Suggests a Manufacturing

E. A. Edwards, who owns and manages the oil-refinery at Second street and Beaudry avenue, that has caused considerable hard language to ascend toward the heavens, is anxious to make the acquaintance of some person who will sell or lease to him a habitation and a home for his outfit. Mr. Edwards to cutte observitu ordinarily, but he wore is quite cheerful ordinarily, but he wore a look of perplexity and serio-comic de-spair yesterday. "This is a pretty how-de-do," he said.

spair yesterday.

"This is a pretty how-de-do," he said.

"Here I am ordered to move my plant, for reasons whose justness I freely confess, and, on account of several quite peculiar and unnecessary features of the city, I find it very difficult to secure a new location. What Los Angeles needs is a little of the indifference of some Eastern cities to unpleasant sights and sounds which has made them successful manufacturing centers. Enterprising and wide-awake cities in other States are mighty glad to get factories of all kinds to come into their midst, and some of them are willing to pay bonuses to giue factories, crematories and many other ill-smelling affairs.

"It would be a good idea to do here as several Eastern cities have done—set apart a certain section of the city for manufacturing plants, with the understanding that, within the limits established, any sort of a factory could establish itself and attend to its business

lished, any sort of a factory could es-tablish itself and attend to its business

tablish itself and attend to its business without molestation.

"I made some arrangements to move to the river bottom at the foot of Ninth street, but Health Officer Steddom says I had better not go there, as the people in the neighborhood would not allow me to remain long. I'd like to know how these people with sensitive nostrils expect this city to amount to anything if they discourage enterprises which successful cities are glad to have."

which successful the Pacific Oil Rehave."

The pipe line of the Pacific Oil Refining and Supply Company broke at the corner of Seventh street and Grand avenue about noon on Monday, and work was delayed at the pumping station till 6:30 o'clock in the evening, when the repairing of the break was completed.

when the repairing of the break was completed.

Burdett Chandler finished making pipe connections with his tank, and began pumping, on Beaudry avenue, about 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon.

Bophs & Lesile began drilling their new well on Victor street last evening.

Toung, Beach & Cochrane will abandon their well on Victor street and drill a new one on E. Huntley's lot at the corner of Temple and Figueroa streets.

James Powell is having a 450-barrel tank built at Temple and Victor streets.

James Powell is having a 450-barrel tank built at Temple and Victor streets.

The casing is all down in the North Bros.' well on Temple street, opposite Victor street, and will be perforated, preparatory to pumping, today.

About 220 feet of the casing in the Doheny-Connon well on Belmont avenue near West First street will be pulled out, and the bottom of the remaining string perforated in a day or two. Pumping will then begin.

The Ferguson & Canfield well on Temple street near Figueroa street is down about 900 feet.

The Loma Oil Company well, No. 8, is being cased preparatory to drilling. Well No. 9 is down about 780 feet. Both are on Figueroa street.

The Doheny-Connon well on Figueroa street is down about 675 feet, and casing is being out in.

A derrick frame for the new Rummel well on Park place was erected yesterday.

The Strauss pumping plant near

well on Park place was erected yester-day.

The Strauss pumping plant near Edgeware road is being housed in out of the rain.

The bull wheel at the Davidson well, corner of West State and Hobart streets, broke yesterday. Drilling will be resumed this morning.

The Rex Oil Company put a derrick frame up for well No. 4 yesterday. Drilling at well No. 3 began yesterday afternoon.

afternoon.

Richard Green has reached a depth
of 380 feet in his new well near the corner of West First street and Belmont

Smith's Danders Founde, a sure remedy for tandruff, falling hair and ttehing scane. One bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded, at Sale & Son's Drug Store, No. 220 South Spring street.

QUERY. Which huggy is the best in the corld for the money? The Columbra Buggy Co.'s buggy. Query. Who sells them? Answer. Hawley, King & Co.

ELECTRIC oil stoves or hot-air furnace-take your choice to heat your house this win-ter. Nauerth & Cass Hardware Co. has them No. 226 South Spring street.

The Woman **Economist**

Can find much to glory over in such Underwear trading as this store does. Every right, warm, winter Underwear want at prices which are a THIRD LESS than you'll find equal qualities in the dry goods stores for. 80c Combination Suits at 50c; \$8.00 ones at \$2.30. That's the way prices run.

way prices run.

THE Unique, Ladies' Furnishers,

247 S. SPRING ST.

Board of Supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors was still auditing demands yesterday, but the regular order of business was suspended long enough to dispose of the following matters:

Upon motion of Supervisor Field it was ordered that the county furnish the Vernon road district with 700 tons of gravel on condition that the district has it hauled from the railroad and spread, three loads wide, the gravel to be paid for out of the general road fund.

Tund.

Upon motion of Supervisor Field, the matter of the increased water supply at the County Hospital was referred to the Hospital Committee with power to

TOP buggles \$75, at Hawley, King & Co.'s. U. S. HOTEL, rooms 31 per week and up.

BEST assortment of vehicles-Hawley, King

ઌૢૼૺઌ૽૽૱ઌૺ૱૱૱૽ૢ૽૱૽ૺ૱૽૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱ A Great

Gathering

Is this December Millinery show of ours, great in style, great in the smallness of its prices. Search the city from Temple street to Fourth and where do you find its equal, measured from any standpoint? - Why shouldn't the women % come here to buy?

LUD ZOBEL,

Milliner of Style,

219 South Spring St

> WATCH Our daily

Bargain Bulletins of Special Prices. Come here every day if possible if

Christmas Present t a SAVING OF ONE-THIRD. Today is Opera Glass Day.

At \$1.25 you can buy an elegant Black Morocco-covered Opera Glass that usually sells for \$3. Here is the Big Bargain of the At \$3.75, Real Pearl,



Lamiers & Chevaller's, special lot, superior made opera glasses—real pear! mounted—powerful lenses—from the famous French manufacturers, Lamiers & Chevaller—always 16.50 to 87 for this make.

BURGER'S Cut Rate Store,

213 S. Spring St. Hollenbeck Hotel Block.

Manufacturing Jeweler and Silve
smith, Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

4 ppropriate

GIFTS.

The time for a leisurely satisfactory selection of Christmas Gifts is, perhaps, now ripe. The assortments of Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds, Solid Silver Novelties, Table Ware and Clocks are now as grandly complete as they can be-while the absence of the "Holiday Hurry" favors an intelligent selection.

ISSNER & CO.,

Spring St.

Hamburger & Sons.

December Selling of high-grade merchandise at after-holiday clearance prices—Low Prices at the busiest time of the year speak well for the PEOPLE'S STORE'S style of modern merchandising. Have you visited our Down-Stairs Departments yet, and have you seen our vast stock of Crockery, Glassware, Clocks, Lamps, Dolls and Toys? Seen the Low Prices ?

John Foster & Co's,-LADIES' \$5.00 FINE FOOTWEAR-Today, Only \$3.95 Pair.

Furs At such prices that were it midsummer instead of just-beginning of winter, you'd buy, simply to save the very latest and made as they should be. Our prices, however, are not what they should be high, as Furs are help of the warrant every inch of fur in our garments; prices lower than anyone's and styles the latest. If not so, your money back.

Fur Capes.

inches long and very full sweep, the sort with the hair up; reduced from their actual value of \$\frac{9}{2}\$ to only...

Fur Capes.

Real Black Lynx, 27 inches long, heavy sliklining, very wide sweep; reduced from \$8.50

Seal Fur Capes.

Electric Seal Capes

Of very finest selected whole skins; large Marten Fur collars and silk linings; the 37-inch long Capes reduced from \$22.50 to \$17.50, and the 34-inch garments reduced from \$20.00.....

Ladies' Skirts.

Infants' Robes,

Dress Goods Doings Extraordinary: great clear ing of high-class ing of high-class foreign fabrics: extra specials in black Dress Goods, in fact our Dry Goods Department today will present an animated appearance, owing to the great cut in prices that we have inaugurated. Fall goods, latest exclusive patterns, at prices that we will name today will move them quickly. Ready money will move them quickly. Ready money will prove its importance and purchasing power today for we've a rare bress Silks.

Every yard of high-art French Novelies, high-cost Plaids, high-art 75° Serman Novelities, English or Scotch Novelities, every yard of Plece Goods worth \$3, \$2.50 YARD and \$2 go for \$1.50, \$1.25 and....

Today

New Mohair Tufted Boucles, Silk and Wool Novelties, Bourettes, rough effects, English, Scotch and French Cheviots, Coverts and Fancies; values up to \$1.25

Today

ti Dress Silks for Sixty-eight cents: 75c Black Silks in Pekin Stripes and Brocades for Thirty-eight cents; 85c jet-black Guinet et Cle Taffeta Silks today for only.

Satin Duchesse, Satin de Lyon, Peau de Soie, Gros de Londres, Gros Grains and Armures, Damasse, Chine Brocades and Pompadours; worth up to 83 a yard for \$1.50, \$1.25

Today

An entirely new line of Foreign Fancies in Black Handsome Boursetted Wools and Mohairs, plain Mohairs and reversible Sicilians and plain black

Today

inens teresting story this morning;

morning; it will more will more will more will more through to the end; it WILL SAVE YOU MONEY. Dame Fortune favored us. Our Mr. S. A. Hamburger was just getting ready to leave New York when a foreign representative of a great linen house wanted MONEY for LINENS he had on hand. THEY WERE ALL SHORT LENGTHS. Mr. S. A. Hamburger got these short lengths for VERY SHORT MONEY. You can have these Linens this day for the smallest kinds of prices.

These Are They.

All-Linen 34 Bleach Table Linens in pleces fully 2½ yards long for only 56c; 2 yards long for 45c, and a lot of them 1½ yards long will cost you only......

Short-Length Linens.

Bleached and unbleached Damasi Linens, Oil-boiled Turkey-red Linens fast color Green and Turkey-red Damasks, 2% yard pieces for 85c; 2 yard pieces for 65c; 1% yard pieces also; all 55 inches wide.

58-inch Damasks.

A great lot of unbleached Linen Damaski full 58 inches wide; 2½ yard leagths go for 90; the 2 yard or over pieces are only 70c, and any from 1½ yards are only.... 62-inch Linens.

Full bleached, 14-bleached, unbleached, turkey-red and red and green Damasks, prices for the length really less than you pay by the yard; 2% yard pleces \$1.10; 2 yard pleces \$0.00; and 1½ yard pleces for.....

Table Damasks.

German and Irish

Satin Damasks in bleached, 64 inches wide; more than one kind, all worth a great deal more than asked for; the two and a half yard pieces go for \$1.50 and \$1.50 and \$1.35, and the shorter pieces 1½ yards for \$1.00 and ...

Finest Satin Damasks

Footwear

We refer to the HIGHEST GRADES. At this time of the year, particularly, a low grade article is positively worthless. A WELL APPEARING SHOE attracts attention; the PRICE and FIT sell it; the WEAR brings back the customer. Our line of CORK SOLE ladies' shoes have the correct appearance, price, fit and wear. Shoes combining all the above attributes are what you need Allshoes sold by us are guaranteed to qualify in every particular.

The Vassar Shoe

ton shoes, patent leather tips; rery latest Razor toe; Cork Soles, they'll let no wet in but they'll keep the cold out; \$3.00

Winter Shoes.

Ladies' Button Shoes, made from GEN-UINE RUSSIAN COLTSKIN tanned by special process, giving it fineness and durability. Self tipped and have \$3.00 the Cork Soles. Storm and

Ladies' Shoes. Of the very finest French CALPSKIN, with the CORK SOLES, handsome selftipped, latest style razo toes and warranted positively water and weather-proof, per pair.....

Winter Oxfords.

Weather Defiance from the ground up. Foster & Co.'s Fine French "Kidskin" Oxford Ties; pilable CORK SOLES that are as light as a hand-turned with the wear of a welt sole; per pr

Fine Footwear

For ladies. THE PEOPLE'S STORE warrants them. Foster & Co.'s Flexible warrants them. Foster & Co.* Flexible CORK SOLE Shoes in either button or lace: fine French KIDSKIN or cloth-top; patent leather tips, sensible square toes; \$5.00 the latest.

Swell Footwear

A. Hamburger & Sons.



We Don't Say Too Much

When we state that for prettiness and lowness of price our stock of Boys' Fauntleroy Blouses and Waists are hard to beat. Prices

25c to \$3.

We have a fine assortment of Boys' Bows and Ties for

25c and 50c.

Our Bulletin Board. mething New Every Dayln Prices. Corner Fourth and Spring.

Micyler's . Poland Rock Addres It Doesn't Pay

To be careless about your clothes when you can buy a nice All-wool Suit for \$10 to \$12.50, and well made, when it comes from the right store. For a little more money, say \$15, \$17.50 or \$20 you can be dressed like a

banker.

Have you seen our \$15 over-coats, or those all-wool trousers

\$2.50.

Dream Dresses

For men, or more commonly called

Are very conspicuous in our Furnishing Department. Silk or fancy embroidered, for the holiday trade, or French fiannel, canton flanuel, balbriggan, cotton drill, muslin for every day, or rather every night usefulness. Prices

See our Smoking Jackets.



NIGHTSHIRTS,

50c to \$5.00. Do vou smoke?

your attention. We have a

can please your taste and be right in price.

25c, 5oc, 75c, \$1.00

This is

Style

a Cap,

And is only meant to attract

great many more styles, and

Of

Only One

. .

and up to \$2.50 For extremely fine novelties.

Hoff Asbestos Mnfg. Co. Elsinore, California. Stove Back Lining and Furna

> TORS and BROODERS Are the best. See ther before buying. POULTRY SUPPLIES
>
> - Bone Cutters, All
> Cutters, Shell Grind
> Spray Pumps, Cape
> ing Seta Drinking Fina, Poultry Books, etc. Catalogues free
> JOHN D. MERCER, 117 E. Second

ASBESTOS STEAM PIPE COVERINGS.

tos Extract to make your own Fire Proof Roof Paint. Asbestos Fire Proof Whitewash.

DR. SANG,

Chinese Physician and Surgeon. Cures all kinds of diseases. SPECIALTIES. Rheumatism, Spasmodic Cough, Can-cer, Female Weaknesses, Cholera Morbus, Heart Disease, Loss of Man-

108 S. Los Angeles st. PIONEER TRUCK COMPANY

CONSULTATION FREE.

Omce: G. SANG TONG'S CHINESE DRUG'STORE,

ONE MORE DAY. is left to secure your bargains at our store. Our sweeping-out sale will stop tomorrow.

MATZMURA & CO., 521 S. BROADWAY.

Visit our bambeo parlor.

We will offer for sale for a few days to titles of "The Stratford Edition." is mos. cloth bound, stamped in gold For 15c.

Cheaper than paper covers. Come early, GARDNER & OLIVER 106 S. Spring

PER WEER, 200 FIVE CENTS

FOURTEEN YEARS OF PROGRESS aging wagon-loads of money.) Fuller & which was considered a "big thing." ers to accede to an arbitrary demand of the "Old ary 1, 1892, consisted of only 12 pages of the "Old ary 1, 1892, consisted of only 12 pages of the "Old ary 1, 1892, consisted of only 12 pages of the "Old ary 1, 1892, consisted of only 12 pages of the "Old ary 1, 1892, consisted of the Typographical Union, not affect."

"THE TIMES" HAS FORGED AHEAD ALONG WITH THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES.

From a Modest Beginning it Has Grown to Its Present Stature-Step by Step it Has Advanced Through Every Period of Danger and Doubt to a Position of Acknowledged Power-How the Work of Building Up Was Done.

A BIRTHDAY SKETCH.

1881, the first number of the Los Angeles Times appeared. It was then a goods at the corner of Main and Comseven-column, four-page sheet, 22 inches by 32 inches in size,

The projectors were Thomas Gardiner and N. Cole, Jr., who, however, ceeded by Jesse Yarnell, Thomas J. Caystile and S. J. Mathes, owners of the Weekly Mirror.

The Weekly Mirror had been issued successfully since February 1, 1873, and after the birth of the new daily it the weekly edition of The Times, and was doubled in size. R. R. Haines (the "Commodore") was one of the editorial writers.

new sheet was neat, and it looked as on Commercial street. The grocery if it had come to stay. Its principles stores advertised were those of Thomas and intentions were outlined as fol-

"This morning the Los Angeles Daily Times is respectfully presented to the public, a new and hopeful candidate for a share of the patronage of this

for a share of the patronage of this community.

"It has but few promises to make, other than that it will work earnestly and strenuously in the interest of Los Angeles and for the general improvement and welfare of the southern counties of California. . . While its principles will be Republican, it will not be the organ of any party or clique, and will be subservient to no interests other than those of the public weal."

A glance through the first issues shows that a municipal election was to be held on the following day. At the previous city election between 1800 and 1900 votes had been polled, about evenly divided between the Republiat that time President of the City

Council, Even at that early day a mass-meeting was held to consider the Sundaylaw question. The ministers were preaching on the evils of divorce. It criticism have up to the present been Spring street. W. B. Prichard had a so successful as could be desired. The so successful as could be desired. The walnut industry was already an important one, the crop that year being estimated at forty carloads. The only titles in the McDonald Block, Main place of amusement mentioned was the old Turn Verein Hall.

The railroad time-table was not a lengthy one, the Southern Pacific being the only company represented. The train from the East arrived at 4:45 p.m. and left at 8:25 a.m.; the train from San Francisco got in at 7:55 a.m. and left at 5:15 p.m. There was als a third-class train to and from San Francisco and the East. Only one train ran daily to Santa Monica, with an extra train on Sundays. 'To Wilmington there were two trains and to Santa Ana one.

wheat. No. 1, at \$1.50; barley, \$1.40 to ney, 8 to 10 cents; potate \$1.50 to \$1.85 per cwt.; apples, 75c. to \$1.25 a box; Los Angeles oranges, \$1.50 to \$2.50 a box, and lemons, \$2.00 to \$3.00. Dried fruits were much higher then than today, peeled peaches being quoted at 20 to 25 cents; pitted plums, cents; sliced apples, 9 to 14 cents; California prunes, 13 to 15 cents, and raisins, \$2.25 to \$2.50 per box. In the retail market imported raisins were then quoted at a much higher price than the California product.

A correspondent—"G. H. F."—writ-ing from San Francisco, refers to the building boom in progress there, and had been introduced, breaking up the otony of the old-time square house with bay windows. The change has be still more marked since then, and join the Spanish adobe. Instances of venal San Francisco judges and the use of money to control legislation were given by this correspondent, which would apply equally well today. The Santa Fe was trying to get terminal facilities in San Francisco. It has been trying ever since, but has not yet suc-

Among outside affairs, the Guiteau trial was then the principal topic of discussion. Keifer of Ohio had been Speaker of the House by the Republican caucus. Walker Blaine and Hon. William Preston were United States Com missioners to arrange difficulties with

The editorial columns were mainly devoted to outlining the policy of the new paper. Extracts therefrom will be found above. The municipal election, the Welsh language, the gradual ex-tinction of forests in England and Scotland, and the Tay bridge disaster

The first issue of The Times made an excellent showing of advertisements, more than sixteen of the twenty-eight

Fourteen years ago, on December 4, | Harris in the Downey Block. IJ. Siegel mercial. Sharp & Bloeser, upholsterers were at No. 134 Main street. W. W and S. A. Widney kept holiday goods at No. 132 Main street. Meyberg Bros. advertised similar goods and crockery at No. 81. Goldman the watchmake was at No. 28 Spring street. F. J. Gillmore had a big advertisement of the Dollar Store at No. 25 Spring street, opposite the Courthouse, where Christmas presents could be obtained. Dotter & Bradley-how the Los Angeles Furniture Company-were dealing in weiler was then, as now, selling wagons on Los Angeles street. Chapman & Paul then sold hardware and tinware Strohm, at the corner of First and

Vine; Len J. Thompson & Co., No. 36 Spring street, and Seymour, Johnson & Co., No. 133 Main street. The hotels advertised were the Prescott House, corner Commercial and Los Angeles streets; Pico House; Cosmopolitan, on Main street, (run by Hammel & Denker,) and the St. Charles, run by T. W. Strobridge, who sold out during the boom. The Kimball Mansion, on New High street, was then a first-class lodging-house. The advertising banks were the Los Angeles County, First National and Farmers' and Merchants'. The

professional cards included the of Joseph Kurtz, Isaac Fellows, George B. Beach and J. Hammon, physicians, R. G. Cunningham and William Hazeltine, dentists; Edwin Baxter and Will D. Gould, attorneys; Rysor & Morgan and W. R. Norton, architects, and J. J. cans and the Democrats. B. Cohn was Warner ("Don Juan," now dead,) nctary

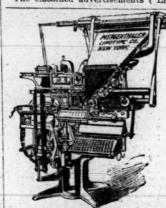
> scarcely represented at all. The only property advertised for sale was a house on Charity street, on the hill: ter acres of land and a city lot by Morgan & Edwards, real estate agents street, and Judson, Gilette & Gibson announced themselves as examiners of street.

Among other advertisers Holmes & Scott were selling wood and coal on Spring street; F. Adam was a merchant tailor on the same street; F. Hanniman & Co. sold fruits and nuts on Main



THE OLD WAY-HAND COMPOSITION House, on Main street, opposite the Courthouse, and Gardner's candy store

was below the Pico House. There was an advertisement of Semi-Tropic California," an illustrated monthly, published by Coleman & Dickey. Among the contributors mentioned were L. J. Rose, Gov. Downey, I. Q. A. Ballou, Ellwood Cooper, J. J. Groom, Dr. Congar and Asabel Foot. The classified advertisements ("Lin-



THE NEW WAY-THE LINOTYPE.

ers,") now such a feature of The as might be expected, in the first issue was one personal notice, two of rooms wanted and a notice of Smith's house, on Commercial street. RAPID GROWTH.

The Daily Times was a success from the start. In less than three months a circulation had been reached larger than that of any of the older-estab

lished papers In April the paper was enlarged to

street; E. C. Gildden was agent for sewing machines; Hilario Preciado had ing an important one, filling two ena Mexican restaurant on Main street; the columns on April 26. On May 22, own business, promptly secured other being as great an improvement over at the close of 1891.

P. Massay had an employment office on 1883. A. W. Francisco, formerly of the printers, and, although the first few its predecessors as they had been over On March 27, 1892, State Journal, became a member shoes, under the sign of the Red of the firm, baving purchased the in-1884, Mr. Francisco and Mr. Mathes re- its way, while the foolish and vicious mands that may be made upon its ern California Railway, over which

> two pages began to be issued, to accomdate the increasing advartising. Thomas J. Caystile, one of the prorictors, died on May 16, 1884, much friends for the paper. The boycotters regratted by a numerous circle of

Commencing August 5, 1884, the title of the "Times-Mirror Company" was adopted and published at the head of paper, and incorporation followed a little later. During the same month ! radical enterprise was inaugurated by the publishers in the matter of telegraphic news, the daily budget being enlarged threefold and the expenditures for that object increased accord ingly. This stroke of enterprise placed the paper away ahead of its former position in this regard, and proved a

The demand upon the printing facilities of the office now became such that more machinery was required. In October a new two-revolution, single cylinder Campbell press was put in. paper with increased celerity.

ource of keen satisfaction to the pub-

In the same month the Times-Mirror Company was incorporated, with a capital stock of \$40,000, which was increased in 1886 to \$60,000, for the purpose of erecting the Times Building. On Sunday, December 20, 1885, the regular issue for the first time consisted

of eight pages.
On April 6, 1886, the company was reorganized, Albert McFarland and W. A Spalding became owners and Col. Otis being made president and general

On June 10, the paper was compelled to issue a daily supplement of two pages. During that year the circulation of the paper more than doubled. Routes of delivery had been established in many outside towns.

On the 23d of October, 1886, a handsome new dress was donned; the quarto form (eight pages, six columns to the was adopted, and the sheet enlarged to the size of 30x44 inches. An daily, old-style folding-machine was put in. From and after February 13, 1887.

the paper was published "every day in the year." Hitherto no paper had been published from the office on Monday. On May 1, 1887, the office was re moved to its present fine granite and brick building, on a lot purchased by the company the year before.

On May 28, a fifth enlargement was made to a standard seven-column quarto, the paper after this time consisting frequently of twelve sevencolumn pages and frequently sixteen on Sundays.

On September 1, 1887, a new contract was entered into with the Associated Press, under which the news service an eight-column sheet, 24x38. At the was greatly expanded.

strikers were out in the cold by their In July, 1893, a daily supplement of own act, where they still remain. The criminal boycott, which they established and kept up for months, has hurt them irreparably, and made "fell down" long since, and the boycott is dead. Since 1890 the office has been manned by "Fraternity" printers, members of an organized labor body having reason, justice and arbitration

for its leading principles. On the 4th day of December, 1890, the capital stock of the Times-Mirro Company was increased from sixty shares of a par value of \$1000 each to 120 shares of a like par value. The same owners in the proportion of two

On October 24, 1891, the weekly edition was enlarged to twelve pages of even columns each. The Times was, as stated, a brilliant



THE OLD METHOD-AND THE OLD-STYLE PRESS. success from the start, but its most phenomenal progress has been during the past five years.

The circulation at various	
since August, 1890, is given belo	m:
	Copies.
For August, 1890 (month of the print-	
ers' strike	6.713
For January, 1891	8,380
For July, 1891	8,657
For January, 1892	9,938
For July, 1892	10,788
For January, 1893	11.715
For July, 1893	12,541
For January, 1894 (net)	13,193
For August, 1894 (net)	12,535
For January, 1895 (net)	14,470
For July, 1895 (net)	14,445
For October, 1895 (net)	15,362
For November, 1895 (gross)	16,180
For the past week the circ	ulation
has averaged (gross) 16 999	canles

The energy of the publishers has been taxed to keep up with the con-stantly-growing demand for improvements, made necessary by the rapid growth of circulation and advertising, which have increased steadily, until today the average circulation of The Times is, as just stated, over 16,000 copies, while for some time past the mount of advertising matter published has averaged between 55 and 60 per cent, of that published in the three leading morning papers of San I'rancisco combined. advertisements ("Liners") in the Sunday Times occupy alone about five

In July, 1893, the "Columbia" press was installed, which prints, folds and complete description of the resources

issues after the strike had a rather the earlier presses. At the same times soon again pursuing the even tenor of Times is now ready to meet all de- the "Kite-shaped Track" of the South circulation for some years to come. SPECIAL NUMBERS.

> During the past ten years The Times has issued many numbers of extra size and importance on special occasions, chiefly for the purpose of circulating authentic information in regard to this favored section among those who reside east of the mountains. No labor or expense have been spared in the preparation of these issues, which are admitted to be models of their class. The exaggerated statements so fre and "boom" pamphlets have been carefully avoided by The Times, the publishers holding that "the truth about Southern California is good enough. That the public appreciate these issues is shown by the great demand for them, the sales of the Midsummer Number of The Times for 1895 having

eached 43,500 copies. The first special issue of importance was on January 1, 1885. It was a tenpage number, containing a history of the growth of Los Angeles county dur-

the previous year. On Sunday, June 28, 1885, in a sixpage number a semi-annual review of the progress of the city was made.

On January 1, 1886, was published an "Annual Trade Number" of twelve pages, a "Special Immigration Edition" of six pages, and a "Special New Year's Edition" of the Weekly Mirror, consisting of twelve pages.

On December 4, 1886, the opening of the sixth year of the paper's existence. a special twelve-page number was published, which contained, among other things, a description of the Times Building, then in course of construction, and a short account of each local paper in Southern California.

The Annual Trade Number published January 1, 1887, as a double sheet, containing 24 pages, devoted to the material interests of Southern Cali-

On July 1, 1887, a 16-page number was published, in celebration of the re ception held at the new Times Building.

Grand Army edition of 16 pages was

The Trade Number issued on January 1, 1888, consisted of 20 pages of columns each. It was the most am bitious number yet issued by The containing much valuable information in regard to Southern Cali-

On February 23, 1888. The Times con tained special matter in connection with the installation of the "Presto" press.

The Annual Trade Number on January 1, 1889 consisted of 56 pages of four columns each stitched. It contained a

On March 27, 1892, was published s issues after the strike had a rather the earlier presses. At the same times special number of 20 pages, descriptive "rocky" appearance, the paper was a new steam plant was installed. The The Times had organized an early, morning delivery of papers.

In the fall of that year—on October 21, 1892—was published a "Columbian Number" of 28 pages, which contains an interesting story of the discover of Southern California, and the progress made by this section during the can and American rule, also facts in regard to the new press which The Times had just installed, and a descrip tion of the remarkable foundation prepared for the press.
On the 2d of July, 1893, was pub-

lished the "Columbia Press Numb 28 pages-another notable issue, profusely illustrated, and containing mass of valuable information, including a complete description of "making a modern newspaper.

On October 15, 1893, during the sion of the National Irrigation Congress in Los Angeles, The Times pt lished a special number of 18 pages containing interesting information garding irrigation in general and more especially in Southern California.

On January 1, 1894, was published a "Midwinter Number" of 18 pages, which contained, among other things, interesting information regarding the Midwinter Fair, then in progress in

On February 18, 1894, a number of 24 pages was published, giving information regarding the linotype machin which had been placed in The Times

On April 11, 12, 13 and 14, 1994, the issues of The Times contained complete and interesting descriptions of the first clebration of the Fiesta de Los An-

On January 1, 1895, an exceptionally fine trade number of 36 pages, profusely illustrated—the largest paper up to that time issued by The Times-was published. It contained a complete and carefully compiled description of the various sections of Southern California and their industries.

On February 19 the issue of The Times contained special matter pertaining to the reception given in the Times Building in honor of the installation of the "Columbia" and

Guard. On July 20 special matter was published in connection with another re-

ception given in the pressroom. Continuing the steady march of improvement, on August 15, The Times issued a profusely-illustrated summer Number" of 40 pages, which went off "like hot cakes," the sales of this number, as stated above, having reached over 43,000 copies.

The Midwinter Number of The Times for 1896, to be issued on the 1st of next month, will not be behind its prede

The Los Angeles Times has thus endeavored, during the whole of its career, to show itself pre-eminently the friend-the practical, helpful friendof the land and the country in which it is published, and to whose intelligent. appreciative and generous people it owes so much of its success

KING HENRY IV.

The Shakespearean Recital by Hannibal A. Williams.

The Shakespearean Recital by Hannibal A. Williams.

Hannibal A. Williams of New York
delighted an audience of about two
hundred people gathered last evening
in the Ebeli parlors to hear the first of
his Shakespearean recitals. The recitals are private, given by subscription, and fortunate, indeed, is the lover
of Shakespeare who is privileged to
hear Mr. Williams's finished and
scholarly interpretation of his plays.

Mr. Williams does not claim to be an
actor, nor is he an elocutionist in the
ordinary sense of the word. He has ne
stage accessories, nor is there the
slightest straining after effect. All that
is seen by the audience is a stalwart
man in evening dress, talking quietly
and with few gestures, but, as he talks,
the scene gradually unfolds. The flexible, well-modulated voice conveys, in
the subtlest of shading, the whole
spirit of the scene. The unctuous
chuckle, blatant, boasting and sly
humor of Falstaff are there; the careless mirth and splendid bursts of
knightly spirit of Madoan Hal; the

chuckle, blatant, boasting and sly humor of Falstaff are there; the careless mirth and splendid bursts of knightly spirit of Madcap Hal; the valor and impetuosity of Hotspur; the melancholy majesty of the King.

The entire play of "King Henry IV" was given last evening, and each scene was more delightful than the last. The rough humor of Hal and his boon companions is portrayed with sly touches of a mirth that is irresistible, and the stately measure of the blank verse in other portions of the play is given with a delicacy of phrasing and refinement of intonation that lends new music to the familiar rhythm of the lines.

The whole effect is quiet, but occasionally the reader brings out the reserve force that is always felt, and springs into a splendid burst of power, fairly flinging himself into the passion of the scene. It is worth much trouble to hear Shakespeare read like that.

Mr. Williams will read "The Taming of the Shrew" at Mrs. Caswell's reception this afternoon, and on Thureday and Friday evenings "The Winters Tale" and "The Tempest" will be given at the Ebell parlors. No. 345 South Main street.

Boy and Mule.

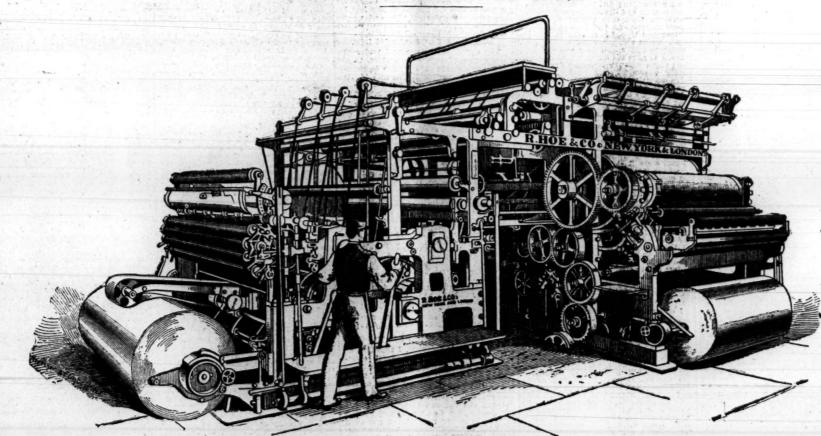
Boy and Mule.

Henry Atwater, an eight-year-old boy living in East Los Angeles, mounted the family mule yesterday evening to take a ride in the back yard. The muleran under the clothesline, which brushed Henry off, and the little fellow had his arm broken. No doctor could be found who would set it for less than \$25, which was more than the boy's parents could afford to pay, so they took him to the Police Receiving Hospital, where Dr. Bryant mended the broken bones, gratis.

Returned Two Indictments

The Federal grand jury vesterday re-turned two indictments. One of these charged the cutting of government timber, and bond was fixed at \$20. The other indictment, it is supposed, makes accusation against two parties for the bond was fixed at \$1000 each. The send-ing of obscene letters through the United States mails is the charge main

THE NEW METHOD ON THE "OLD GUARD."



R. HOE & CO.'S DOUBLE SUPPLEMENT-INSETTING STEREOTYPE PERFECTING PRINTING PRESS AND FOLDER.

street; the office of the Pacific Coast same time the subscription was re-Steamship Company had just been removed to Commercial street; De Turk tween Spring and Fort; J. Birnbaum ran a tailor shop under the Cosmopolitan Hotel; Harper, Reynolds & Co. an-

duced from 25 to 20 cents a week. A lished a sworn statement of circulation, the running speed of 12,000 copies per after the boom second enlargement took place on July had a livery stable on First street, be- 2, 1882, to a nine-column sheet, 28x42. On August 1, 1882, Col. H. G. Otis entered the firm as an owner and was constituted editor of the Daily Times nounced themselves as the leading and the Weekly Mirror, a position hardware house of Southern California; which he has held ever since, with an overland transfer company on Market street, where Wells Pargo's office then was; Payne, Stanton & Co. conducted the Elite photograph gallery in per, which at that time was that time was the make-up of the particle of the particle operation on the 22d of February, when a "Presto" reception was given, attended by hundreds of citizens.

showing the daily average for the hour, week ending October 29. Henceforth hour. the Sunday issue became more than ever a specialty, with much extra reading and advertising.

On October 30, 1887, was first pub- | counts 10, 12, 14 or 16-page papers at | and prospects of Southern California hour, or 8-page papers at 24,900 per

with the installation of this press was The first Hoe perfecting-press ever and unique foundation, composed of used in Southern California arrived on stones, marbles, onyx and rocks of natural and historical interest gathered Angeles county between 1880 and 1890. from widely-separated parts of the

The Annual Trade Number for 1890

An interesting feature in connection tained 54 pages with a cover. The Annual Trade Number for Janu the construction of an entirely original ary 1, 1891, consisted of 24 large pages.

was also four columns wide. It con-

On September 5, 1891, was published a "Harvest Number" of 20 pages, de-

water power.

At the close of the first year a bonather the Cosmopolition Holds and Starting the first power.

At the close of the first year a bonather counties.

By D. S. Corona, under the Cosmopolition Holds and Starting the first power.

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The close of the first year a bonather counties.

The close of the seven southern counties.

The first given to the world, in the editorial columns of this paper, the celebrated columns of this paper, the celebrated correspondence been increased to the main the clive by 186. Each of the seven southern counties.

The close of the first year a bonather counties.

The close of the first year a bonather counties.

The close of the first year a bonather counties.

The close of the first year a bonather counties.

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The close of the first year a bonather counties.

The first given to the world, in the editorial columns of this paper, the celebrated columns of this paper, the celebrated columns of thi

STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

ANNUAL MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT TO THE TWO HOUSES OF CONGRESS.

Political and Financial Relations with Other Countries-Recommendation Prompt Settlement of the Alaska Boundary Question-Insists on the Full Consideration of the Venezuela Matter -- The New Financial Plan Treated Very Fully.

(Wired to The Times Over the Western Union Lines.)

FULL TEXT OF THE MESSAGE. | sought no advantages, and interposed To the Congress of the United

The present assemblage of the legislaare present assemblage of the legisla-tive branch of our government occurs at a time when the interests of our peo-ple and the needs of the country give especial prominence to the condition of our foreign relations and the exigencles of our national finances. The reports of the government fully and plainly exof our national finances. The reports of the government fully and plainly exhibit what has been accomplished within the scope of their respective dutles, and present such recommendations within the scope of their respectives, and present such recommendations for the betterment of our country's condition as patriotic and intelligent labor and observation suggest. I therefore deem my executive duty adequately performed at this time by presenting to Congress the important phases of our situation, as related to our intercourse with foreign nations, and a statement of the financial problems which confront us, omitting, except as they are related to these topics, any reference to departmental operations. I carnestly invite, however, not only the careful consideration, but the severely-critical serutiny of Congress and my fellow-countrymen to the reports concerning these departmental operations. reinweductivities departmental operations. If justly and fairly examined, they will furnish proof of assiduous and painscare for the public welfare. I press the recommendations they con-tain upon the respectful attention of tain upon the respectful attention of those charged with the duty of legislation, because I believe their adoption would promote the people's good.

TARIFF ON WOOL.

TARIFF ON WOOL.

By mandatory tariff legislation in

January last, the Argentine Republic,
recognizing the value of the large market opened to the free importation of
its wools under our last tariff act, has
admitted certain products of the United
States to entry at reduced duties. It is
pleasing to note that the efforts we have
made to enlarge the exchanges of trade
on a sound basis of mutual benefit are
in this instance appreciated by the
country from which our woolen factories draw their needful supply of raw
material. ARGENTINE AND BRAZIL

The mission boundary dispute be-tween the Argentine Republic and Brazil referred to the President of zil referred to the President of the United States, as arbitrator during the term of my predecessor, and which was submitted to me for determination, resulted in an award in favor of Brazil upon the historical and documentary evidence presented thus ending a long protracted controversy and again demonstrating the wisdom and desirability of settling international boundary disputes by recourse to friendly arbitration. Negotiations are progressing for a revival of the United States and Chilean Claims Commission, whose work

an Claims Commission, whose work was abruptly terminated last year by CHILE'S FINANCIAL POLICY. The resumption of specie payment by Chile is a step of great interest and importance, both in its direct consequences upon her own welfare and as evincing the ascendancy of sound financial principles in one of the most influential of the South American republics.

THE CHINESE ATROCITIES. THE CHINESE ATROCITIES.

The close of the momentous struggle between China and Japan, while relieving the diplomatic agents of this government from the delicate duty they undertook at the request of both countries, of rendering such service to the subjects of either beligerent within the territorial limits of the other as our neutral position permitted, developed a domestic condition in the Chinese empire, which has caused much anxiety and called for prompt and careful attention. Either as a result of a weak control by the central government over the provincial, administration, following a diminution of traditional government all authority under the stress of an overwhelming national disaster, or as a fanifestation upon good opportunity of the aversion of the Chinese population to all foreign ways and undertakings, there have occurred, in widely separated provinces of China, serious outbraks of the old fanatical spirit against foreigners which, unchecked by the cal authorities, if not actually connived at the term of the calculation somewhat injurious to American export interests, not only in Germany, where they are perhaps most noticeable, but in adjacent countries. The close of the momentous struggle between China and Japan, while re-lieving the diplomatic agents of this breaks of the old fanatical spirit against foreigners which, unchecked by the local authorities, if not actually connived at by them, have culminated in mob attacks on foreign missionary stations, causing much destruction of property and attended with personal injuries, as well as loss of life. Although but one American citizen was reported to have been actually wounded, and, although the destruction of property may have fallen more heavily upon the missionaries of other nationalities than our own, it plainly behooves this government to take the most promut and decided action to guard ugainst similar, or perhaps more dreadful, calamities, befalling the hundreds of American mission stations which have grown up the temperate rule of toleration, custom and imperial edict. The demand of the United States and other powers for the degradation and punishment of the responsible officials of the respective cities and provinces who, by neglect, or otherwise, had permitted the uprisings, and for the adoption of stern measures by the Emperor's government for the protection of the life and property of foreigners, were followed by the disgrace and dismissal of certain provincial officials found derelict in duty and the punishment by death of a number of these adjudged guilty of participating in the outrages.

and the punishment by death of a number of these adjudged guilty of participating in the outrages.

This government insisted that a special American committee should visit the province where the first disturbances occurred, for the purpose of investigation. This committee, formed after such opposition, has gone overland from Tien-Tsin, accompanied by a suitable Chinese escort, and by its demonstration of the readiness and ability of our government to protect its citizens will act, it is believed, as a most influential deterrent of any similar outbreaks. The energetic steps we have thus taken are all the more likely to result in future safety to our citizens in China, because the imperial government is, I am persuaded, entirely convinced that we desire only the liberty and protection of our own citizens and redress for any wrongs they may have supered, and that we have no ulterior designs or objects, political or otherwise.

sought no advantages, and interposed no counsel.

The governments of both China and Japan have, in special dispatches tronsmitted through their respective diplomatic representatives, expressed in a most pleasing manner their grateful appreciation of our assistance to their citizens during the unhappy struggle and of the value of our aid in paving the way to their resumption of peaceful relations. RELATIONS WITH FRANCE.

RELATIONS WITH FRANCE.

The customary cordial relations between this country and France have been undisturbed with the exception that a full explanation of the treatment of John L. Waller by the expeditionary military authorities of France, still remains to be given. Mr. Waller, formerly United States Consul at Tamatave, remained in Madagascar; his term of office expired, and he was apparently successful in procuring business concessions from the Hovas of greater or lesser value. After the occupation of Tamatave and declaration of martial law by the French, he was arrested upon various charges, among greater or lesser value. After the occupation of Tamatave and declaration of martial law by the French, he was arrested upon various charges, among them that of communicating military information to the enemies of France, was tried and convicted by a military tribunal, and sentenced to thirty years imprisonment. Following the course, justified by abundant precedences, this government requested from that of France the record of the proceedings of the French tribunal which resulted in Mr. Waller's condemnation. This request has been compiled with to the extent of supplying a copy of the official record from which appear the constitution and organization of the court, the charges as formulated, and the general course and result of the trial, and by which it is shown that the accused was tried in open court and was defended by counsel. But the evidence adduced in support of the charges, which was not received by the French Minister of Foreign Affairs till the first week in October, has thus far been withheld, the French government taking the ground that its production in response to our demand would establish a bad precedent. The efforts of our ambassador to procure it, however, though impeded by recent changes in the French Ministry, have not been related, and it is confidently expected that some satisfactory solution of the matter will shortly be reached. Meanwhile, it appears that Mr. Waller's confinement has every alleviation which the state of his health and all the other circumstances of the case demand or permit.

PERMANENT TREATY OF ARBI-PERMANENT TREATY OF ARBI-

TRATION. In agreeable contrast to the difference above noted respecting a matter of common concern where nothing is sought except such a mutually satisfactory outcome as the true merits of the case require, is the recent solution of the French chambers favoring the conclusion of a permanent treaty of arbitration between the two countries.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION. An invitation has been extended by France to the government and people of the United States to participate in a great international exposition at Paris in 1900, as a suitable commemoration of the close of this, the world's marvelous century of progress. I heartlly recommend its acceptance together with such legislation as will ade-quately provide for a due representa-tion of this government and its peo-ple on the occasion.

American export interests, not only in Germany, where they are perhaps most noticeable, but in adjacent countries. The exports affected are largely American cattle, and other food products, the reason assigned for unfavorable discrimination being that their consumption is deleterious to the public health. This is all the more irritating, in view of the fact that no European state is as jealous of the excellence and wholesomeness of its exported food supplies as the United States, nor so easily able, on account of inherent roundness, to guarantee these qualities. Nor are these difficulties confined to our food products designed for exportation. Our great insurance companies, for example, heaving here. ment to take the most promot and decided action to guard ugainst similar, or perhaps more dreadful, calamities, befalling the hundreds of American commission stations which have grown up throughout the interior of China under the temperate rule of toleration, custom and imperial edict. The demands of the United States and other powers for the degradation and punishment of the responsible officials of the respective cities and provinces who, by neglect, or otherwise, had permitted the uprisings, and for the adoption of stern measures by the Emperor's government for the protection of the life and property of foreigners, were followed by the disgrace and dismissal of certain provincial officials found derelict in duty and the punishment by death of a number of these adjudged guilty of participating in the outrages.

This government insisted that a special American committee should visit the province where the first disturbances occurred, for the purpose of investigation. This committee, formed officer such opposition, has gone overland from Tien-Tien, accompanied by a suitable Chinese escort, and by its demonstration of the readiness and ability of our government to protect its citizens will act, it is believed, as a most influential deterrent of any similar outbreaks. The energetic sieps we have shus taken are all the more likely to result in future safety to our citizens in China, because the imperial government is, I am persuaded, entirely convinced that we desire only the liberty and protection of our own citizens and redress for any wrongs they may have surfered, and that we have no ulterior designs or objects, political or otherwise.

OUR GOOD SERVICES.

China will not forget either our kindly service to her citizens during her late war, nor the further fact, that, while furnishing all the facilities at our command to further the negotiation of pages between her and Japan, we have the opening of the Kiel Canal. It was the opening of the Kiel Canal. It was the opening of the Kiel Canal. It was the command to

fitting that this extraordinary achievement of the newer German nationality should be celebrated in the progress of American exposition of the latest developments of the world's naval energy. RELATIONS WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

velopments of the world's naval evergy.

RELATIONS WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

Our relations with Great Britain, always intimate and important, have demanded during the past year even a greater share of consideration than is usual. Several vexatious questions were left undetermined by the decision of the Bering Sea arbitration tribunal. The application of the principles laid down by that august body has not been followed by the results they were intended to accomplish, either because the principles themselves lacked in breadth and definiteness, or because their execution has been more or less imperfect. Much correspondence has been exchanged between the two governments on the subject of preventing the exterminating slaughter of seals. The insufficiency of British patrol of Bering Sea, under the regulations agreed on by the two governments, has been pointed out and yet only two British ships have been on police duty during this season in these waters.

The need of a hore effective enforcement of existing regulations, as well as the adoption of such additional regulations as experience has shown to be absolutely necessary to chryr out the intent of the awards, have been earnestly urged upon the British government, but thus far without effective result. In the mean time, the depletion of seal herds by means of pelagic hunting has so alarmingly progressed that, unless their slaughter is at once effec-

ing has so alarmingly progressed that, unless their slaughter is at once effectively checked, their extinction within a few years seems to be a matter of absolute certainty.

BRITISH SEALING CLAIMS.

absolute certainty.

BRITISH SEALING CLAIMS.

The understanding by which the United States was to pay and Great Britain to receive a lump sum of \$425,000 in full settlement of all British claims for damages arising from our seizure of British sealing vessels unauthorized under the award of the Paris tribunal of arbitration, was not confirmed by the last Congress, which declined to make the necessary appropriation. I am still of the opinion that this arrangement was a judicious and an advantageous one for the government, and I earnestly recommend that it be again considered and sanctioned. If, however, this does not meet with the favor of Congress, it certainly will hardly dissent from the proposition that the government is bound, by every consideration of honor and good faith, to provide for the speedy adjustment of these claims by arbitration as the only other alternative. The treaty of arbitration has, therefore, been agreed upon, and will be immediately laid before the Senate, so that in one of the modes suggested, a final settlement may be reached.

Notwithstanding that Great Britain originated the proposal to enforce international rules for prevention of collsion at sea based on the recommendations of the maritime conference at Washington, and concurred in, suggesting March I, 1895, as the date to be set

tions of the maritime conference at Washington, and concurred in, suggesting March 1, 1895, as the date to be set by proclamation for carrying these rules into general effect. Her Majesty's government, having encountered opposition on the part of British shipping interests, announced its inability to accept that, which was subsequently canceled. The entire matter is still in abeyance without prospect of a better condition in the near future.

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDAPIES

condition in the near future.

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARIES.

The commissioners appointed to mark the international boundary in Passamaquoddy Bay, according to the description of the treaty of Ghent, have not fully agreed. The completion of the preliminary survey of that Alaskan boundary which follows the contour of the coast from the southernmost point of Prince of Wales Island until it strikes the one hundred and fifty-first meridian at or near the summit of Mt. St. Elias, awaits further necessary appropriations, which are urgently recommended. This survey was undertaken under the provisions of the convention entered into by this country and Great Britain July 22, 1892, and the supplementary conventions of February 3, 1894. As to the remaining section of the Alaskan boundary, which follows the one hundred and forty-first meridian northwardly from Mt. St. Elias to the frozen ocean, the settlement of which involves the physical location of the meridian mentioned, no conventional agreement has yet been made. The ascertainment of a given meridian at a particular point is a work requiring much time and careful observation and surveys. Such observation and surveys were undertaken by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey in 1890 and 1891, while similar work in the same quarters under British auspices are believed to give nearly coincident results, but these surveys have been independently conducted and no international agreement to mark these or any other parts of the one hundred and forty-first meridian by permanent monuments has yet been made. In the meantime, the valley of the Yukon is becoming a high-way through the hitherto unexplored. INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARIES. yet been made. In the meantime, the valley of the Yukon is becoming a highway through the hitherto unexplored wilds of Alaska, and abundant mineral wealth has been discovered in that region, especially at or near the junction of the boundary meridian with the Yukon and its tributaries. In these circumstances it is expedient, indeed imperative, that the jurisdictional limits of the respective governments in this new region be speedily determined. Her Britannic Majesty's government has proposed a joint delimitation of the one-hundred and forty-first meridian by an international commission of experts, which, if Congress will authorize it and make due provision therefor, can be accomplished with no unreasonable delay: It is impossible to overlook the vital importance of continuing the work already entered upon and supplementing it by further effective measures looking to the exact location of this boundary line.

JURISDICTION IN THE CREAT valley of the Yukon is becoming a high

line.
JURISDICTION IN THE GREAT I call attention to the unsatisfactory delimitation of the respective jurisdictions of the United States and the Dominion of Canada in the Great Lakes at the approaches to the narrow waters that connect them. These waters in question are frequented by fishermen of both nationalities, and their nets are there used. Owing to the uncertainty and ignorance as to the true boundary vexatious disputes and injurious selzures of boats and nets by Canadian cruisers often occur, while any positive settlement thereof by an accepted standard is not easily to be reached. A joint commission to determine the line in these quarters, on a practical basis, by measured courses, following range marks on shore, is a necessity for which immediate provision should be made.

THE VENEZUELAN MATTER.

It being apparent that the boundary I call attention to the unsatisfacto

It being apparent that the boundary dispute between Great Britain and the Republic of Venezuela concerning the limits of British Guiana was approaching an acute stage, a definite statement of the interest and policy of these United States as regards the controversy seemed to be required both on its own account and in view of its relations with the friendly powers directly concerned. In July last therefore a dispatch was addressed to our Ambassador at London for communication to the British government, in which the attitude of the United States was fully and distinctly set forth. The general conclusions therein reached and formulated are in substance that the traditional and established policy of this government is firmly opposed to a forcible increase by any European power of its territorial possessions on this continent, that this policy is as well founded in principle as it is strongly supported by numerous precedents; that, as a consequence, the United States is bound to protest against the enlargement of the area of British Guinea in derogation of the rights and against the will of Venegating the disparity It being apparent that the boundary

in strength of Great Britian and Venesuela, the territorial dispute between
them can be reasonably settled only by
friendly and impartial arbitration, and
the resort to such arbitration should
include the whole controversy, and it
is not satisfied if one of the powers
concerned is permitted to draw an
arbitrary line through the territory in
debate, and to declare that it will submit to arbitrate only the portion lying
on one side of it. In view of these conclusions the dispatch in question called
upon the British government for a
definite answer to the question whether
it would not submit the territorial
controversy between itself and Venesuela in its entirety to impartial arbitration. The answer of the British
government has not yet been received,
but is expected shortly, when further
communication on the subject will
probably be made to the Congress.

HAWAHAN AFFAIRS.

HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

Early in January last an uprising against the government of Hawaii was promptly suppressed. Martial law was forthwith proclaimed and numerous arrests were made of persons suspected of being in sympathy with the royalist party. Among these were several citizens of the United States, who were either convicted by a military court and sentenced to death, imprisonment or fine, or were deported without trial. The United States, while denying protection to such as had taken the Hawaiian oath of allegiance, insisted that martial law, though altering the forms of justice could not supersede justice liself, and demanded stay of execution until the proceedings had been submitted to this government and knowledge obtained therefrom that our citizens had received fair trial. The death sentences were subsequently commuted or were remitted on condition of leaving the islands. The cases of certain Americans arrested and expelled by arbitrary order without formal charge or trial have had attention and in some instances have been found to justify remonstrance and a claim for indemnity which Hawaii has not thus far conceded.

Mr. Thurston, the Hawaiian Minister, HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

conceded.

Mr. Thurston, the Hawailan Minister, having furnished this government abundant reason for asking that he be recalled, that course was pursued, and his successor has lately been received.

THE COLORADO LYNCHINGS. The deplorable lynching of severa The deplorable lynching of several Italian laborers in Colorado was naturally followed by international representations and I am happy to say the best efforts of the State in which the outrages occurred have been put forth best efforts of the State in which the outrages occurred have been put forth to discover and punish the perpetrators of this atrocious crime. The dependent families of some of the unfortunate victims invite by their deplorable condition gracious provision for their needs. These manifestations against helpless aliens may be traced through successive stages to the vicious padrone system which, unchecked by our immigration and contract labor statutes, controls these workers from the moment of landing on our shores and farms them out in distant and often rude regions where their sharpening competition in the fields of bread-winning toil brings them into collision with other labor interests. While welcoming, as we should, those who seek our shores to merge themselves in our body politic and win personal competence by honest effort, we cannot regard such assemblages of distinctively allen laborers, hired out to speculators and shipped hither and thither as the prospect of gain may indicate, as otherwise than repugnant to the spirit of our civilization, deterrent to individual advancement, and hindrance to the building up of stable communities resting upon the wholesome prosperity and vancement, and insurance to the building up of stable communities resting upon the wholesome prosperity and progress of our nation. If legislation can reach this growing evil it certainly should be attempted.

CONGRATULATES JAPAN.

Japan has furnished abundant evi-dence of her vast gain in every trait and characteristic that constitutes a nation's greatness. We have reason for nation's greatness. We have reason for congratulations in the fact that the government of the United States by the exchange of liberal treaty stipulations with the new Japan was the first to recognize her wonderful advance, and to extend to her the consideration and confidence due to her national enlightenment and progressive character.

The boundary dispute which lately threatened to embroil Guatemala and Mexico has happily yielded to pacific counsels, and its determination has by the joint agreement of the parties been submitted to the sole arbitration of the United States Minister to Mexico.

MEXICO'S BOUNDARY LINE.

The commission appointed under the convention of February 18, 1889, to set new monuments along the boundary between the United States and Mexico has completed its task.

AID TO DESTITUTE NEGROES. scheme for the colonization in Mexscheme for the colonization in Mexico of negroes, mostly emigrants from Alabama under contract, a great number of these helpless and suffering people starving and smitten with contagious disease, made their way, or were assisted to the frontier in a wretched plight, and were quarantined by the Texas authorities. Learning of their destitute condition, I directed rations to be temporarily furnished them through the War Department. At the destitute condition, I directed rations to be temporarily furnished them through the War Department. At the expiration of their quaranine they were conveyed by the railway company at comparatively nominal rates to their homes in Alabama on my assurance, in the absence of any control of the coast transportation, that I would recommend to Congress an appropriation for its payment. I do strongly urge upon Congress the propriety of making such an appropriation. It should be remembered the measures taken were dictated not only by sympathy and humanity, but by a conviction that it was notcompatible with the dignity of this government that so large a body of our dependent citizens should be thrown for relief upon the charity of a neighboring State.

THE MOSQUITO STRIP.

selief upon the charity of a neighboring State.

THE MOSQUITO STRIP.

In last year's message, I narrated at some length the jurisdictional questions then freshly arisen in the Mosquito Indian strip of Nicaragua. Since that time, by the voluntary act of the Mosquito nations, the territory reserved to them has been incorporated with Nicaragua, the Indians formally subjecting themselves to be governed by the general laws and regulations, and thus availing themselves of a privilege secured to them by the treaty between Nicaragua and Great Britain on January 28, 1880.

After this extension of uniform Nicaragua administration to the Mosquito strip, the case of the British Vice-Consul, Hatch, and of several of his countrymen who had been summarily expelled from Nicaragua and treated with considerable indignity, provoked a claim by Great Britain upon Nicaragua for pecuniary indemnity, which upon Nicaragua's refusal to admit liability, was enforced by Great Britain. While the sovereignty and jurisdiction of Nicaragua was in no way questioned by Great Britain, the former's arbitrary conduct in regard to British subjects furnished the ground for this proceeding. A British naval force occupied without resistance the Pacific seaport of Corinto, but was soon afterward withdrawn upon the promise that the sum demanded would be paid. Throughout this incident the kindly offices port of the United States were invoked and were employed in favor of as peaceful a settlement and as much consideration and indulgence toward. Nicaragua as were consistent with the nature of the case. The efforts have since been made the subject of appreciative and grateful recognition by Nicarague.

CORONATION OF THE CZAR.

emonial participation of the United States, and in accordance with usage and diplomatic propriety our minister to the Imperial court has been directed

cocasion.

Correspondence is on file touching the practice of Russian consuls within the jurisdiction of the United States to interrogate citisens as to their race and religious faith, and upon ascertainment thereof deny the Jews passports for legal documents in Russia. Inasmuch as such a proceeding imposes a disability which, in the case of succession to property in Russia, may be found to property in Russia, may be found

MODUS VIVENDI WITH RUSSIA. MODUS VIVENDI WITH RUSSIA.

The pending claims of sealing vessels of the United States seized in Russian waters are unadjusted. Our recent convention with Russia establishing a modus vivendi as to imperial jurisdiction in such cases has prevented further difficulty of this nature. The Russian government has welcomed in principle our suggestion for a modus vivendi to embrace Great Britain and Japan, locoking to the better preservation, of seal life in the North Pacific and Bering Sea and the extension of the protected area defined by the Paris tribunal to all Pacific waters north of the thirty-fifth parallel. It is especially noticeable that Russia favors prohibition of the use of firearms in seal hunting throughout the proposed area, and a longer closed season for pelagic sealing.

SAMOAN AFFAIRS.

SAMOAN AFFAIRS.

position we occupied as one of the parties to a treaty or agreement by which we became jointly bound win England and Germany to interfere with the government and control of Samoa, as in effect to assume the management of its affairs. On the 9th day of May, 1894. I transmitted to the Senate a special message with accompanying documents, giving information on the subject, and emphasizing the opinion I have at all times entertained, that our situation in this matter was inconsistent with the mission and traditions of our government, in violation of the principles we profess, and in all its phases mischievous and vexatious. I again press this subject upon the attention of the Congress, and ask for such legislative action or expression as will lead the way to our relief from obligations both irksome and unnatural.

THE CUBAN INSURRECTION.

Cuba is again gravely disturbed. An insurrection, in one respect more active than the last preceding revolt, which continued from 1868 to 1878, now exists in a large part of the eastern interior of the island, menacing even some pop-ulations on the coast. Besides derangulations on the coast. Besides deranging the commercial exchanges of the island, of which our country takes the predominant share, this flagrant condition of hostility, by arousing sentimental sympathy and inciting adventurous support among our people, has entailed earnest effort on the part of this government to enforce obedience to our neutrality laws and to prevent the territory of the United States from being used as a vantage ground from which to aid those in arms against Spanish sovereignity. Whatever may be the traditional sympathy of our countrymen as individuals with a people who seem to be struggling for larger autonomy and greater freedom, the plain duty of this government is to observe seem to be struggling for larger autonomy and greater freedom, the plain duty of this government is to observe in good faith the recognized obligations of international relationship. The performance of this duty should not be made more difficult by disregard on the part of our citizens of the obligations growing out of the allegiance to their country, which should restrain them from violating, as individuals, the neutrality which the nation of which they are members is bound to observe in its relations to friendly foreign States. Though neither the warmth of our peorelations to friendly foreign States. Though neither the warmth of our people's sympathy with the Cuban insurgents, nor our loss and material damage consequent upon the futile endeavors thus far made to restore peace and order, or any shock our humane sensibilities may have received from the cruelties which appear to especially characterize this sanguinary and fiercely-conducted war, have in the least changed the determination of the government to honestly fulfil every international obligation, yet it is to be earnestly hoped, on every ground, that the devastation of armed conflict may speedily be stayed and order and quiet restored to the distracted island, bringing in their train the activity and thrift of peaceful pursuits.

One notable instance of interference by Spain with passing American ships has occurred. On March 8 last, the Allianca, while bound from Colon to New York, and following the customary track for vessels near the Cuban shore, but outside the three middle lines and content of the customary track for vessels near the Cuban shore, but outside the three middle lines and colors.

march 5 last, the Almarca, while bound from Colon to New York, and following the customary track for vessels near the Cuban shore, but outside the three-mile limit, was fired upon by a Spanish gunboat. Protest was promptly made by the United States against this act, as not being justified by a state of war, nor permissible in respect of vessels on the usual paths of commerce, nor tolerable in view of the wanton peril occasioned to innocent life and property. The act was disavowed with full expression of regret and assurance of non-recurrence of such just cause of complaint, while the offending officer was relieved of his command. Military arrests of citizens of the United States in Cuba have occasioned frequent examinations. Where held on criminal charges their delivery to the ordinary civil jurisdiction for trial has been demanded and obtained, in conformity with treaty provisions, and where merely detained by way of military accusation under a proclaimed state of siege without formulated accusation, their release or trial has been insisted upon. The right of American consular officers on the island to prefer protests and demands in such cases having been questioned by the authorities, their enjoyment of the privilege stipulated by treaty by the consular officers on the island to prefer protests and demands in such cases having been questioned by the authorities, their enjoyment of the privilege stipulated by treaty by the consular officers on the island to prefer protests and demands in such cases having been questioned by the authorities, their enjoyment of the privilege stipulated by treaty by the consular officers on the light of American convention, and was promptly recognized.

THE MORA CLAIM The long-standing demand of An-onia Maximo Mora against Spain tonia Maximo Mora against Spain has at last been settled by the pay-ment, on the 14th of September, of the ment, on the 14th of September, of the sum originally agreed upon in liquida-tion of the claim. Its distribution among the parties entitled to receive it has proceeded as rapidly as the rights of these claiming the fund could be safely determined. CLAIMS ALLOWED.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

The enforcement of differential duties against products of this country exported to Cuba and Porto Rico prompted the immediate claim on our part to the benefit of the minimum tariff of Spain in return for the most favorable treatment permitted by our laws as regards the products of Spanish territories. A commercial arrangement was concluded in January last securing the treatment so claimed. Vigorous protests against excessive fines imposed on our ships and merchandise by the customs officers of these islands for trivial errors have resulted in the remission of such fines in instances where the equity of the complaint was apparent, though the vexatious practice has not been wholly discontinued.

continued.

THE ARMENIAN OUTRAGES.
Occurrences in Turkey have continued to excite concern. The reported massacre of Christians in Armenta and the development there and in other districts of fanatic hostility to Christian influences naturally excited apprehension for the safety of devoted men and women, who, as dependents of the foreign missionary societies in the

United States, reside in Turkey under the guarantee of law and usage, and the guarantee of law and usage, and educational and performance of their detectional and performance of their detection on our part was in no overning the true condition of affairs in operating the true condition of affairs in one performance of the Turking by comment. This movement on our part was in no ment of the United States in the so-called Eastern question, nor as an official to the proposed of the Turking by comment. This movement on our part was in no ment of the United States in the so-called Eastern question, nor as an official to the proposed of the Turking by comment of the United States in the so-called Eastern question, nor as an official to the proposed of the turking the performance of the Turking by comment of the United States in the so-called Eastern question, nor as an official true of the proposed and the proposed of the condition of the turking the proposed of the proposed to the propo

A VENEZUELAN CLAIM. The arbitration of the claim of the Venezuelan Steam Transportation Com-pany, under the treaty of January 19, pany, under the treaty of January 19, 1892, between the United States and Venezuela, resulted in an award in favor of the claimant. The government has used its good offices toward settling differences between Venezuela on the one hand and France and Belgium on the other, growing out of the dismissal of the representatives of those powers on the ground of a publication deemed offensive to Venezuela. Although that dismissal was coupled with a cordial request that other more personally agreeable envoys be sent in their stead a rupture of intercourse ensued and still continues.

THE CONSULAR SERVICE. In view of the growth of our interests In view of the growth of our interests in foreign countries and the encourage ing prospects for a general expansion of our commerce, the question of an improvement in the consular service, great body of consular officers are rendering valuable services to the trade and industries of the country, the needs that the great body of consular officers are rendering valuable services to the trade and industries of the country, the needs that the great body of consular officers are rendered and industries of the country, the needs are without the great body of consular officers are reduced and industries of the country, the needs are without the great body of consular officers are reduced and industries of the country, the needs of a better system of consular appointments. The matter having been committed to the consoders because of a better system of consular appointments. The matter having been committed to the consoders with a name of september, 1856, by the terms of the september of the secondary of September, 1856, by the terms of the secondary of September, 1856, by the terms of the secondary of September, 1856, by the terms of the secondary of September, 1856, by the terms of the secondary of September, 1856, by the terms of the second in foreign countries and the encourag-ing prospects for a general expansion of our commerce, the question of an improvement in the consular service has increased in importance and urgency. Though there is no doubt that

As we turn from a review of our foreign relations to the contemplation of
our national financial situation, we are
immediately aware that we approach a
subject of domestic concern more important than any other that can engage
our attention, and one at present in
such a perplexing and delicate predicament as to require prompt and wise
treatment.

We may be well encouraged to earnest effort in this direction when we
recall the steps already taken toward
improving our economic and financial
situation and we appreciate how well
the way has been prepared for further
propress by an aroused and intelligent
popular interest in these subjects. By
the commands of the people a customs
revenue system, designed for the protection and benefit of favored classes
at the expense of the great mass of
our countrymen and which, while inefficient for the purpose of revenue, curtailed our trade relations and impeded
our entrance to the markets of the
world, has been superseded by a
tariff which in principle is based
upon a denial of the rights of
the government to obstruct the avenues
to other peoples' cheap living, or lessen
their comfort or contentment for the
sake of according especial advantages
to favorites, and which, while encouraging our intercourse and trade with
other nations, recognizes the fact that
American self-reliance, thrift and ingenuity can build up our country's industries and develop its resources more
surely than enervating paternalism.

The compulsory purchase and coinage of silver by the government, unchecked and unregulated by business
conditions and heedless of our currency
needs, which for more than fifteen
years diluted our circulating medium,
undermined confidence abroad in our
financial ability and at last culminated
in distress and develop its resources more
surely than enervating paternalism.

The compulsory purchase and coinage of silver by the government, unchecked and unregulated by business
conditions and heedless of our currency
needs, which for more than fifteen
years

however, were kept on foot and mingled with the currency of the country, so that at the close of the year 1874 they amounted to \$381,999,073.

Immediately after that date, and in January, 1875, a law was passed providing for the resumption of specie payments, by which the Secretary of the Treasury was required, whenever additional circulation was issued to national banks to require United States notes equal in amount to 80 per cent, of such additional national bank circulations.

providing that, in payment for such silver, treasury notes of the United States should be issued. payable on demand in gold or silver coin at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury. It was, however, declared in the act to be "the established policy of the United States to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other upon the present legal ratio, or such ratio as may be provided by law."

In view of this declaration it was not deemed permissible for the Secretary of the Treasury to exercise the discretion in terms conferred on him by refusing to pay gold on these notes when demanded, because by such discrimination in favor of the gold dollar the so-called parity of the two metals would be destroyed and grave and dangerous consequences would be precipitated by affirming or accentuating the constantly-widening disparity between their actual values under the existing ratio.

It thus resulted that treasury notes

It thus resulted that treasury notes issued in payment of silver purchases under the law of 1890 were necessarily treated as gold obligations, at the option of the holders. These notes on the first day of November, 1893, when the law compelling the monthly purchase of silver was repealed, amounted to more than \$155,000,000. The notes of this description now outstanding, added to the United States notes still undiminished by redemption or cancellation, constitute a volume of gold obligations amounting to nearly \$500,000,000. These obligations are the instrument which, ever since we have had a gold rezerve, have been used to deplete it.

This reserve, as has been stated, had failen in April, 1895, to \$97,011,330. It has from that time to the present, with very few and unimportant urward movements, steadily decreased except it has been temporarily replenished by the sale of bonds. Among the causes for this constant untoward shrinkage in this fund may be mentioned the great falling-off of exports under the operation of the tariff law, until recently in force, which crippled cur exchange of commodities with foreign rations and necessitated to some extent the payment of our balances in gold, the unnatural infusion of silver into our currency, and the increasing agitation for its free and unlimited colnage, which have created apprehension as to our disposition or ability to continue gold payments.

The consequent hoarding of gold at home and the stoppage of investments of foreign exchange which have created apprehension as to our disposition or ability to continue gold payments.

The consequent hoarding of gold at home and the stoppage of investments of speculation. In consequence of these conditions the gold reserve on the 1st day of February. 1894, was reduced to \$56,433,377, having lost more than \$31,000,000 during the preceeding nine months, or, since April, 1892. Its replenishment of accomplishing it being possible, reserve being reduced to \$46,872,025, thus basing by withdrawals more than \$42,000,000 in bonds wa

than \$69,000,000, and had fallen to \$11,340,161.

Nearly \$45,000,000 had been withdrawn
within the month immediately preceding this situation. In anticipation of
impending trouble, I had, on the 28th
day of January, 1895, addressed a communication to Congress, fully setting
forth our difficulties and dangerous position, and earnestly recommending
that authority be given the Secretary
of the Treasury to issue bonds bearing
a low rate of interest, payable by their
terms in gold, for the purpose of maintaining a sufficient gold reserve, and
also for the redemption and cancellation of outstanding United States notes
and the treasury notes issued for the and the treasury notes issued for the purchase of silver under the law of purchase of silver under the law of 1890. This recommendation dld not, however, meet with legislative approval. In February, 1895, therefore, the situation was exceedingly critical. With a reserve perilously low and a refusal of congressional aid, everything indicated that the end of gold payments by the government was imminent. The results of prior bond issues had been exceedingly unsatisfactory and the large withdrawals of gold, immediately succeeding their public sale in open market, gave rise to a reasonable suspicion that a large part of the gold paid into the treasury upon such sales was promptly drawn out again by the uid into the treasury upon such sales as promptly drawn out again by the esentation of United States notes or easury notes, and found its way to a hands of those who had only temprarily parted with it in the purchase bonds.

THE BOND SYNDICATE.

THE BOND SYNDICATE.

In this emergency, and in view of its surrounding perplexities, it became entirely apparent to those upon whom the tirely apparent to those upon whom the tirely apparent to those upon whom the struggle for safety was devolved, not only that our gold reserve must for the third time in less than thirteen months be restored by another issue and sale of bonds bearing a high rate of interest and badly suited to the purpose, but that a plan must be adopted for their disposition promising better results than those realized on previous sales. An agreement was, therefore, made with a number of financiers and bankers, whereby it was stipulated that bonds described in the resumption act of 1875, payable in coin thirty years after their date, bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent, per annum and

of 1875, payable in coin thirty years after their date, bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and amounting to about \$\$2,000,000, should be exchanged for gold, receivable by weight, amounting to a little more than \$\$5,000,000.

This gold was to be delivered in such installments as would complete its delivery within about six months from the date of the contract, and at least one-half of the amount was to be furnished from abroad. It was also agreed by those supplying this gold that during the continuance of the contract they would, by every means in their power, protect the government against gold withdrawals.

The contract also provided that if Congress would authorize their issue, bonds payable by their terms in gold and bearing interest at the rate of 3 per cent, bends payable by their terms in gold and bearing interest at the rate of 3 per cent, bends described in the agreement. On the day this contract was made its terms were communicated to Congress by a special executive message, in which it was stated that more than \$16,000,000 would be saved to the government if gold bonds bearing 3 per cent, interest were authorized to be substituted for those mentioned in the contract.

The Congress having declined to

ontract.

The Congress having declined to rant the necessary authority to secure his saving, the contract, unmodified,

was carried out, resulting in a gold reserve amounting to \$107,571,350, on the sht day of July, 1895. The performance of this contract not only restored the reserve, but checked, for a time, the withdrawal of gold, and brought on a period of restored confidence and such peace and quiet in business circles as were of the greatest possible value in every interest that affects our people. I have never had the slightest misgiving concerning the wisdom or propriety of this arrangement, and am quite willing to answer for my full share of responsibility for its promotion. I believe it averted a disaster, the imminence of which was, fortunately, not at the time generally understood by our people. was carried out, resulting in a gold reserve amounting to \$107,571,320, on the

the time generally understood by our people.

Though the contract mentioned stayed for a time the tide of gold withdrawals, its good results could not be permanent. Recent withdrawals have reduced the reserve from \$101,571,320 on the \$th day of July, 1895, to \$79,333,980. How long it will remain large encugh to render its increase unnecessary is only a matter of conjecture, though quite large withdrawals for shipment in the immediate future are predicted in well-informed quarters. About \$16,000,000 has been withdrawn during the month of November.

INEFFECTUAL EFFORTS.

The foregoing statement of events

The foregoing statement of events and conditions develops the fact that, after increasing our interest-bearing bonded indebtedness more than \$162,000,000 to save our gold reserve, we are nearly where we started, having now in such reserve \$79,333,966 as against \$65,438,377 in February, 1894, when the first bonds were issued. Though the amount of gold drawn from the treasury appears to be very large, as gathered from the facts and figures herein presented, it is actually much larger, considerable cums having been acquired by the treasury within the several periods stated without the issue of bonds.

On the 28th of January, 1895, it was reported by the Secretary of the Treasury that more than \$172,000,000 of gold had been withdrawn for hoarding or shipment during the year preceding. He now reports, that from January 1, 1879, to July 14, 1890, a period of more than eleven years, only a little over \$28,000,000 was withdrawn, and that between July 14, 1890, the date of the passage of the law for an increased purchase of sliver, and the first day of December, 1895, or within less than five and a half years, there was withdrawn nearly \$375,000,000, making the total of more than \$407,000,000 drawn from the treasury in gold since January 1, 1879, the date fixed in 1875 for the retirement of the United States notes.

Nearly \$327,000,000 of the gold thus drawn has been paid out on these United States notes, and yet every one of the \$346,000,000 is still uncancelled and ready to do service in future gold depletions. More than \$75,000,000 in gold has, since their creation in 1890, been paid out from the treasury upon notes given on the purchase of sliver by the government, and yet the whole, amounting to \$153,000,000, except a little more than \$16,000,000, which have been retired by exchanges for sliver at the request of the holders, remains outstanding and prepared to join their older and more experienced allies in future poid about one-half of its notes given for sliver purchases without extinguishing by such payment one

HOW IT COULD BE DONE. I believe this could be quite readily accomplished by the exchange of these notes for United States bonds of small as well as large denominations, bearing a low rate of interest; they should be long-term bonds, thus increasing their desirability as investments, and because their payment could well be postponed to a period far removed from present financial burdens and perplexities, when with increased prosperity and resources they could be more easily met. To insure the cancellation of these notes and also provide a way by which gold may be added to our currency in lieu of them, a feature in the plan should be authority given to the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of the bonds abroad for gold to I believe this could be quite readily

the plan should be authority given to the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of the bonds abroad for gold if necessary to complete the contemplated redemption and cancellation, permitting him to use the proceeds of such bonds to take up and cancel any if the notes that may be in the treasury, or that may be received by the government on any account.

The increase of our bonded debt in volved in this plan would be amply compensated by renewed activity and enterprise in all business circles. Restored confidence at home, the reinstatement of our monetary strength abroad and the stimulation of every interest and industry would follow the cancellation of the gold demand obligations now afflicting us. In any event, the bonds proposed would stand for the extinguishment of a trouble-some indebtedness while in the path we now follow there lurks the menace of unending bonds with our indebtedness still undischarged and aggravated in every feature.

The obligations necessary to fund this indebtedness would not equal in amount those of which we have been relieved since 1874 by anticipation and payment under the requirements of the sinking fund out of our surplus every

payment under the requirements of the sinking fund out of our surplus neve-

The currency withdrawn by the re-

nues.

The currency withdrawn by the retirement of the United States notes and treasury notes, amounting to probably less than \$485,000,000 might be supplied by such gold as would be used on their retirement, or, by an increase in the circulation of our national banks. Though the aggregate capital of those now in existence amounts to more than \$664,000,000, their outstanding circulation based on bond surety amounts to only about \$190,000, 000. They are authorized to issue notes amounting to 90 per cent. of the bonds deposited to secure their circulation, but in no event beyond the amount of their capital stock, and they are obliged to pay 1 per cent. tax on the circulation they issue.

I think they should be allowed to issue circulation equal to the par value of the bonds they deposit to secure it and that the tax on their circulation should be reduced to one-fourth of 1 per cent., which would undoubtedly meet all the expense the government incurs on their account. In addition, they should be allowed to substitute or deposit, in lieu of the bonds now required as security for their circulation, those which would be issued for the purpose of retiring the United States notes and treasury notes. The banks already existing, if they derired to avail themselves of the provisions of law thus modified, could issue circulation, in addition to that already outstanding amounting to \$478,000,000, which would nearly or quite equal the currency proposed to be cancelled.

At any event, I should confidently expect to see the existing national banks, or others to be organized, avail themselves of the proposed encouragements to issue circulation and promptly fill

any vacuum and supply every currency need. It has always seemed to me that the provisions of the law regarding the capital of national banks which operate as a limitation to their location, falls to make proper compensation for the suppression of State banks which comener to the people in all sections of the country and readily furnish them with banking accommodations and facilities.

Any inconvenience or embarrassment arising from these restrictions on the location of national banks might well be remedied by better adapting the present system to the creation of banks in smaller communities, or by permitting banks of large capital to establish branches in such locations as would serve the people; so regulated and restrained as to secure their safe and conservative control and management, but there might not be the necessity for such an addition to the currency by new issues of bank circulations at first glance is indicated. If we should be relieved from maintaining a gold reserve under the conditions that constitute it the barometer of our solvency, and if our treasury should not longer be the foolish purveyor of gold for nations abread or for speculation and hoarding by our citizens at home, I should expect to see gold resume its natural and normal functions in the business affairs of the country, and cease to be an object attracting the timid of our people and exciting their sensitive imaginations.

MILLIONS IN SILVER.

I do not overlook the fact that the

MILLIONS IN SILVER. I do not overlook the fact that the cancellation of treasury notes issued under the silver-purchasing act of 1890 would leave the treasury in the actual ownership of sufficient silver, including seignorage, to coin nearly \$178,000,000 in standard dollars. It is worthy of in standard dollars. It is worthy of consideration whether this might not from time to time be converted into dollars or fractional coin and be slowly put into circulation, as in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury, the necessity of the country should require. Whatever is attempted should be entered upon fully appreciating the fact that by careless easy descent we have reached a dangerous depth and that our ascent will not be accomplished without laborious toil and struggle. We shall be wise if we realize that we are

that by careless easy descent we have reached a dangerous depth and that our ascent will not be accomplished without laborious toil and struggle. We shall be wise if we realize that we are financially ill and that our restoration to health may require herele treatment and unpleasant remedles.

In the present stage of our difficulty it is not easy to understand how the amount of our revenue receipts directly-affects it. The important question is not the quantity of money received in revenue payments, but the kind-of money we maintain and our ability to continue in sound financial condition. We are considering the government's holdings of gold as related to the soundness of our money and as affecting our national credit and monetary strength. If our gold reserve had never been issued to replenish it; if there had been no fear and timidity concerning our ability to continue gold payments; if any of our revenues were not paid in gold, and if we could look to our gold receipts as a means of maintaining a safe reserve, the amount of our revenues would be an influential factor in the problem, but unfortunately all the circumstances that might lend weight to this consideration are entirely lacking in our present predicament. No gold is received by the government in payment of revenue otherges, nor would there be if the revenues were increased. The receipts of the treasury, when not in silver certificates, consist of Urited States notes and treasury notes issued for silver purchases. These forms of money are only useful to the government in paying its current ordinary expenses and its quantity in the government in paying its current ordinary expenses and its quantity in the government in paying its current ordinary expenses and its quantity in the government had the proposition that the treasury on demand upon United States treasury notes, but the proposition that the treasury on demand upon United States treasury notes, but the proposition that the treasury on them would be regarded in these days with wonder, and even Secretary of the Treasury bought gold on any terms above par, he would es-tablished a general and universal pre-mium upon it, thus breaking down the parity between gold and silver which the government is pledged to maintain, and opening the way to new and serious complications.

In the meantime, the premium would not remain stationary, and the absurd

Such a condition has heretofore, in

keep on hand that kind of money.

On July 1, 1893, more than a year and a half before the first bonds were issued to replenish the gold reserve, there was a met balance in the treasury, exclusive of such reserve, of less than \$13,000,000; but the gold reserve amounted to more than \$114,000,000, which was the quieting feature of the situation. It was when the stock of gold began rapidly to fall that fright supervened, and our securities held abroad were returned for sale and debts owed abroad were pressed for payment.

In the mean time, extensive shipments of gold and other unfavorable indications caused restlessness and fright among our people at home. Thereupon the state of our funds, exclusive of gold, became also immaterial to them, and they, too, drew gold from the treasury for hoarding against all contingencies. This is plainly shown by the large increase in the proportion of gold withdrawn, which was retained by our own people at the time the threatening incidents progressed. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, nearly \$85,000,000 in gold was withdrawn from the treasury and about \$77,000,000 was sent abroad, while during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895, over \$117,000,000 was drawn out, of which only about \$86,000,000 was shipped, leaving the large balance of such withdrawals to be accounted for by domestic hoarding.

CAUSED BY FRIGHT.

Inasmuch as the withdrawal of our gold has resulted largely from fright.

be accounted for by domestic hoarding.

CAUSED BY FRIGHT.

Inasmuch as the withdrawal of our gold has resulted largely from fright, there is nothing apparent that will prevent its continuance or recurrence with its natural consequence, except such a change in our financial methods as will reassure the frightened and make the desire for gold less intense. It is not clear how an increase in revenue, unless it be in gold, can satisfy those whose only anixety is to gain gold from the government's store. It cannot, therefore, be safe to rely upon increased revenues as a cure for our present troubles. It is possible that the suggestion of increased revenue, as a remedy for the difficulties we are considering, may have originated in an intimation of distinct allegation that the bonds which have been issued ostensibly to replenish our gold reserve were really issued to supply insufficient revenue.

Nothing can be further from the truth. Bonds were issued to obtain gold for the maintenance of our national credit. As has been shown, the gold thus obtained has been drawn again from the treasury upon United States notes and treasury notes. This operation would have been promptly prevented, if possible; but these notes, having thus been passed to the treasury, they became the money of the government, like any other ordinary government funds, and there was nothing to do but to use them in paying government expenses when needed.

At no time wnen the bonds have been issued have there been any considerations of the question of paying the expenses of the government with the proceeds. There was no necessity to consider that question. At the time of each bond issue we had a safe surplus in the treasury for ordinary operations, exclusive of the gold in our reserve. In February, 1894, when the first issue of bonds was made, such surplus amounted to over \$18,000,000; in November, when the second issue was made, it amounts to \$98,072,430.30.

Besides all this, the Secretary of the Treasury Linited States notes and treasury notes for g Inasmuch as the withdrawal of our

subject to ordinary government ex-

money which was in the lirst instance subject to ordinary government expenditures.

Although the law compelling an increased purchase of silver by the government was passed on the 14th day of July, 1890, withdrawals of gold from the treasury upon the notes given in payment on such purchases did not begin until October, 1891. Immediately following that date the withdrawal upon both those notes and United States notes increased very largely, and have continued to such an extent that since the passage of that law there has been more than thirteen times as much gold taken out of the treasury upon Urited States and treasury notes issued for silver purchases as was thus withdrawn during the eleven and a half years immediately prior thereto, and after the first day of January, 1879, when specie payments were resumed. creased purchase of silver by the government was passed on the 14th day of July, 1890, withdrawals of gold from the treasury upon the notes given in payment on such purchases did not begin until October, 1891. Immediately following that date the withdrawal upon both those notes and United States notes increased very largely, and have continued to such an extent that since the passage of that law there has been more than thirteen times as much gold taken out of the treasury upon Urited States and treasury notes issued for silver purchases as was thus withdrawn during the eleven and a half years immediately prior thereto, and after the first day of January, 1878, when specie payments were resumed.

SILVER PURCHASES LARGELY RESPONSIBLE.

It is neither unfair nor unjust to charge a large share of our present financial perplexities and dangers to the operation of the laws of 1878 and 1890 compelling the purchase of silver by the government, which not only furnished an ew treasury obligation upon which the restance of the civilized world, and cloudy standpoint.

Our present standard of value is the thandard of the civilized world, and cloudy standpoint.

Our present standard of value is the standard of the civilized world, and elevation a volue for any single nation, however powerful that nation may be. While the value of gold as a standard is standard is standard is standard is analyters as a large relation on seek its banishment. Wherever this standard is maintained at a parity notwichstanding a depreciation or fluctuation in the intensity of the country people too, are very reckless with their valued of silver.

There is a vast difference between a standard of value and a currency for monetary use. The standard must necessarily be fixed and certain. The currency in circulation is the original to the propertion of the laws of 1878 and 1890 to another, and generally do not stay long enough to do a number of jobs before they move on or get caught. In the lickly standard of twalue and standard of value is the standard

maintain, and opening the way to new and serious complications.

In the meantime, the premium would not remain stationary, and the absurd the presented of a holder selling gold to the government, which not only furnished a new treasury obligation upon which it and with United States notes or treasury, notes in his hand immediately a new treasury obligation upon which it and with United States notes or treasury or the state of a silver payments that even the repeal of silver payments that even the received, and thus preventing their payments that even the research to a silver payments that even the research to a silver payments that even the reasury and redundant receipts might favorably afford the silver payments that even the repeal of silver payments that even the reasury and redundant receipts might favorably afford the silver payments that even the repeal of silver payments that even the reasury and redundant receipts might favorably afford the silver payments that even the repeal of silver payments that even the reasury and redundant receipts might favorable and redundant receipts might favorable and reduced to silver payments that even the research to a silver payments that even the re

Such a condition has heretofore, in times of surplus revenue, led the government to restore currency to the people by the purchase of its ummatured bonds at a large premium, and by a large increase of its deposits in national banks, and we easily remember that the abuse of treasury accumulation has furnished a most persuasive argument in favor of legislation radically reducing our tariff.

NO, REAL APPREHENSION.

Perhaps it is supposed that sufficient revenue receipts would in a sentimental way improve the situation by inspiring confidence in our solvency and allaying the fear of pecuniary exhaustion, and yet, through all our struggles to maintain our gold-reserve, there never, has been any apprehension as to our ready ability to pay our way with such money as we had, and the question whether or not our current receipts met our curren

nations which have silver alone as their standard of value.

FINANCIAL NOSTRUMS.

All history warns us against rash experiments which threaten violent changes in our monetary standard and degradation of our currency. The past is full of lessons teaching not only the economic dangers, but the national immorality that follows in the train of such experiments. I will not believe that the American people can be persuaded, after sober deliberation, to jeopardize their mation's prestige and proud standing by the encouragement of financial nostrums, nor that they will yield to the false allurement of cheap money, when they realize that it must result in the weakening of that financial integrity and rectitude which this far in our history has been so devotedly cherished as one of the traits of true Americanism.

Our country's indebtedness, whether owing by the government or existing between individuals, has been contracted with reference to our present standard to decree by act of Congress that these debts shall be payable in less valuable dollars than those within the contemplation and intention of the parties when contracted would operate to transfer by the flat of law and without compensation an amount of property and a volume of rights and inter-

use of money.

If a fixed and stable standard is maintained, such as the magnitude and safety of our commercial transactions and business require, the use of money itself is conveniently minimized. Every and business require, the use of honey itself is conveniently minimized. Every dollar of fixed and stable value has, through the agency of confident credit, an astonishing confident credit capacity of multiplying itself in financial work. Every unstable and fluctuating dellar fails as a basis of credit and then its use begets gambling, speculation and undermines the foundations of honest enterprise.

I have ventured to express myself upon this subject with earnestness and I have ventured to express myself upon this subject with earnestness and plainness of speech because I cannot rid myself of belief that there lurks in the proposition for the free colnage of silver, so strongly approved and so enthusiastically advocated by a multitude of my countrymen a serious menace to our prosperity and an insidious temptation of our people to wander from the allegiance they owe to public and private integrity. It is because I do not distrust the good faith and sincerity of those who press this scheme that I have imperfectly, but with zeal submitted my thoughts upon this momentous subject. I cannot refrain from bringing them to re-examine their views and beliefs in the light of patriotic reason and familiar experience, and to weigh again and again the consequences of such legislation as their efforts have invited. Even the continued agitation of the subject adds greatly to the difficulties of a dangerous financial situation already forced upon us.

In conclusion, I especially entreat the

ous mancial situation already forced upon us.

In conclusion, I especially entreat the people's representatives in the Congress who are charged with the responsibility of inaugurating measures for the safety and prosperity of our common country, to promptly and effectively consider the lils of our critical firancial plight. I have suggested a remedy which my judgment approves. I desire, however, to assure the Congress that I am prepared to co-operate with them in perfecting any other measure promising thorough and practical relief, and that I will gladly labor with them in every patriotic endeavor to fur-

the value of silver. Under an act of Congress passed in 1878 the government was required for more than twelve years to expend annually at least \$24,000,000 in the purchase of silver bullion for coinage. The act of July 14, 1890, in a still bolder effort, increased the amount of silver the government was compelled to purchase, and forced it to become the buyer annually of \$4,000,000 ounces, or practically the entire product of our mines. Under both laws silver rapidly and steadily declined in value. The prophecy and the expressed hope and expectation of those in Congress who led in the passage of the last-mentioned act that it would restablish and maintain the former parity between the two metals are still fresh in our minds.

In the light-of those experiences, which accord with the experiences of other nations, there is certainly no secure ground for the belief that an act of Congress could now bridge an inequality of 50 per cent. between gold and silver at our present ratio, nor is there the least possibility that our country, which has less than oneseventh of the silver money in the world, could by its action alone raise not only our own, but all silver, to its lost ratio with gold. Our attempt to accomplish this by the free coinage of silver at a ratio differing widely from actual relative value would be the signal for the complete departure of gold from our circulation, the immediate and large contraction of our circulating medium and a shrinkage in the real value and monetary efficiency of all other forms of currency, as they settled to the level of silver monometallism. Every one who receives a fixed salary and every worker would find the dollar in his hand ruthlessly scaled down to a point of bitter disappointment if not to pinching privation. A change in our standard to silver monometallism would also bring on a collapse of the entire system. A credit which is based on a standard which is recognized and adopted by the world of business is many times more potent and useful than the entire volume of curre

to transfer by the flat of law and without compensation an amount of property and a volume of rights and interests almost incalculable. Those who
advocate a blind and headlong plunge
in free coinage in the name of bimetallism and professing the bellef, courtrary
to all experience, that we could thus establish a double standard and a concurrent circulation of both metals in our
colmage, are certainly reckoning from
a cloudy standpoint.

Our present standard of value is the

lation, but an enlightened and wise lation, but an enlightened and wise system of finance secures the benefits of both gold and silver as our currency and circulating medium by keeping the standard stable and all other currency at par with it. Such a system and such a standard also gives free scope for the use and expension of safe and conservative credit, so indispensable to broad and growing commercial transactions and so well substituted for the actual use of money.

If a fixed and stable standard is

of honest enterprise.
A FINAL APPEAL.

ilef, and that I will gladly labor with them in every patriotic endeavor to fur-ther the interests and guard the wel-fare of our countrymen, whom, in our respective places of duty, we have un-dertaken to serve. (Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND. Washington, D. C. Executive Man-sion, December 2, 1895.

A 20 MULE HELP FOR KITCHER LAUNDRY.

FOR THE NURSERY 10) TOILET. WASHSTAND D AND SHAMPOD, USE

Best Made in the World.



BURGLARS, BEWARE.

Make It Hot. While It is true that the town is full of petty thieves and crooks, including some very clever burglars, the fact some very clever burglars, the fact should not be lost sight of that the police department is affording as good protection to citizens and their property as could be expected under the circumstances. With a limited number of men at command, it is not practicable to patrol the entire city as carefully as it should be done. The best is being done that can be done with so small a force. The city has no harder-worked employees than the handful of detectives who do Chief Glass's bidding. They are almost constantly on the lookout

lves who do Chief Glass's bidding. They are almost constantly on the lookout for thieves and stolen property, and the records of the department show that their labors in this direction are very successful.

The annual report of Secretary Cottle for the fiscal year ending November 30, will make a very creditable showing of the workings of the department. From the unfinished report it is learned that during the year eighty-four arrests were made for the crime of burglary. Of these fifty-six were held to answer at the preliminary examination; twelve Of these fifty-six were held to answer at the preliminary examination; twelve were dismissed by the Superior Court; thirty-severn were convicted, and the trials of seven are pending. This record shows that while some burglars are still uncaught, a goodly number are within the walls of San Quentin and Folsom prisons, as the result of the vigilance of the Los Angeles police department.

Folsom prisons, as the result of the Viglance of the Los Angeles police department.

The prevalence of burglaries at the
present time, the officers say, is not out
of proportion of those of former years
at this season. Whenever the tide of
travel sets this way, crooks are swept
along with the current. The influx ofwealthy tourists means the coming of
more or less criminals, who follow in
the wake of respectable travelers and
prey upon-them. Besides, a mild winter
climate has an attraction for crooks as
well as people of legitimate callings.
Furthermore when burglars and other
gentry of their lik reach Los Angeles,
they generally tarry a while, as the
nearest large city is San Francisco.
500 miles distant. They usually stay
long enough to do a number of Jobs
before they move on or get caught.
In the thickly settled portions of the
country they jump from one city to

dom that a burgiar has been sentenced for more than ten years in Los Angeles, and more often the sentence is less than five years, one, two and three years generally being the limit in single cases and for first offenses.

The sentence of nine years given Burgiar Hill by Judge Clark last Saturday, has afforded great satisfaction to the department. It is true Hill pleaded guilty to two charges of burglary, but he knew full well that the detectives had ample evidence to convect him. It would have been folly, therefore, to make his sentence light because he pleaded guilty. The police are hcp'ng that other judges will follow Judge Clark's example and give burglars as heavy sentences as they get in San Francisco and other cities, so as to discourage them from coming to Los Angeles.

Aithough the Los Angeles police

Angeles.
Although the Los Angeles police force is small and the Los Angeles courts are lenient, the knights of the jimmy might do well to take warning and not presume on too soft a snap in coming to this city. Officers and courts, owing to recent developments, are just about in the right humor now to make it very hat for all crooks who come here to ply their crooked vocations.

Elizabeth Stuart Phelps has a little note-book in which she sets down what she chooses to call "the limbo of titles waiting for their stories."

HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES

Act almost instantly, speedily curing the most obstinate cases. Rheumatism cured in from 1 to 3 days. Dyspepsia and all stomach troubles quickly relieved. Catarrh positively cured. Headache cured in 5 minutes. Nervous diseases promptly cured. Kidney troubles, Piles, Neuralgia, Asthma and all Female Complaints quickly cured. Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new life and vigor to weak and debilitated men. Ask your druggist for a 25-cent vial of one of Munyon's Cures, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded. This Company puts up

A cure for every disease



The Paris Millinery

Parlors.

- Today

Special Sale Ladies' Trim-med Hats-fine and stylish. Hats that you would delight to wear on most any occasion.

Price \$2.00

Ladies' (untrimmed) Felt Hats-fine-late stylish shapes, Price 50c. Better see these goods and compare them for style and prices with those shown in windows of some of the "would-be" leaders in the city. On Sale

Today

Mrs. F. W. Thurston,

357 S. Spring. Corner Fourth.



Do You Know What Your Boy

said the other evening as he stood in front of our window? No? Well he said just this:—'Hulley gee! I wish dad would buy that '96 Fowler for me for Christmas". Don't you think you had better "do the generous" for once?



"Believe one who has tried it"-Ask any one of the 300,000 men who have been cured by the Keeley treatment what they think of it.

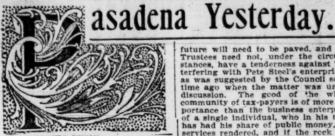
The Keeley Institute, Cor. N. Main and Commercial Sts., Over Farmers' and Merchants' Bank,

Teeth Extracted Without Pain.



NOTHING INHALED—No gas no c form, no ether, and above all, no co used, which is dangerous. From out-full set of teeth extracted at a sitting out a particle of pain, danger or bad e making the task one of pleasure, r than one of dread. The only safe m for elderly people and persons in de health. You do not have to "take thing and run the risk."

Only 50c. a Tooth. SCHIFFMAN METHOD DENTAL CO. oms, 25-25-25, Schumacher Block. 167 North Spring street



BRANCH OFFICE OF THE TIMES, No. 47 East Colorado street. PASADENA, Dec. 3, 1895. See Crilly's new books. Miss Ashley makes hair grow.

Asia Asia makes hair grow. Don't miss the chicken dinner, oyster upper and fancy fair Friday this week it G.A.R. Hall, auspices of W.R.C. Try some of that fine imported Swiss heese at Sisson & Co.'s

ose Pomona Olives at Sisson & are the best in the market. The finest assortment of nuts, raisins, prunes, citron and figs in the city at J. F. Sisson & Co's.

F. V. Hardick has returned to Pass after a three-months visit to Eng

Capt. Tompkinson, who recently lo-ated for the winter in the Wooster lock, is very ill with inflammatory

Mrs. C. D. Jameson of Pennsylvania, who has spent two winters in Pasadena, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Murron of Kensington place.

Mr. Allison of North Los Robles avenue, who has been under the care of a surgeon in Los Angeles, has returned nuch benefited.

much benefited.

Mr. Chambers, proprietor of the Scuth Fair Oaks avenue stables, has returned from Oregon, and is preparing to put in a large number of new horses here. It was Mr. Maloney's collar-bone, and not his shoulder-blade, which was fractured by the fall from his vehicle in the runaway accident Monday afternoon. He is doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Johnson of Ipswich, Mass., accompanied by Misses Ida and Amy Johnson and by F. D. Rowley and family of Rowley, Mass., are at the Painter Hotel for the winter, James P. Taylor and daughter of Newark, N. J., are also registered at the Painter.

Painter.

A union temperance meeting will be held in the North Pasadena Congregational Church Friday evening, December 6, at 7:30 o'clock, upon which occasion Mrs. Emma Cash, county president of the W.C.T.U., will be present. The pastors of the various churches in the vicinity have been invited to assist, A large attendance is looked for.

A large attendance is looked for.
William J. Teesdale, formerly a resident of Pasadena, and employed here at the time by McDonald, Brooks & Co., died recently at his home in Cumberland, W. Va., of consumption. He came to California in the hope of cure, but after spending several years here, growing gradually worse, he went home a few weeks ago to die.

A A Chubb formerly engaged in the

home a few weeks ago to die,
A. A. Chubb, formerly engaged in the
grocery business, but at present engaged in the erection of a building on
Green street, for the electro-plating
business, was before Recorder Rossiter
today, charged with misdemeanor, in
failing to display lanterns on his building material deposited on Green street,
He was fined \$5 for the omission of the
lanterns.

ladies of the Presbyterian Church The ladies of the Presoylerian Church have been busy-for weeks preparing for their annual fair, which will take place in the Hugus Block, on West Colorado street, December 5, from 10 o'clock in the morning until the same hour in the evening. The evening is expected to be especially enjoyable, and music will be furnished by the Venetian Troubadors, and Prof. Wormser, the zither soloist. A great numser, the zither soloist. ser, the zither soloist. A great num-ber of lovely things have been contrib-uted, and the display does the ladies of the church great credit.

TOURNAMENT OF ROSES.

select them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and surrounding towns. The nominations have not yet been made, but the selections will be very carefully considered in the near future.

The bicycle men have selected as their choice for the superintendent of their division, which will be one of the largest in the parade, W. C. Hill and it is likely that he will be appointed. Capt. N. S. Bangham was mentioned as the chlef of the division of floats. North Pasadena, Lamanda Park, Garvanza, San Gabriel, Alhambra, Sierre Madre, La Canada, Lincoln Park, Altadena and Echo Mountain will be formally invited to take part in the tournament, and it is hoped that representation from all these places will be in line. It is the wish of the committee that entries be made as early as possible for the parade, and that societies and individuals come forward. There is absolutely no charge for entries, and persons not members of the Tournament Association can enter vehicles and floats and will be welcome.

Tramps Will Go on the Rocks a Pasadena.

The Committee on Police of the City council has determined upon a rockpile as an inducement to tramps to remain away from Pasadena. This plan main away irom Pasadena. This plan of dealing with the hobo element was first suggested by The Times, as efficacious for the nuisance here, and since attention was thus called to it, the working of the plan in other cities has been read by the Carrette by been noted by the Council, and as the evil has grown among us, it has been decided to try it here. The lot ad-joining the City Jall is to be inclosed with a high board fence, and there the rocks are to be stored, upon which the rocks are to be stored, upon which the "wearies" will take their exercise, and the flat "no work, no food," has gone forth. The hobos will be given a good breakfast and then set to work to earn the price of the same, and to work, they will be adorned with ball and chain and permitted to go hungry until they make up their mind to toil.

It is thought that some among the tramp fraternity should be given a chance to earn money, in order that they might not burden of the communities, when released from dures here, but how that can be done, has not yet been suggested. There are numbers of men resident in the community who find it hard-enough to get work to support their families, and should the news go abroad that Passadena was able to furnish paid employment for idle men, the tramp nulsance, would become greater than ever, The general opinion is that it should be seen to, however, that the stone-breaking enterprise be so conducted that it will be of benefit to the city eventually. New streets are being opened, that in the "wearies" will take their exercise

future will need to be paved, and the Trustees need not, under the circumstances, have a tenderness against 'interfering with Pete Steel's enterprise,' as was suggested by the Council some time ago when the matter was under discussion. The good of the whole community of tax-payers is of more 'importance than the business enterprise of a single individual, who in his time has had his share of public money, for services rendered, and if the rock can be so crushed in the jail-yard that it will be suitable for one of the layers of broken granite pavement, it should be seen to that it is properly done for the purpose, and thus something more be realized from the rock-pile than the provision of healthful exercise and non-exciting amusement for the wandering man and brother.

SANTA MONICA.

Trustees in Session-Again the Sewers-The Record.

SANTA MONICA, Dec. 3.—(Regular orrespondence.) There was a very brief and harmonious meeting of the Town Trustees last night, at which considerable business was nevertheless

Only three bills had been indorsed by the Finance Committee when its report was called for, and consequency only three were ordered paid. Two of them were for salary and office rent for the Town Treasurer, amounting to \$125.27, and the third for labor, \$1.50. They were ordered paid: Later, a supplementary report was made, bringing the to-tal of bills indorsed up to \$1210.06, and ncluding the regular monthly bills,

They were ordered paid Reports for November were submit-ed by the Tax Collector, Recorder and Street Superintendent. They were re-ferred to the Finance Committee. That of the Tax Collector shows a total of

of the Tax Collector shows a total of \$5640.78 collected during November, all but \$22 for licenses being taxes paid. The Recorder's report showed four cases of drunk and disorderly for the month, and the conclusion of a case brought in June for violation of the license ordinance. The infractor of the municipal law was finally brought to book in the sum of \$3.

J. H. Snyder and others, representing property fronting on Lucas avenue, between Strand and Hill streets, petitioned to have that portion of Lucas graded, without curb, under the Vrooman act. The disposition of the board being favorable to granting the petition, a motion prevailed instructing the engineer to establish the necessary grade preparatory to complying with grade preparatory to complying with

grade preparatory to complying with the request.

A numerously-signed petition was presented, asking repeal of the ordinance against bleyde riding on the sidewalks. It was referred to the Street Committee.

A profile of Fourteenth street, from Utah avenue south to the town limits, was presented by the engineer, and referred to the Street Committee.

The hearing of the petition for vacating a portion of Fifth street on the South Side was set for the next meeting, December 16.

The vote upon ordinance No. 232, granting the Santa Fe franchise for a

granting the Santa Fe franchise for wharf on the South Side, was reconside Technical omissions were ther supplied and the ordinance repas supplied and the ordinance repassed.

It was moved and carried that the clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for the construction of the sewer, as per plans and specifications adopted. A general discussion upon the bonds, sewers, plans and specifications followed, but without definite action the board adjourned.

REDLANDS.

REDLANDS, Dec. 3 .- (Regular Corre spondence.) The National Circuit bicycle meet, which takes place in Redlands at 2 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, at the new three-lap track of the Red-lands Athletic Association, has every indication of success, from every point of view. The riders of national and world-Chiefs of Divisions.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Rose Tournament Association in the office of its president Monday evening, the question of the route of the procession was discussed, but nothing definite determined upon, and each member of the committee was advised to bring in a plan at the next meeting for the route, and from comparisons the best is to be the finally determined upon.

The selection of judges for the award prizes was also discussed by the committee, and it was decided to select them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and selected them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and Select them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and Select them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and Select them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and Select them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and Select them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and Select them from among the representatives citizens of Pasadena and Select them from among the representation arrived in the city to-day at a little before noon, and took squarters at the Hotel Windsor. This she held in hongr of the cyclists in tally-hos. A banquet will use held in hongr of the cyclists of the Windsor. Following are the entries for the races: Class A, novice—E. M. Glover, F. W. Campbell, L. S. Freeman, Redlands; Ray Horton, Ontario.

Class B, one-half mile, open, first heat—E. C. Bald, T. Cooper, C. Castleman, E. Ulbricht, W. M. Randall, W. A. Terrill, F. Shefski; second heat—Earl Kiser, C. S. Wells, W. 4. Burke, H. E. McCrea, J. M. Campbell, W. Hatton, Phil Kitchin.

Class A, one mlle, first heat—F. Mc-Farkand, J. E. Wing, H. B. Cromwell, G. B. Cox: second heat—W. A. Tay-lor, D. E. Whitman, C. W. Hewett, W.

M. Yeoman.

Class B, one mile, open, first heat—
W, W. Randall, Phil Kitchin, W. A.
Terrill, Earl Kiser, H. E. McCrea, T.
Cooper, E. Ulbricht; second heat—W.
A. Burke, C. Castleman, F. Shefskl, E.
C. Bald, J. M. Campbell, W. Hatton,
C. S. Wells.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

The Redlands Electric Light and Power Company has sold to Henry Fisher of Pittsburgh, Pa., about \$45,000 worth of bonds, which closes out all of the unsold bonds, and gives the company sufficient cash to pay off its floating debt.

At the annual meeting of the Redlands lodge, No. 300, F. and A. M., held on Monday night, the following officers were elected: G. H. Kelsey, W. M.; A. E. Taylor, S. W.; Maj. Frank C. Prescott, J. W.; F. P. Meserve, treasurer; C. A. Wise, secretary.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Los Angeles, Dec. 3, 1895.

NEW ENGLAND BANKS. The last
National Bank statement shows the
New England banks to be in an excellent position. The following table printed in the Bankers' Encyclopedia, shows the loans and discounts of the New England States, with Boston and the balance of Massichusetts separately, according to the reports for the last two years. last two years:

Oct. 2, Sept. 28, 1895. 3105.516.515.822 310.386.985 154.872.471 157.49.676 20.989.440 22.074.205 111.103.795 11.113.521 12.538.242 12.753.750 45.782.433 46.482.433 46.782.433 46.782.433 46.782.433 46.782.433 46.782.433 46.786.725 Name New Hampshire Vermont Connecticut Rhode Island It will be observed that with the excep-tion of New Hampshire all the States show an increase. The increase in New Hampshire is very trifling.

COMMERCIAL

THE AMERICAN HEN. The Amer. can Economist prints some very interesting figures about fowls, com-piled from the census of 1890. It says "No account was taken of the hen product until the census of 1880, when it was found that we had approxi-mately 100,000,000 fowls in the United eggs. During the subsequent ten years the number of fowls had more than doubled, though the increase in the egg product was not so great, doubtless because of the greater consumption of broilers. The exact figures are as follows: States, laying nearly 457,000,000 dozen eggs. During the subsequent ten

156,206,502 In 1890 the number of eggs, in doz-ens, laid was 817,211,146. In 1880 the number was only 436,875,080 dozen. This shows an increase within ten years of 360,336,066 dozen. The Economist then

360,336,066 dozen. The Economist then says:

"The increase in the number of fowls was 153 per cent. between 1880 and 1890, and of eggs 79 per cent. Estimating the value of eggs at 12 cents a dozen on the farm the year through, we would have the egg supply of the United States worth \$55,000,000 in 1879, and \$98,000,000 in 1889. Taking the farm value of a fowl at 25 cents, we should have \$46,618,039 as the representative value of all American hens. Adding this to \$98,000,000 for eggs, we get \$162,618,039 as the value of the fowl crop of the United States. This is 150 per cent. greater than the value of all American sheep this year, and \$62,000,000 greater than their value in 1890."

"BUTTER CULTURE." A company is in progress of formation in Philadelphia to handle an unique addition to the manufacture of butter. It is in the form of a collection of microbes which will be added to cream during the process of butter-making, one of the main objects, as stated, being to improve the flavor.

will be added to cream during the process of butter-making, one of the main objects, as stated, being to improve the flavor.

The material represented by the microbes is termed "butter culture," and is the discovery of Prof. H. W. Conn of the department of biology at the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Ct. The "culture" will be all manufactured at that place and sent out to the trade in small glass tubes, securely sealed at both ends.

The Philadelphia Grocery World says of it:

"This new butter culture is intended to remedy a difficulty known to every butter dealer—the llability of two lots of butter made by the same creamery to greatly vary in flavor. This has caused necessary changes in price, and has made the condition of the trade on a given day a matter of speculation. The scientific explanation of the varying flavor is that the microbes generated in ripening cream do not always germinate properly under present conditions, those from the fats, the starch and the water in the milk often conflicting under the fermentative process.

"Prof. Conn discovered which of these bacteria gave the butter its flavor, and succeeded in isolating it so that it may be applied to any ripening cream in such a way that the flavor is absolutely uniform. Certain dealers here claim to have secured 2 and 3 cents a pound more for butter so treated than for butter in its ordinary state.

"The new company now being formed will handle the "culture" in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Ohio and Maryland. A charter was applied for on Thursday, and the product will be placed on the market at the earliest possible date. There is some opposition to it from some creameries, but this is said to be rapidly disappearing. When separators were first introduced, there was a great hue and cry against them, but now they are used in every creamery in the country."

THE WHEAT MARKET. Clapp & Co., bankers of New York, in their weekly market letter, speaking of the world's wheat crop, say:

"California is shipping some wheat to Australia, where many sections did not grow enough for home use. Drought is reported in India, and the surplus will likely be under an average. But little wheat is likely to cross the Equator the coming season. Austria-Hunger." THE WHEAT MARKET. Clapp & C. Said. J. M. Campbell, W. Hatton, C. S. Wells.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

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Fred Bennigsdorf, who recently purchased of H. W. Allen, a seven-acrosure of the erection of a cottage.

M. F. Boettger has bought of Fred Bennigsdorf ten acres in Lugonia.

ONTARIO.

ONTARIO.

ONTARIO.

ONTARIO, Dec. 3—(Regular Correspondence.) H. Lajisschute has begun the erection of a residence on Fifth street and Euclid avenue.

One of John Lindley's gray horses attempted to go through the front window of Lakke's barber shop Sunday. The animal got his head through and then decided to back out.

A slight earthquake shock was felthere at 11:30 Monday night.

W. P. Craft has been appointed school trustee, vice H. L. Powell resigned.

The Dewey-Haywood Concert Company will appear here Saturday night. An effort is being made to have some good betycher acces here on Christmas. Several of the Eastern crack riders have promised to enter, and it looks as if some fine sport was in prospect. Mrs. Burton Tuttle has returned from The wedding of F. W. Armitage and Miss Alloe Maynard will be celebrated tomorrow in Christ Church.

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GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

PRICES OF COAL OIL. The Stockholders says that in 1895; the lowest price of coal oil was \$19.50 per barrel, and highest price \$20; with an average of \$18.77. In 1861 the highest price was \$1.75 per barrel, and the lowest price 3 cents; with an average price for the year of 42 cents. The average yearly price in 1890 was \$6% cents per barrel; 1891, 67 cents; 1892, 55% cents; 1893, 64 cents, and in 1894 \$3% cents. The average price for 1895 of Los Angeles crude petroleum is about 47 cents or lower than the lowest average stated above since 1861.

LOW PRICES FOR SUGAR BEETS. (From the California Fruit-grower;)

If sugar-factory managers cannot afford to pay more than \$3 per ton for beets, the business of cultivating them certainly does not hold out many inducements to farmers. Localities desiring the establishment of beet-sugar factories should give this question closs scrutiny. It will not pay farmers generally to contract to furnish a factory with beets at \$3 per ton for those assaying 12 per-cent. sugar. And if no factory can afford to pay more than \$3 per ton for such beets, it looks very much as though the margin of profit in the manufacture would be too small to be undertaken on a large scale by co-operative companies among the farmers themselves. Don't mortgags your farms to establish beet-sugar factories with beets at \$3 per ton, is the advice that the California Fruit-grower would give the farmers of Anaheim, Colusa, San Bernardino or any other place where the question of a beet-sugar factory is now being considered. If the low price offered by the Chino factory people be merely a "bluff" to induce Congress to enact a bounty law, that is one proposition; if it be an honest, legitimate price for the beets that is another thing. In either case the farmers should be wary about entering into such contracts.

Referring to the operations at the Chino factory for the season of 1892, we find that the yield of beets as given by the Champion, was 27,098 tons, for which the sum of \$111,310 was paid at the factory, averaging about \$4.14 per ton. The sugar yield was given at \$33,000. From these figures it appears that the sugar company paid out for beets, labor, etc., \$144,810, and recived from the government \$136,894. The cost of converting the beets into sugar was given at \$39,000. From the 7,748,000 pounds of sugar which, at the low value of 4 cents a pound, would be worth \$309,020.

The investment of the company in the plant at that time was alleged to have been about \$600,000 upon which the returns should, according to the figures above given, have netted the company over 50 per cent.

The company then paid, if we re

government bounty from the above, and we still have left a net return of about we still have left a net return of about 28 per cent. on the capital invested in the factory. This of course assuming that the sugar averaged 4 cents a pound at the factory. Now the question orises: If the Chino factory could make an enormous profit the first year of its operation, after deducting the government bounty from its income, why can it not do so now and pay the same price for beets?

Even assuming that the price received for the sugar that year was but 3 cents a pound, still the company could have declared a dividend of 1½ per cent. on \$600,000 without the aid of a cent of government bounty.

In the light of all these things it looks as if the Chino company proposed to "cinch" the beet farmers by offering only \$3 per ton for 12 per cent, beets,

In the light of all these things it looks as if the Chino company proposed to "cinch" the beet farmers by offering only \$3 per ton for 12 per cent. beets, with an addition of 25 cents for each per cent. above 12, thus making 15 per cent. beets average only \$3.75 per ton. While it may be possible for beet farmers to live even at the low price. while it may be possible for beet farm-ers to live even at the low price an-nounced, yet it looks like a wholly in-equitable division of the income de-rived from the beet-sugar industry, end we hope the Chino farmers will let the Oxnard company severely alone in the matter of growing beets at starvation prices.

NEW INCORPORATIONS. Articles of incorporation were yesterday filed by the Victor Oil and Land Company of Los Angeles, an organization formed for the purpose of carrying on a general business in oil. The five directors are: M. T. Dennis, R. M. Todd, George H. Green, B. W. Watlington and D. W. Hudson. The capital stock is \$500,000, divided into \$5,000 shares. Of this amount \$320,000 is actually subscribed. The Combination Novelty Manufacturing Company has incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing and selling the combined laboratory, household and toilet apparatus. The principal place of business will be in Los Angeles. The five directors are: Mrs. S. J. Tedford, George W. Tedford, Blanche M. Tatt, Alfred Z. Taft and William H. Frasher. The capital stock is \$50,000, divided into 1000 shares. The amount actually subscribed is \$30,000.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money. (REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPURL)
NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The transactions in
Sugar stock overshadowed the entire market
today. Of stock of 291,700 shares for the general market, the Industrials figure for 210,000
shares and the sales of Sugar absorbed 154,300
shares for the railroad list. Sugar openged
fractionally higher at 165%, advanced on large
dealings to 160%, reacted to 162% and closed
at 102, or 2 points net lower, as compared with
at 102, or 2 points net lower, as compared with shares of the latter record, leaving only 31,500
shares for the railroad list. Sugar opened
fractionally higher at 105%, advanced on large
dealings to 105%, reacted to 102% and closed
at 103, or 2 points net lower, as compared with
the happing of the previous day. The early
rise happing of the market foreign dividends. Shrewd judges of the market claimed
to detect in the scoop the masterly manipulations of the largest interest in the property.
The general market opened active and higher
on favorable news from abroad, rumors of an
early Panama Railroad-Paclife Mail settlement, the expectation of an increase in the
dividend on the common stock of the Northwettern Company this week and estimates of
the railroads and the set of the previous day.

Ight, these influences were operative nearly
all day. On the other hand the detection by
the traders of heavy realizing sales in Sugar
at the top figures inspired a drive at that and
other Industrial shares. Toward the end of the
first hour there was a sharp inquiry for the
Grangers and other leading railway shares,
which was stimulated by the belief that the
exports of gold tomorrow would be limited tothe K500,000 ordered by a German-American
banking-house. Immense blocks of Sugar shock
were thrown on the market after mild-day and
cher industrial shares. Toward the end of the
first hour there was firm and higher, with
the gains chiefly fractional.

Atchlaon 174 N. W. 106%
Am. Exports on the proved superior to the general reaction set in and some material decilines
were recorded. Paclific Mail, on the rumors
elsewhere noted, proved superior to the general reaction set in and some material
decilines
were recorded. Paclific Mail, on the rumors
elsewhere noted, proved superior to the general reaction

*Bid. U. S. n. 4s reg. .. 12014 C. P. 1sts. '95. U. S. n. 4s coup. 120% D. & R. G. 7s.

8. C. non-tund. 71
Fenn. n. s. 89
Tenn. n. s. 68. 105
Tenn. n. s. 68. 105
Tenn. old 69
Va. Cen. dtd. 6
Atchison 4s. 78
Atchison 2d A. 27%
Can. 80. 2ds. 108
L. & N. 4s. 8114
O. R. & N. lsts. 1114

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The official clone quotations for mining stocks today we

Bodie Con
Bullion
Bullion
Caledonia
Challenge Con
Chollar
Confidence
Con. Cal. & Va.
Con. Imperial
Crown Point
Exchequer

London Financial Market.

Reichstag.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Special cable and telegraphic advices to Bradstreet's, covering the principal points of accumulation, indicate the following changes in available stocks last Saturday, as compared with the preceding Saturday; Wheat, United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, increase, 1,589,-000 bushels, affont for and in Europe, decrease, 2,685,000 bushels. Corn, United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, increase, 1,135,000 bushels. Oats, United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, increase, 610,000 bushels. The principal increases in available stocks of wheat last week, not included in the official visible stipply, are 20,000 bushels at Fort Huron and 15,000 bushels at of wheat. Available wheat tgocks at San Francisc. Portland, Tacoma and Seattle, aggregated 8,276,000 bushels on December 1, or 1,375,000 bushels less than an November 1 this year.

Fruit at New York.

Fruit at New York. NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The Earl Fruit Company sold today: Grapes, crates, 3.00@3.30; half-crates, 1.45@1.80.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Petroleum was dull.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—Petroleum was dull.

United closed at 1.34 asked.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

(IEGULAR ASSOCIATED PRIESS REPORT).

CHICAGO, Dec 3.—The wheat, corn and oat markets were all weak today. Wheat lost 'go be bushel. An important business was done in wheat for shipment, but nothing was known to find the decay of it while the session was progressing. After the close, however, it was made known that is 20,000 bushels of No. 2 red winter had been sold at the May price; No. 3 spring like over been been and the bulk of the first offerings were let go at the lower. No. 2 red winter was generally at the lower, got down to 60% and closed at 16%. How you have the closed at 16%. How products were framer, there was not much business during the last hour, and but slight changes in values.

Deston Wool Market.

IDSTON. Dec. 2.—Wool assumed a firmer tone this was, with a steady and supplies are by no means excessive. Australian wools are meeting with a steady demand and the supplies have been considerably reduced, with values on a firm basis. The blowing are the lower was not much business during the last hour, and but slight changes in values.

Boston Wool Market.

IDSTON. Dec. 2.—Wool assumed a firmer tone this was, with sood assumed a firmer tone this was, with sood assumed a firmer tone this was, with a steady demand and the supplies have been considerably reduced, with values on a firm basis. The blowing are the lone is steady and supplies are by no means excessive. Australian wools are meeting with a steady demand and the supplies have been considerably reduced, with values on a firm basis. The blowing are the lone is teady and supplies are by no means excessive. Australian wools are meeting with a steady demand and the supplies have been considerably reduced, with values on a firm basis. The blowing are the lone is teady and supplies are by no means excessive. Australian wools are meeting with a steady demand and the s

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—Trade was fair at yesterday's prices, choice cattle being active and strong, and all others slow and barely steady. Common to strictly choice native dressed-beef und shipping steers, 2.00£4.85; cows and bulls, 2.00£3.09; calves, 2.75£5.75. The stocker and reder trade was low at unchanged prices. An active demand for hogs sent prices up 5£10c, sales being at 3.40£3.65. Pigs sold freely at 2.00£3.60. Sheep were salable at 2.00£3.40; Westerns, 2.40£3.09; common to prime lambs, 1.00£4.40.

Liverpool Grain. Chicago Live Stock Market.

Liverpool Grain. Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—Spot wheat was firm and 1896 demand poor. No. 2 red winter, 58 3d: No. 2 red spring, stocks exhausted; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 58 ½d, No. 1 California, 58 4d. Futures opened steady and unchanged, and claced easy and ½d higher for December, 58 3½d; February, 58 4d, March, 58 ½d; April, 58 5½d; May, 58 5½d. Spot corn was firm. American mixed, new. 38 4d. Futures closed quiet. January and February, ½d lower and other months unchanged. December, 38 3½d; January and February, 38 2½d; March, 58 ½d; April and May, 38 3d. Flour was steady and the demand moderate. St. Louis fancy winter, 7s. Hops at London, Pacific Coast, £2 103.

Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$177,527,542; gold reserve, \$77,273,560. Drafts and Silver. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Silver bars, 66%: Mexican dollars, 54½@55; drafts, sight, 2½; telegraph, 5.

London Silver. LONDON, Dec. 3.-Silver, 30 9-16d; con

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—Atchison, 17; Bell Tele-phone, 199; Burlington, 83%; Mexican, 11½; Oregon Short Line, 7½; Union Pacific, 8½.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS. Grain and Produce.

(REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Green corn. 609

\$5; Alameda corn. 1:269,1.50; tomatoxs, boxes

40965; summer squash, 1.00; cream squash,

25; rhubarb, 5092.50; gucumbers, 60970; as
paragus, 5092.50; green peas, 364 for garden;

string beans, 466; dry peppers, 585; beets,

50; cauliflower 50900; cabbase, 50; arrols,

25; cauliflower 50900; cabbase, 50; arrols,

25; cauliflower 50900; cabbase, 50; turnips, 50;

Lima beans, 33,644.

Potatoes—Oregon Burbanks are quotable at.

556/30; Salinas Burbanks, 60925; River Burbanks, 30240; Peerless, 40965, new potatoes in

the river, 50,55; saves, 1,50.

Onions—505; garle, 40945, new potatoes in

Conions—505; garle, 40945.

Plums—40960; egg plums, 15.00/18.00; grees

gags, 25,955; per ton, 16.00918.00; peaches, 156

2.15; per ton, 18.00928.00; cherry plums, 25,940;

Todi, 25; common, 25,950; Spitzenberg, 1.55;

156/1.25; common, 25,950; Spitzenberg, 1.55;

2.57c; common, 25,950; Spitzenberg, 1.50. (REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.)

grapes, black, Ferrara, 45050; wine grapes, per ton, black, 22,06722.00; soft white, —; Mission, per ton, 12,06722.00; for black, 17.00513.00; white; Sweetvater, 25,050; Foniahblean, 10070.00; Muscat, 65070; lanbella, 1501.00; Muscat, 65070; lanbella, 1501.00; Muscat, 65070; lanbella, 1501.00; Winfer Nellis, 1.0061.50; other kinds, 40,700; bulk, 25,0074.00; crab appies, —; prunes, 50,075.00; condition, 10071.50; other kinds, 40,700; bulk, 25,0074.00; crab appies, —; prunes, 50,075.00; langworths, 10,00612.00; curranta, 40,005.00; black currants, 150,000; condervies, 25,007.00; lanck currants, 150,000; curranta, 40,005.00; black currants, 150,000; curranta, 40,005.00; black currants, 150,000; cranberries, 10,005.00; cultifornia navel, 275,000; cranberries, 60,927.00; huckleberries, 25,004.00; cranberries, 10,001.25; california lemons, 1,000; 150,000; currants, 25,000; currants, 25,0

Receipts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 3.—Flour, quarter sacks, 11.461; wheat, centais, 1612: barley, centais, 11.695; corn, centais, 31.65; beans, sacks, 1185; potatoes, sacks, 967; Oregon, 100; enions, sacks, 86; bran, 560; middlings, sacks, 786; hay, tons, 364; straw, tons, 8; hops, bales, 10; mustard, sacks, 900; wool, bales, 2; wine, gallons, 37,700; brandy, gallons, 3500; hides, 110; rasins, bozes, 780; quicksilver, faaks, 680.

Callboard Sales.

SAN_FRANCISCO, Dec 3.—Whest, Decem-

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—Wheat, December, 98%; May, 1.05%; barley, May, 68%; corn 90; bran, 13.00.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, Dec. 2, 1895. (Figures in parentheses, unless otherwistated, give volume and page of miscellaneou

8. block B, lot 3, block 60, Hancock's survey, 309
Benjamin F Bryant to Charles L Jones, lot 34, block 45, town of Azusa, 3100.
Sheriff to W A Spalding, part of lots 12, 13 an 14, block 3, Alvarado Heights, 3750.
Mrs E M Baxter et con to J H Bartle, trustee, lots 13 and 14, M P R addition to the town of Monrovia, 4200.
Albert J Armstrong to Edwin C Armstrong, lots 16 and 17, block 1, Rosemont tract, \$1500.
G K Barton to N M Hubbard, Jr. lot 23, South Side tract (15-10,) 4200.
David Henning to C W Mason, 24.42 acres in see 8, T 1 S, R 8 W, \$10,989.
United States of America to Martin Urtasun, NE74, sec 20, T 5 N, R 6 W, grant.
Mrs Anna M Johnson to William H Matthows, lot 281, M L Wicks's subdivision of the Garbolino-Cooper and South & Porter tracts (18-73, \$400.
Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, lot 34, Mrs A

16.73, \$400.

Mrr. Anna M Johnson to Harry Clark, tot 84,

M L. Wicks's subdivision of the Garbolino-Cooper and South & Porter tracts, \$750.

A W Rhodes et ux to John N Powell, part of lots 13 and 14, block 48, Mott tract (1-485,) \$585.

When your stomach is sour you will cass sleepless nights, if you use Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla you will sleep

Revival Services.

At the First Christian Church Evangelist Romig preached last night upon "The Change of Heart." Pardon and "The Change of Heart." Pardon and conversion are not synonymous, said the evangelist. Conversion is man's part in redemption and precedes pardon, which is God's part. Conversion includes a change of mind, a change of conduct and a change of state. Men's hearts are changed by the Lord Jesus Christ, by faith in His holy name. This change of heart includes changed affections, changed lives, changed characters and changed destinies.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

> Better use too much than too little • Pearline





PASADENA LINERS.

Better Pills. Liquid - Powder

Sick-headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia.

Many millions of people have tried Sim-mons Liver Regulator for all the aliments numerated above, and have declared it to be the "King of Liver Medicines." It goes to the root of matters, and is a sure remedy. Try it. For sale by all druggists, in liquid or powder.

"The Regulator is worth its weight in coid. I never used medicine before that incited so speedily upon the stomach and liver as it did."—J. J. Veaser, Washington.

EVERY PACKAGE Has the Red Z Stamp on the wrapper J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Nash Bros. CASH GROCERS.

HEALTH LAWS.

SOUR STOMACH. Undigested food in the stomach fer-nents, creates gases and your stomach s thus made sour.

When your stomach is sour eat spar-When your stomach is sour, use Joy's vegetable Sarsaparilla.

When your stomach is sour, your di-gestion is impaired and you need a good digestor, then you should take a herb remedy like Joy's Vegetable Sar-saparilla. ... Sweets, starchy and fatty foods enact a sour stomach. Avoid these and use Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla.

Sour stomachs lead to headaches. Clear your stomach and insure a pain-less head by the use of Joy's Vegetable

There are still a few druggists who tell tales so as to substitute for Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. Avoid them.

This is the time to take Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. Don't wait for the grippe to attack your weakened system. Tone the body with Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla now.

If you have bought something for Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla throw the "thing" away and get a bottle of what is known as the best family medicine—Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla.

This is a free country. You don't have to take a substitute when you pay for Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla.

Eggs, Green Fruit, Dried Fruit. Honey, Vegetables, Fish, Poultry, Fine Woolens And Many Other Commodities are proserved by

The Ice and Cold Storage Co.

Of Los Angeles, Seventh Street and Santa Fe tracks. Largest and best-equipped plant on the Coast. Distillers of Puritas. J. G. McKINNEY, Manager.



California Perfumes. Priple extracts; fine, delicate, lasting,

C. LAUX CQ., MANUFACTURERS, 142 South Spring Street.

HERNCALIFORNIA NEWS

ORANGE COUNTY.

AN INTERESTING SESSION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

ncisco Alvares on Trial for Stealing Cattle—The Pomona Liquor Ordinance at Santa Ana Repealed—Notes and Personals.

SANTA ANA, Dec. 3.-(Regular Cor respondence.) The Board of Supervisors met Monday, with all members present. Bids for the levee work to protect Newport road were opened as follows: G. W. Damron, \$566.20. On motion of Armor, the board declined to take any action toward protecting said road toward protecting said road

from overflow.

The board decided to inspect the contract work on Olive bridge and in Santa Ana Canyon on December 7.

Mrs. Robels of El Toro was granted \$6 for the care of her son, Fred.

The County Surveyor was instructed

The County Surveyor was instructed The County Surveyor was instituted to survey the new road from the intersection of Chapman and Alameda streets, running past Hoyt's place, to the intersection of the Anaheim road.

County ald was granted to Frank

the intersection of the Anaheim road.
County aid was granted to Frank
Salter of El Toro and B. B. Allen.
The board allotted an amount, not to
exceed \$50\$, to aid in building a levee
along the east bank of the Santa Ana
River, below Olive bridge, to be used
under the supervision of the County
Surveyor. It was then decided to donate a similar amount toward protecting the Newport road.
Petition received from W. S. Bartlett and others relative to protecting the
El Modena and Tustin county road
from washing. Referred to Messrs.
Armor and Smith.
An order was made for the cleaning

from washing. Referred to Messrs, Armor and Smith.

An order was made for the cleaning of the Bolsa ditch.

Richard O'Neill of the great Santa Margarita ranch requested, by petition, that the board take steps to determine the southern boundary of Orange county. The matter was referred to the District Attorney for advice.

On motion of Hawkins, recommendations from County Surveyor Finley forcetain changes in the apportionment of the Chico ditch were adopted.

John Imes's apportionment was reduced from \$15 to \$10 per month.

The Supervisors of Stanislaus county are making a fight against the First National Bank of Modesto to tax the shares of stock of said bank, and ask for financial assistance. This was another question where light from the District Attorney was requested.

The application of Leo Stephens for a saloon license, near Orange, was denied, as it did not comply with requirements of the saloon ordinance.

The County Tax Collector and Auditor reported that the expense of collecting the taxes for the city of Santa Ana would be \$150, and the Auditor was directed to withhold that sum from the taxes.

J. W. Packer and a number of other ranchers in La Habra Valley petitioned

was directed to withhold that sum from the taxes.

J. W. Packer and a number of other ranchers in La Habra Valley petitioned for a 40 per cent. reduction on their taxes. The petition was filed.

James Fullerton offered to print letterheads at \$2 per 1000 less than schedule rates. His communication was filed, also.

TUESDAY'S SESSION. The Supervisors occupied the greater part of the day in the auditing of bills. part of the day in the auditing of bills. Supervisor Hawkins was appointed a committee of one to examine the Chico ditch and to ascertain if the work had been completed as required in the specifications, and if not so completed, to notify the owners of the property to which said work is apportioned to complete the same on or before December 16, 1895.

The heavy then adjourned to most

The board then adjourned to meet Monday, December 16, 1895. A YOUNG BURGLAR. day afternoon West Mitcheil and G. E. Maxwell, who reside in the north G. E. Maxwell, who reside in the northeastern part of town, discovered that they were each minus a revolver, which had been stolen from their houses, while Mr. Mitchell, in addition, missed a knife. Constable Granam this morning arrested a young Syaniard named Marks Menda, and me of the revolvers and the knife were found on his person. The other revolver was found in the possession of George Shirley, who says he traded with Menda for it. Menda admits his guilt, but says that Shirley induced him to enter the houses. Menda was taken befire Judge Freeman Monday afternoon and bound over in \$500 bailt to appear on Wednesday, the 4th inst., at 10 -0:clock for trial, on the charge of intent to commit petty larceny. He will undoubtedly plead guilty, as he says he took one of the revolvers Sunday and the other some time last week.

VALUABLE PAPERS. eastern part of town, discovered that

Judge J. A. Lane of Garden Grove brought in a valuable paper today to have framed. It is a complaint writfen by Abraham Lincoln in Danville, Ill., in 1846, and is signed, "Lincoin, p. q." The judge has been offered \$200 for the document, but he considers it havend nyles. PARKER AGAIN CHAMPION.

VALUABLE PAPERS.

C. H. Parker again won the county championship blue rock medal Saturday afternoon. His competitors for the day afternoon. His competitors for the trophy were E. Vaughn and Elmer Mason. Vaughn and Parker tied at 22 each, out of 25, with Mason, who was out of form, three birds behind. On the shoot-off Parker broke five straight, while Vaughn missed the first one out. These shoots for the medal are always hotly contested, and it is rarely that it is not necessary to shoot off a tie. DIDN'T LIKE THE WORK.

DIDN'T LIKE THE WORK.

One of the weary wagglers who is engaged in the rock-breaking business for the city, tired of his job this morning and escaped while some lumber was being taken into the yard. Fortunately Deputy Sheriff Ulm saw the fellow and promptly returned him to his irkseme job. It is evident that some of the boys have a great disgust for that rock-pile, and undoubtedly its presence here will be well-advertised all over Southern California among the class for whose benefit it is furnished.

Two of the "gang." Jack Reinhart, the Georgia two-handed paddieman, and Knute Lenning, the bicycle thief, got into a fight this morning over a division of the rations. Reinhart opened the festivities with a smash in Lenning's jaw, and the two were immediately badly mixed. Deputy Ulm put a quietus on the proceedings by tapping Reinhart over the head with a padlock, not having a paddle convenient.

THE CATTLE-STEALING CASE.

The case of the Boole vs. Fran-case Alvarez was called in the Su-perior Court Monday morning, and the following gentlemen were accepted and sworn as jurors: I. Fields, T. H. Borden, Seth J. Arkelis, Ed Smithwick, Henry Carpenter, Ira Chandier, John

Maganety, Thomas M. Holt, N. S. Alling, L. J. Stanley, J. P. Williams and A. G. Littell. The defendant is accused of complicity in the stealing of cattle from the San Joaquin ranch, for which crime his brother, Pedro, is now doing a term in the States Prison, The defendant of course entered a plea of not guilty. Testimony against Alvarez was rushed through, George Irvine, S. J. Hayden, T. J. Fowler. Luis J. Machado, Peter Casson, Martin Aguirre, F. P. Cochran and George T. Insley all having testified at 3 o'clock, when the plaintiff rested. The attorneys for the defense moved the court to instruct the jury to acquit the case, which was denied. Alvarez was then put upon the stand in his own defense, and R. P. Marquez of Pernits, was sworn as interpreter. The direct examination of this witness was concluded at 4 o'clock, when court adjourned. He will be cross-examined this (Wednesday) morning. Dist.-Atty. Ballard is prosecuting the case, while the defendant's interests are looked after by C. S. McKelvey and R. Y. Williams. The evidence was concluded Tuesday, and the case went to the jury in the afternoon about 4 o'clock. At the time this report closed no verdict had been rendered.

CITY TRUSTEES.

CITY TRUSTEES.

The City Trustees of Santa Ana met Tuesday evening, the full board being present.

The petition of the Board of Educa-The petition of the Board of Education, asking the Trustees to order down a cement or asphalt sidewalk along the south side of First street from the southeast corner of Cypress avenue to the southwest corner of Cedar street, was granted, and the City Attorney was instructed to draft a resolution ordering down the same.

The petition of W. H. Spurgeon et al., asking the board not to pass a resolution ordering down a sidewalk on the south side of Fourth street from French street to the Santa Fe depot, was read and Monday evening, December 9, 1895, was the time set for hearing said objections.

The petition of E. S. S. Rouse and others, protesting against the order of the board requiring redwood curbing to be put in on Cypress avenue, was read and Monday evening, December 9, was the time set for the hearing of the objectors.

objectors.

The petition of T. L. Solander, asking for the privilege of running a lunch counter in the rear of the saloon of Ely & Stambuch, was read and laid on the table.

& Stambuch, was read and laid on the table.

Chris Miller, the saloon-keeper on East Fourth street, over whom there has been considerable contention recently, filed a tender for \$66.66 2-3 for saloon license for the month of December, and the same was accepted by the Board of Trustees. City Clerk Tedford was instructed to collect the same. When that official called upon the saloon-keeper the following day for the cash it was refused him, Mr. Miller claiming that there was a rebate due him on the September license on account of the city authorities having his place of business closed a portion of that month. Mr. Tedford has now turned the matter over to the City Attorney to fight it out.

The action of the Board of Trustees of September 3, 1895, revoking the saloon license of Chris Miller, was rescinded.

Reports of the city officials month.

Reports of the city officials were read

Reports of the city officials were read and ordered files.
Ordinance No. 19, repealing certain ordinances and parts of ordinances of the city of Santa Ana, was read for the second time, and passed by a unanimous vote.
Ordinance No. 226, adding a new section to ordinance No. 125, entitled, "An Ordinance to Provide for the Licensing for the Purposes of Revenue and Regulation of Pursuits, Trades, Occupations, Avocations, Employments and Business Carried on in the City of Santa Ana, to be Known and Designated as Section 41-3," was read and passed.

Ordinance No. 221, adopting specifica-ions for the construction of cement

Ordinance No. 221, adopting specifica-tions for the construction of cement sidewalks, curbs and coping in Santa Ana, was read for the first time and re-ferred to the City Attorney. Ordinance No. 222, establishing the grade of Cypress avenue from First street to Bishop street, was read for the first time and referred to the City Attorney.

Sealed bids from the Union Paving Sealed bids from the Union Paving Company for paving between the streetcar line was read and rejected. The price was 27 cents per square foot. The clerk was instructed to readvertise for sealed bids for this same work. The president of the board was empowered to employ special counsel to determine if the proceedings of the board in the matter of the issuance of street-railway bonds have been done in accordance with law.

Ordinance No. 192 known as the Po-

accordance with law.

Ordinance No. 192, known as the Pomona liquor ordinance, was, upon motion of the board, repealed, and ordinance No. 191, that was in force before the adoption of No. 192, was voted upon to be re-enacted, but a majority of the Trustees voted against that proposition. The vote was as follows: Messrs. Whitney and Garner for the old ordinance, and Messrs, Lutz, Hervey and Hunt against it.

Ordinance No. 192 was then referred.

Hunt against it.

Ordinance No. 192 was then referred
to the City Attorney, to be revised so
as to be constitutional, in accordance
with the ruling of Judge Towner.

The board adjourned to meet Monday
evening, December 9, 1895. A BONA FIDE STRIKE.

The hobos that have been working on the rock pile the past few days struck today (Tuesday) noon, and peremptor-ily refused to perform another lick of work. They gave as a reason that they work. They gave as a reason that they do not get enough to eat, and that what they do get is not of the proper kind.

Upon their refusal today to work they were all thrown back into jall, and promised bread and water until they reconsidered the matter. ORANGE COUNTY BREVITIES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. George Wright Santa Ana, Tuesday, December 3, a

son.
Victor Yorba has gone to Ensenada,
Lower California, where he has a large
ranch.
Detective George T. Insley and Martin Aguirre, two of Los Angeles' best
known ferreters of crime, are attending
the Alvarez trial.
William Passelo, the huggler from El-

the Alvarez trial.

William Passalo, the burgiar from ElToro was up before Justice Freeman today, and his examination was set for
December 10, at 2 p.m.

Eliza E. Morgan vs. O. R. Scholl et
al., an action to foreclose a mortgage
on property in Orange county, has been
filed with the County Clerk.

A marriage license was issued today
(Tuesday) to William Thompson, aged
26 years, and Mary Mehler, aged 34
years, both residents of Fullerton.

B. F. Brown of Santa Ana left this

years, both residents of Fullerton.

B. F. Brown of Santa Ana left this (Tuesday) evening for Altoona, Kan., having been called thither on account of the dangerous illness of his father.

Marshal Curtice arrested a plain drunk from Capistrano today, who was found to be carrying a revolver. He was sufficiently sobered up to be sent home in the evening.

James E. Howell of Tustin died Mon-day afternon at his home near Tustin after a brief illness. He was 74 years of age. Funeral services will be held tomorrow (Wednesday) at the residence of the deceased.

of the deceased.

Mrs. J. Powell Rice of the Los Angeles Normal School was in Santa Ana Monday, visiting the public schools of that city. The lady spoke very highly of what the teachers there were doing in that particular line of work.

A. B. Harris, G. Cary, W. H. Bowers,

John Baker, C. E. Parker and G. A. Edgar went up to J. E. Pleasant's home in Santiago Canyon Saturday afternoon and enjoyed a hunt with the hounds of the Santa Ana Kennel Club. hounds of the Santa Ana Kennel Club.
Santa Ana Tent No. 8, K. O. T. M.
elected the following officers Monday
night: F. L. Mitchell, C.; M. C. Cooper
L. C.; A. G. Harlin, R. C.; R. W.
Meade, F. C.; F. C. Connor, C.; M. M.
Johnson, Sergt.; D. Matheney, M. A.
R. H. Coffee, first M. G.; A. C. Griffin,
second M. O.; Ponsonby Wilson, Sentinel; Peter Jackson, P. P.; C. of B. H.

POMONA.

Still Mourning for the Absent Vitor Humbrecht.

pomona. Dec. 3.—(Regular Correspondence.) From Mrs. L. A. Utter, who has for years kept a boardinghouse in this city on Fourth street, between Thomas and Main streets, and who was one of the victims of Victor J. Humbrecht to the amount of about \$25, it is learned that his name is real and not assumed, for she knew him back East, where he as a mere boy played with her son. Mrs. Utter says that after his board bill had run up, and his promises of money from home didn't materialize, she wrote back to get—to use her own words—"his pedigree," and, learning that it had materially deteriorated from "thoroughbred," she "kicked him out."

A jury of twelve men was finally empaneled in the G. Mirande case, another of the winery cases, Monday, and at night was postponed for further proceedings until next Friday.

The oranges in some of the orchards of the Washington navel variety are beginning to color nicely, and it is thought by some of the dealers that some small job lots for Christmas purposes can be handled within two or three weeks. The trees in the majority of instances, seemed to be heavily laden with the golden fruit this season.

There is quite a movement in the matter of trimming the trees that border the sidewalks of the principal streets in Pomona, a step that all pedestrians will applaud.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Clyde Brasher will entertain some of their intimate friends at their pretty new home on Pearl street this evening, among them the teachers of the Pomona public schools, of whom Mrs. Brasher was one for many years.

The remains of Miss J. Dunn, the young lady who died in this city Mon.

many years.

The remains of Miss J. Dunn, the young lady who died in this city Monday, will be carried to Los Angeles to-morrow for interment in Rosedale Cemetery.

young lady who died in this city Monday, will be carried to Los Angeles tomorrow for interment in Rosedale
Cemetery.

The brother of Orlando Sprague of
this city, whom Pomonans will remember as his guest in this city for several
months a year or so ago, and who was
to return this winter, has, so a letter
just received from the east by Mr.
Sprague informs him, after an illness
of only a few days, gone on that journey from which no man returns.

A good many people wonder what will
now be the outcome of the case against
T. Tisnerat, who was arrested for violation of the ordinance prohibiting the
sale of intoxicants in Pomona, except
for medical purposes. Mr. Tisnerat was
tried twice on the charge, the last
time being last Saturday. His lawyer
said nothing until the jury had been
chosen and the court was ready for taking testimony. Then the lawyer moved
that the prisoner be discharged on the
ground that the same complaint, without a new service of papers on the defendant, was inoperative. Recorder
Young ruled that as correct, and the
case was dismissed.

The new stone cottage built by

Charles F. Loop, Jr., near Claremont, is finished.

The nurserymen who have olive trees for sale are getting ready for a big business to begin in January.

Peter Fleming is confined to the house, as a result of a surgical operation upon him by Drs. Campbell and Johnson. He will probably be about again in a short time in better health than ever.

It looks on some afternoons as if there are more bicycles in Pomona than horses. Every dealer in wheels in this place has done a large business this year.

year.

C. P. Lansing and wife of Virginia are among the new residents in this place.

A number of real estate men say that their business is very slow, so far this winter, but they hope it will improve

Land Company Against the Ranch-

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

A Land Company Against the Ranchers—News Notes.

SAN DIEGO, Dec. 3.—(Regular Correspondence.) A fight is promised between the San Diego Land and Town Company and the ranchers to whom the company has sold lands. Last summer this company proposed to raise the water rate from \$3.50 per acre to \$7. Vigorous protests caused them to defer the evil day until January 1, 1886. The ranchers propose to contest the company's right to arbitrarily increase the water rate 100 per cent. They claim that when they bought the lands from the company with a water-right that was reasonable, they not only bought the land but also a right to have water from the company's reservoir so long as they paid for it, and that for the company to raise the rate unreasonably and arbitrarily at its whim and pleasure, is unlawful. So earnest are some of the ranchers on this point that they have told the company they would prefer to give away their ranches, most of which are highly improved, rather-than continue to be in danger of being held up year after year by an arbitrary increase of rates. The company claims that improvements of its water system makes the increase of rates necessary. The ranchers reply that if the company will assess the thousands of acres of its own land in proportion to the assessments of the acres of the ranchers, the corporation will then have abundant means for improvements without having to squeeze it out of the rancher unfortunate enough to be obliged to buy water from the company. The ranchers have much sympathy in their opposition to the cifort to double their water rates.

There are nineteen hobos in the City Jail and a number in the County Jail. Only four, hobos work in the chaingang. Reports indicate that the country about the city is infested with the kinghts of the road. The Supervisors order the establishment of a chaingang for hobos. It is about time. The record of crime attributed to tramps in this-city and county includes murder, highway robery and thievery. An increased, police force is ne

creased police force is needed in the city.

The grand jury convened on Monday conists of E. J. Swayne, F. T. Scripps, John A. McRae, S. J. Mendenhall, Silas Gaskill, John C. Ford, D. A. Stewart, W. P. Stone, L. Snyder, A. Chapin, J. W. Cox, W. A. Begole, W. R. Saxton, S. Striplin, W. E. Howard, E. H. Davis, H. M. Landis, G. B. Watson, John H. Ferry. The foreman is W. E. Howard.

William Jackson was dragged through a barbed-wire fence at El Cajon on Saturday. Fifty stitches were taken in binding up his wounded arm. He may recover.

J. Reimers will build a \$3000 house on E, near Eleventh street.

The County Treasurer had \$57,276 on hand on Monday.

WRITE to Sanger Lumber Co., Sanger, Cal.

WRITE to Sanger Lumber Co., Sanger, Cal., for prices on first-class pine orange boxes and cabbag: crates. Quick delivery guaranteed.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

JUSTICE SEELEY OF CHINO AMONG THE MISSING.

Deserted Wife and Children and Left Many Mourning Creditors. Southern Pacific Depot Site. Notes and Personals.

SAN BERNARDINO, Nov. 3 .- (Regular Correspondence.) Orrin F. Seeley, erstwhile Justice of the Peace at Chino, has levanted and various people and institutions are mourning his absence to the extent of about \$1000.

In addition to being Justice of the

Peace, Seeley was secretary of a branch of the Savings Union at Chino, an in-surance agent, maintained a real estate and house-renting agency, was a mem-ber of half a dozen orders, and in one way or another managed to hold an interest in everything in the sugar-fac-

terest in everything in the sugar-factory town.

And more's the pity, since each of these different interests have suffered from his connection with them. He left Chino November 21, came to San Bernardino, doubled back to Los Angeles, and then left for the City of Mexico, where he is at present located.

His peculations will not fall below \$1000. Of this the Savings Union loses about \$1230. People who had intrusted property to him to rent for them are out several months' rent. He borrowed money indiscriminately, and used his

property to him to rent for them are out several months' rent. He borrowed money indiscriminately, and used his credit for all it was worth in every direction.

Seeley left a wife and four small children in almost destitute circumstances, and the little home which they occupy is mortgaged for \$1000. Mrs. Seeley is very, highly respected by all who know her, and this feature of the case makes it blacker for the rascally husband.

The matter had been kept quiet and some of his indignant neighbors started, a movement looking to his extradition, but found that the law was against it, and Seeley is safe as long as he is across the border.

As Justice of the Peace Seeley's decisions were parodies on justice, and he was cordially disliked by the people who had anything to do with his court on account of his rollings.

Seeley was a hard drinker, and the general explanation of his actions is that his habits caused him to squander everything and then take to cowardly flight and desert his family.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC'S PURCHASES.

The Southern Pacific Company has purchased a lot on the morthwest corner.

The Southern Pacific Company has purchased a lot on the northwest corner of First and E streets, 100x150 feet, which is beyond doubt to constitute a part of their depot grounds in this city. The lot was bought of Mrs. Feliciana Paine and the consideration named in

part of their depot grounds in this city. The lot was bought of Mrs. Feliciana Paine, and the consideration named in the deed is \$2050.

The lot has its longest dimensions, 150 feet, on the First-street side and adjoins the lot recently purchased of the city for \$800, which has a frontage of 50 feet on First street and a depth of 300 feet. This lot, taken with the one to the east just bought, gives the company a total frontage of 200 feet on First street, and part of the property extending 300 feet back into the block.

From the way this ground lies there can be but one supposition formed, and that is that the Southern Pacific will own all the east half of that block when it is through buying. Otherwise ground would not be bought in the shape in which these purchases have been made. The situation as it now stands indicates one more thing, viz: that the Southern Pacific will not delay long in getting its trains into this city. While negotiations for rights-of-way between this city and Colton, and between here and Redlands have been progressing. Col. T. J. Wilson has also been at work looking out for depot and yard grounds, and from all indications .hese grounds will not be more than a block from the corner of Third and E streets.

A VICTIM OF CONSUMPTION.

corner of Third and E streets.

A VICTIM OF CONSUMPTION.

Benjamin Myrtle Stoddard died at his father's residence on E street at 1 o'clock this afternoon, of consumption. He had been gradually falling for a year and a half, since his return from the University of Palo Alto in June, 1894. When the time came for the opening of the fall semester a year ago, he was not strong enough to return and take up his studies, and during the year which has elapsed he has been gradually growing weaker, until the end came today.

He was born in Whitewater, Wis., March 17, 1875, and was therefore in his twenty-first year at the time of

March 17, 1875, and was therefore in his twenty-first year at the time of death. In the fall of 1892 he entered the University of Wisconsin, at Madi-sen, completing his freshman year at that institution, and coming to San sen, completing his freshman year at that institution, and coming to San Bernardino in June, 1893, his father, Dr. Stoddard, having removed from Wisconsin a few months before. In September he entered Stanford, registering as a sophomore, and completing the year with credit, his work in scientific lines being exceptional. Microscopy was his favorite study, and some of his specimens have been given very tayorable, mantion

of his specimens have been given very favorable mention.

Personally Mr. Stoddard was popu-lar in social circles of this city, and the news of his death is everywhere re-ceived with expressions of genuine sor-

The funeral will be held Thursday
fiternoon from the family residence on
E street, north of Fourth.
E street, north of Fourth. SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

The first number of "The Tyro," the official journal of the San Bernardino High School, has been issued, and it is in every way a credit to the High School and to the cerps of editors who prepared the matter it contains. It is in magazine form, ten pages and cover. The editorial department is presided over by C. A. Whitmore, and his associates are Miss Kate Hooper, Miss Louis Roe, Miss Lulu Woodling. H. McIntler, Miss Lydy Colliver, Miss Buehla Kendall and Wesley Beach. The business management is in the hands of George Swing, assisted by J. Andy Pearce and Clifford Thomas.

The famous suit of Porter & Van

George Swing, assisted by J. Andy Pearce and Clifford Thomas.

The famous suit of Porter & Van Slyke against the Arrowhead Reservoir Company, which has been in court since 1891, has been compromised. Porter & VanSlyke held a contract for work on the Arrowhead road, and in the settlement a difference arose, which led the contractors to bring suit for about \$400. The Arrowhead people filed a counter claim for about \$400. The matter was settled by the Arrowhead Company paying the sum of \$1600.

Supervisor W. H. Randall of Highland, took 2400 boxes of seedling oranges from 525 trees last season. This year he will pack 600 boxes from three and one-half acres of six-year-old navels. As Highland navels command the top of the market the financial results will be most satisfactory.

Walter Kohl has resigned the position of chief clerk at the New St. Charles to become actively identified with the Highland motor line. He has been succeeded by Fred Schindler, late of Centralia, Ill.

T. H. Goff has purchased of Mrs. F. Hinckley the residence of Fourth street.

T. H. Goff has purchased of Mrs. F. Hinckiey the residence of Fourth street, formerly occupied by Dr. J. B. Rowell. Mr. Goff will have the property thoroughly renovated and occupy it immediately.

Court today. Mrs. Osborne was allowed \$1000 by consent. She made no opposition to the granting of the de-

The Redlands Electric Light Com-pany has secured the contract for street lighting, it being awarded at a spe-cial meeting of the Board of City Trus-tees Saturday.

Henry C. Stubbs of Banning and Miss Bertha Luhrman of this city, were married Sunday evening by Rev. David Walk, pastor of the Christian

Church.

Rev. H. A. Brown has gone to Los
Angeles to attend the first convention
of the Southern California diocese of
the Protestant Episcopal Church, and
will be absent until Thursday.

Mrs. Arthur Reid of Carpinteria, Santa
Barbara county, accompanied by her Barbara county, accompanied by her brother, Andrew Milligan, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rich-ard.

ard.

Frank Beam has sent to Oakland for his famous horse Selkirk, and will winter him in San Bernardino.

Ex-County Clerk C. D. Hamilton was in the city from Banning, yesterday. Mrs. M. I. Brown left for Williams, Ariz., this morning.

H. E. Harris left on a business trip to Arizona, Sunday. to Arizona, Sunday.
O. D. Foy, City Clerk, left for Indio last evening. J. A. Cole went to Los Angeles this morning.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Lebnek Was Called Back-A Divorce

SANTA BARBARA, Dec. 3.-(Regular Correspondence.) The City Mar-shal of San Luis Obispo has written a letter to Sheriff Hicks of this county making inquiry about William Leback, who claims to have lived in this city who ciaims to have lived in this city for seven months. Leback, it appears, was caught stealing a horse and saddle, and when questioned as to his identity, said that he had lived here and that his wife resided in Los Angeles with his brother-in-law. Leback was caught just as he had cut loose the horse and was preparing to ride away. The arrested man will have an opportunity to explain his conduct to the Superior Court Juge, having been held in \$500 bonds.

W. L. Clark has brought suit for divorce from his wife, Emma E. Clark. The plaintiff brings suit on the ground of desertion. The parties were married in Los Angeles, May, 1893, and lived together until November 25, 1894, when the defendant left the plaintiff. Mrs. Clark is now residing in Pasadena, and is engaged in business there under the name of E. E. McLeod, her maiden name.

Miss Elizabeth Douglass, who has been spending a year here, visiting her grandfather Reniamin F. Doug-

Miss Elizabeth Douglass, who has been spending a year here, visiting her grandfather Benjamin F. Douglass, departed for Calcago via the Santa Fe route today.

J. M. H. Marham, a prominent business man of St. Louis, is registered at the Arlington.

C. A. Seay, editor of the Carpenteria Courier, accompanied by Mrs. Seay, is at the New Morris House for a few days.

C. A. Seay.

teria Courier, accompanied by
Seay, is at the New Morris House for
a few days.

The following-named persons are
domiciled at the Mascarel: B. S. Roenblatt, C. E. Dalyn, George E. Maxwell, San Francisco; A. T. Sexempler

AZUSA VALLEY. AZUSA, Dec. 2.—(Regular Correspondence.) In exemplification of the old adage that one-half the world does not know what the other half is doing, an example is to be found in a statement made by a Redlands paper. A paper there says that Redlands shipped the second carload of early oranges sent out from Southern California, Riverside shipping the first a few days before. As a matter of fact, a fruit company had dispatched eight carloads from their Azusa packinghouse up to and including November 29. The first carload was shipped on the 21st, one each on the 22nd, 23rd, 25th, 25th, 27th, and two on the 29th, and are now sending out two carloads each day, and Thursday will begin with three carloads daily. Un to date nearly all this fruit AZUSA, Dec. 3 .- (Regular Correspond

out two carloads each day, and Thursday will begin with three carloads daily. Up to date nearly all this fruit has been gathered from the orchards upon the Glendora foothills.

Last week A. P. Griffith became the owner of the Baptist Church property, paying \$500 cash therefor.

The new Baptist Church is now receiving the roof and is going up rapidly under direction of Foreman Starr of Los Angeles.

under direction of Foreman Starr of Los Angeles.

There are bright prospects of the fund for graveling Azusa avenue reaching \$900 by Saturday night. In that event a public spirited citizen has indicated that he will raise it to the \$1000 mark Already the sum of \$750 is subscrib and more is being added hourly. Wi and more is being added hourly. With this amount to start upon our people expect to have \$2500 available for the improvement of our principle thorough-fares. It is this spirit of public enterprise and unity that is making Azusa one of the best towns in the State.

The Earl Fruit Company is packing their fourteenth carload of oranges here today.

their fourteenth carload of oranges here today.

The spirit of road improvement has struck Covina, that progressive town having just held a public meeting to consider the graveling of the lower portion of Citrus avenue. It is current that the Southern Pacific has promised to haul the gravel in from their own pits for this work. or this work.
Mrs. William Forbes has just re-

Mrs. William Forbes has just re-turned from a visit to her old home in Prnoe-Edward's Island. She was ac-companied by a younger sister, Miss McCalum, who will remain a year. C. V. Cain yesterday removed the stock of his branch shoe store at Covina to Azusa, consolidating it with the main store here.

to Azusa, consolidating it with the main store here.

On next Saturday evening Azusa will be overrun with visiting Odd Fellows, word having been received today, stating that forty members of the Ontario Lodge will be here. The local fraternity will give them a warm reception.

Stephen Bowers addressed a fair audience here last night on the saloon and its evils. His remarks were conservative, fair and interesting.

Casey & Ott have just finished a large contract, equipping the irrigation wells a long coverings for N.

contract, equipping the irrigation wells with galvanized iron coverings for N. W. Stowell upon the new pipe system of the Azusa Irrigation Company.

ECZEMA Most Distressing of Skin Diseases

Instantly Relieved by **Oticura**

WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS A warm bath with Cuticura

Soap, and a single application of Cuticura (ointment), the great Skin Cure, followed by mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier), will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economi-cal cure when all other methods fail.

field throughout the world. British depot: F. Nuw-may & Sona. I. King Edwardest, Louista. Portus Dama and Cana. Contr. Sois From. Besten. U. S. &-

No Waiting, No Wondering



onarch BRAND ... SHIRTS ...

if they'll Fit.

Every Garment is Guaranteed. All Leading Retailers know of this brand of Shirts. If your outfitter is out of size or style you desire, let him get it for you, and in order that he may get you just what you want, write us for SOUVENIP OF FASHIONS. Copies Free by mail.

CLUETT, COON & CO., Makers. **●乔州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州州**

THE PARISIAN BAZAAR,

The Cheapest Place in the City to Buy

419 South Spring Street.

Loveland Reporter, said to be "The Only Strictly Truthful Paper in Colorado," writes from Loveland, Colo., under data of September 2, 1895: "For a long time I have been carrying an advertisement in my columns of Ripans Tabules, and although I have frequently advised their use by others while talking of medicines, I have never tried them myself until about a month them myself until about a mon-ago. I found upon inquiry that neither of our three druggists neither of our three drugstase carried them, although they acknowledged receiving a number of calls for them. About a month ago I bought a box of them in Denver at the Palace Drug Store, corner of Curtis and Sixteenth streets. For heartburn, dizziness and headache I have never found and headache I have never tould the equal of Ripans Tabules, and other members of my family use them for various ills with excellent results. I cannot afford to keep house nor run a print shop without them, nor do I believe any one else can afford not to use them. The

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists or by



ed of all diseases, have at last been conquered. I will guar-antee to cure any Cancer or Tumor without the aid of a knife, and without When once cured you are for-ever relieved of them. I ask no pay until you are cured. Remember delays are danger. ous; so come to me at once. Send for my 63-page book of home testimonials—you may know some of the people I have cured. Consultation

NICOLL, The Tailor 134 S. Spring st.

S. R. CHAMLEY, M. D. Office 311 W. First st. Private Hospital 416 W. Lenth st.

One Curesl

McBURNEY'S

Kidney and Bladder Cure. IS the BEST Remedy on Earth for all affections of the Kidney and Urinary Organs. ONE BOTTLE INVARIA-

BLY CURES. . For Sale by all druggists or by W. F. McBURNEY

Sole Manufacturer, 418 S. Spring street, Los Angeles Sent prepaid on receipt of price. \$1.25 BOTTLE.

"Fools rush in where angels fear to tread"-The saloons are full of them-But the Keeley treatment is bringing 'em out of the saloon.

The Keeley Institute, Cor. N. Main and Commercial Sts., Over Farmers' and Merchants' Bank.

The Montecito Emulsion of Pure Olive Oil

A most destrable tissue builder and to aid the proper digestion and as similation of food, especially indicated in all cases of emaclation. Also "OLIVE OIL CANDY." excelent in coughs, colds and throat irritations. Specially recommended in cases of constigation (in children.) EL MONTECITO MFG. CO.

For sale by all druggists and grocers.



S. G. MARSHUTZ, Scientific Optician 245 S. Spring St., opposite Stimsol Block, Established here nine years. Look for the Crown on the window

Don't Order Until You See



Take Nothing but Spruce Gum Balsam For Coughs and Colds.
For sale by F. F. KIEFERDORF,

Cure the Following Diseases.

Diseases of Stomach, Liver and Bowels, Tape and Roundworm, Piles and Fistula, Diseases of Kidneys and Bladder, Catarth, Asthma, Consumption, Nervous Diseases, Epilepsy, Cancer, Diseases of the Skin and Scalp, Diseases of the Heart and Circulation, Chronic Rheumatism, Obesity, Deformities and Surgical Diseases, Spinal Diseases, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, Diseases of the Blood, Diseases Peculiar to Women and Private Diseases.

CONSULTATION ALWAYS FREE.

Write If you cannot come in person.

TWO DAYS ONLY-Wednesday and Thursday

Dec. 4th and 5th, at 10:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m., 311 South Broadway, Muskegon Block.
400 Antique Line, Kurdistan, Boukahare and Rare Iran Palace Carpet.
These Rugs will all be sold without

serve. Exhibition Monday and Tuesday.

THOS. B. CLARK.

Wonderful Cura With Herbs ...

Drs. Wong & Yim,

SANITARIUM

NERVOUS, CHRONIC AND ALL MAN-ER OF DISEASES quickly cured with thousand cures. Twelve years in

DRS. WONG & YIM,

237 S. SPRING ST.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

Ladies' Underwear, Children's and

All goods sold at Factory prices

Send for our new Catalogue—it will interest you. Goods delivered free in Pasadena. Special attention to Mail Orders.

a specialty.

Auctioneer.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BUILD-ING SUPERINTENDENT.

A Forgotten City Ordinance Taken Advantage of to Establish a Burying Ground.

Examination of the Grand Jury One Flaw May Quash All Indictments.

Rangod Convicted-A Cause Celebra Argued Before Judge Van Dyke. Another Revival of the Le-onis Estate Tangle.

The Superintendent of Buildings has prepared his report of work done by the office of which he is the head, during the past year. A startling discovery was made yesterday when it was found that an ordinance adopted last year gives to the Board of Health and the Health Officer the right to establish burial grounds in the city. This has an important bearing on the proposed Catholic Cemetery in Boyle Heights.

Catholic Cemetery in Boyle Heights.

Much interest was felt yesterday if
the examination of the grand jury i Department One, a matter which occupied the entire day. Edward Rangod was convicted of rape. The old case of McDaniel vs. Pattison was brought up again in Judge Van Dyke's court for

AT THE CITY HALL.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

A Year's Work in the Building Su-

The heads of the various departments in the City Hall are at this time oc-cupied with the preparation of their annual reports, which they are required to present to the Council each

Superintendent of Buildings Strange is first to finish his report, which he will file today with the City Clerk, The report makes very interesting reading, as the amount of work in this office, resulting from the unprecedented activity in building circles, has been phenomenally large during the past

phenomenally large during the past year.

In addition to matters directly connected with his office, Superintendent Strange has made mention of the fact that "the loss from fires, so far as buildings are concerned, has been very light." This is intended to assure strangers, in other sections of the country, whose attention will no doubt be drawn to this report through the splendid showing made, that the large number of buildings erected is not due to any reparation of fire losses, but is a natural result of the conditions prevailing in Los Angeles. The report will also contain, when presented to the Council, the number of plumbing permits issued during the year, which Inspector Burgoin has not as yet computed, but which will exceed 4000 in number. The full text of the report follows:

A MAGNIFICENT SHOWING. To the City Council of Los Angeles In conformity with the laws by which the operations of this departwhich the operations of this department are governed, I have the honor, as Superintendent of Buildings, of placing in your hands the annual report of this department for the year 1894 and 1895, containing a complete summary of such matters as pertain to building improvements and other matters connected with the duties of this office.

this office.

"The building operations for the year past have increased in volume and cost from those of the previous year or any year in the history of this city. This, in connection with the fact of the business depression throughout the country is very restifuted. the business depression throughout the country, is very gratifying. Another thing in connection with the building improvements worthy of attention is the fact that the operations were equally brisk in all classes of buildings, and distributed throughout the

"The construction of dwellings has perhaps exceeded in importance the amount of brick business buildings which are more forcibly brought to our which are more forcibly brought to our business." atention by the blockaded streets in attention by the blockaded streets in the business center. The vast number of dwellings erected within the past year indicates the enormous increase in pepulation. Another feature of the building activity which should not be overlooked is the fact that mortgages recorded are less than one-half the amount of real estate sales and build-ing construction. "The following is a comparison of this year with past years." 1891 and 1899

"The following is a comparison of this year with past years: 1891 and 1892, 879 permits were issued for a cost of about \$1.888.000; 1892 and 1893, 1312 permits were issued for a cost of about \$1.633.000; 1893 and 1894. 1795 permits were issued for a cost of about \$2.226, 000; 1894 and 1895, 2415 permits were issued for a cost of \$3.885.838.
"The following figures indicate in detail the work of the department, showing the number of buildings erected, permits, costs and fees:
"New buildings, 1609; alterations and repairs, 554; sheds and stables, 198; removals, 154; number of permits, 2415; cost of buildings, \$3.885,838; fees, \$3092.40.

cost of buildings, \$3,885.83s; fees, \$3092.40.

'The following shows the class of buildings erected and the cost of each class: 1664 new dwellings, flats and tenements at a cost of \$2,165,950; 76 brick buildings at a cost of \$2,165,950; 76 brick buildings at a cost of \$1,191,180; 4 fire-engine-houses, \$3000; 10 churches, \$75,-550; 4 hospitals and infirmatories, \$83,-600; additions, repairs and miscellaneous, \$361,15s; representing an aggregate expenditure of \$2,885,828.

"To the large number of buildings for which permits have been issued, should be added the municipal buildings, which have been built and are now in course of construction. Eleven new school buildings and additions to eight old school buildings, at a cost of \$238,000; the new Central Police Station, at a cost of \$80,000, making the total cost of buildings commenced this year, \$4,203,238.

"Beside this should be added the new Bullard building, costing \$100,000, for which a permit was issued last year, and but little or no work done on the same until the beginning of this year, making a grand total for the year of \$4,300,856.

"The building ordinances of this city are incomplete and entirely unsuited to the present conditions of this city. With the valuable assistance of the local chapter of the American Institute YESTERDAY'S PERMITS.

YESTERDAY'S PERMITS.

A goodly number of building permits were issued yesterday by the Building Superintendent, those for buildings costing \$500 and over being as follows:

O. T. Johnson, a three-story office building on Broadway between Third and Fourth streets, to cost \$18,000.

Mrs. H. M. del Valle, a dwelling on Figueroa street between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets, to cost \$3400.

Catherine Incale a Arallica of Streets.

3300. Catherine Inealy, a dwelling on Star street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, to cost \$1500. H. J. Kramp, a dwelling on Sentous and Winfield streets, to cost \$1400. R. A. Silverthorn, a dwelling on Thirty-second street and Griffith aveoue, to cost \$500. Also a dwelling at No. 1302 Girard street, to cost \$1000. S. M. Ryan, a dwelling on Westlake avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, to cost \$4500. F. H. Long, an apartment house on Tenth street and Grand avenue, to cost \$10,000.

A. M. Gilbert, a dwelling Mrs. A. M., Gilbert, a. dweiling on Thirty-first street, between Grand ave-nue and Figueroa streets, to cost \$2550. Nolan & Smith, a store and lodging-house on Spring street between Eighth and Ninth streets, to cost \$13,000. I. Fetsch, a dwelling on Towne ave-nue, between Third and Fourth streets, to cost \$1200.

J. S. Smith, a dwelling on Clover treet, to cost \$500. A. K. Moropulous, a store building on A. K. Moropulous, a store building on Third street between Spring and Broad-way, to cost \$500.

A CLEVER MOVE.

Catholics Successful in Establishing n Cemetery in Boyle Heights.

Quietly and without ostentation the Roman Catholic Church, through the sishon of this diocese, has succee bishop of this diocese, has succeeded in planting a cemetery in Boyle Heights, despite the united protests of the ad-jacent property-owners, and the sup-posed all-powerful influence of Coun-cilman Blanchard, who represents the Boyle Heights district in the City Council.

Council.

Several months ago Bishop Mora in dited a letter to the Council, in which Several months ago Bishop Mora indited a letter to the Council, in which permission was asked to establish a burial ground in territory east of the Evergreen Cemetery. The proposed location of the burial ground was in the block bounded by Fourth, Fresno and Lorena streets. This petition from the bishop, who represented the Catholic church in the matter, was promptly referred by the Council to the Board of Health. That body considered the petition and reported favorably in the matter, recommending that the petition be granted. When the recommendation came to the Council, however, it met with opposition from Councilman Blanchard, whose constituents, near the proposed cemetery, were kicking like the proverbial Texas steer at the prospect of having another burial ground in their midst. Such was the resistance and opposition displayed by Councilman Blanchard, who, of course, represented his people in the matter, that a special committee, composed of Councilmen Savage, Ashman and Kingery, was appointed to investigate the subject, and discover whether or not the proposed location was the best that could be secured for cemetery purposes. That was almost two months ago, and the committee during this time has visited the proposed location, but has not prepared or presented any report to the

ited the proposed location, but has not prepared or presented any report to the Council in the matter. But the Catholic people have not in the mean time been idle. While their opponents rested secure in the fancy that nothing could or would be done save upon the recommendation of the Council committee, they have, through Bishop Mora's representative, stolen a march on the Boyle Heights people, and, unless appearances are very deceptive, have a "lead-pipe cinch" on a burial ground in that portion of the city.

It develops now that the Council has, under the present city ordinances, absolutely no authority in this case, either to allow or forbid the Catholics or anybody else to establish a cemetery within the city limits.

body else to establish a cemetery within the city limits.

By an ordinance numbered 2794, and adopted October 27, 1894, the Council delegated power to act, in matters of this kind, to the Board of Health. It would seem that every one had forgotten the existence of this ordinance—except ex-City Attorney McFarland. Heremembered the law on the subject and dispensed the information to Bishop Mora. The discovery of this forgotten ordinance put an entirely new face on the matter. If the Board of Health controlled the situation, why waste time with the City Council?

ordinance put an entirely new face on the matter. If the Board of Health controlled the situation, why waste time with the City Council?

At once Bishop Mora addressed the following communication to the Board of Health:

"Your petitioner. Francis Mora, bishop of Monterey and Los Angeles, respectfully represents that he is the owner of lots 3 and 4 of block 78 of Hancocks' survey of the city of Los Angeles; that he is desirous of establishing a cemetery upon such premises in accordance with the rules and regulations and laws of the State of Callfornia, and the ordinances of the city of Los Angeles, and therefore respectfully asks that you grant him a permit to establish a cemetery upon such property as aforesaid."

The Health Officer replied to this petition as follows:

"You having pagettioned to be allowed."

mit to establish a cemetery upon such property as aforesaid."

The Health Officer replied to this petition as follows:

"You having petitioned to be allowed to establish a burial-ground or cemetery upon lots 3 and 4 of block 78 of Hancock's survey of the city of Los Angeles, State of California, permission is hereby granted to you to establish and lay out, maintain and operate a burial-ground or cemetery upon said above-described property, such burial ground to be operated and conducted in accordance with the laws of the State of California, and the ordinances of the city of Los Angeles."

The next step of the cemetery people was to take from the Calvary Cemetery the body of J. McDermott, buried there on June 5, 1893, and remove the body to the new cemetery in Boyle Heights. A burial permit was obtained from the Health Officer for this purpose, the change was made on last Wednesday, and now the residents and property-owners in Boyle Heights awake to find that they have been cleverly, shrewdly beaten, that their opponents have first-class legal authority for their actions, and unless the ordinance before referred to is repealed, the Catholic church will continue to make additions to the single corpse now reposing in the at present unnamed cemetery over the hills.

That the matter as it now stands will be the subject of fierce contention, seems inevitable. Just what will be done by Councilman Blanchard under the circumstances is not known. The committee appointed to prepare a report in the matter will no doubt inform the Council of the turn affairs have taken, and will probably ask that the matter be referred to the City Attorney for advice upon the subject. solus, 381,18; representing a miscellanceus, 381,18; representing a series are expenditure of \$2,856,782.

To the large number of buildings for which permits have been Issued for which a permit west in the permits have been Issued for which a permit west in the permits of the city of Los Angeles. The permits have the permits have been selected in the permits was to take from the Chivary Corpus and additions to eight old school buildings and permits was to take from the Realth Office was to take from the Chivary Corpus and additions to eight old school buildings and permits was to take from the Realth Office was to take from the Realth Office was to take from the Chivary Corpus and additions to eight old school buildings and the official of the permits was to take from the Realth Office was to take from the Chivary Corpus and additions to eight old school buildings and the official office was to take from the Chivary Corpus and the official was to take from the Chivary Corpus and the total cost of buildings on the special permits of the perm

ng absent, and the meeting was post-

Board of Education to look after school in Highland Park, visited the

to \$80 a month.

Some discussion was created yesterday, in the City Hall, when the engineer demanded that a new safety valve be purchased, and insisted on the purchase being made of a certain firm, which asked \$46 for the article. The City Clerk finally bought the valve for \$16, despite the protestations of the engineer, who claimed that nothing but the \$40 article would answer the purpose.

the \$40 article would answer the purpose.

The office of the Mayor was visited yesterday by George H. Rowe, who holds the position of deputy comptroller in Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. Rowe is making a tour of the West, and joins the great host of enchusiasts who declare that Southern California is the rarest spot under the sun.

The work of repairing the defective closets in the City Hall is almost completed, and in a short time some relief will be afforded habitues of the hall from the condition of affairs which has prevalled in the building during the past three months. The relief will be only temporary, however, as the repairs are of a slight and ephereral nature, not calculated to be permanent. The Sewer Committee yesterday prepared a report recommending that the proposal of R. B. Fanner to sewer Sixteenth street from San Pedro to Peru street, for 66½ cents a lineal foot be accepted.

Max Meyberg complains to the Council, in a communication filed yesterday with the City Clerk, of a leaky fire hydrant near Figueroa and Twentieth streets. The hydrant is alleged to be a nuisance and Mr. Meyberg petitions for its repair.

T. Bradshaw has filed with the

for its repair.

T. T. Bradshaw has filed with the City Clerk a protest against the acceptance by the Street Superintendent of the sewering work performed in Fremont avenue. He alleges that mistakes have occurred in the assessments made and wishes the servers.

nave occurred in the assessments made and wishes the same corrected. Notice was served on the custodian of the City Hall yesterday by the Health Officer, of the foul condition of the water tanks in the garret of the building, from which the supply of water for the building is obtained. The City Cierk will have the tanks cleaned and covered.

AT THE COURTHOUSE.

Jury in Danger of Being Knocked Out.

All day yesterday was occupied with All day yesterday was occupied with a minute examination of the grand jury by the attorneys for George Braby, in the hope of being able to find some flaw in the construction of the inquisitorial body which might be enlarged into a le through which the men in dicted might crawl out.

The men under the ban of the grand The men under the ban of the grand jury were all in court when the nineteen inquisitors filed in and ranged themselves in the jury box and such seats as the left-over ones could find to face the search light shortly to be turned upon them by Le Compte Davis, Esq. That gentleman looked rather callow to undertake the task of pulling up the grand jury and examining the Superlor Judges, but he was by no means perior Judges, but he was by no mean afflicted with bashfulness, and appeare

perior Judges, but he was by no means afflicted with bashfulness, and appeared to enjoy the coming tussle.

The points called into question were raised upon the motion to set aside certain of the indictments found by the grand jury, and involved the legal status of two of the jurors, J. Morton of Compton, and A. H. Johnson of Monrovia, both of whom were declared by Messrs, Davis and Rush to have been missing from the assessment roll for 1894-95, and therefore disqualified from acting as grand jurors, as the statute requires that all shall have been amend upon the last preceding assessment roll.

Although Messrs. Morton and Johnson formed the chief hope of those who were endeavoring to quash the indictments, the entire grand jury was subjected to a close and rigid examination, beginning with the foreman, H. E. Storrs.

Mr. Storrs, after being sworn, was put through a minute investigation as to his right to serve as a grand juror.

to his right to serve as a grand juror, all the usual questions being asked as to his occupation, age, length of residence, etc., especially concerning any office, civil or military, which he might happen to hold, and any connection with the city or county officers of Los Angeles. Mr. Storrs owned to being a notary public, but passed through the remainder of the ordeal in triumph, proving conclusively that he had a perfect right to serve on the grand jury. The question as to whether he had at any time accepted a franchise or emolument from either county or city officials was objected to by the District Attorney as being irrelevant, and the objection was sustained by the court, the same ruling applying to all the subsequent examinations. his right to serve as a grand juror

quent examinations.

Mr. Storrs was questioned closely as to the manner in which the indictment charging George Braby with arson was found, but no flaw appeared in the legality of the process by which the indictment was framed, and the examination failed to prove any prejudice or unfairness.

dictment was frames, and the diction failed to prove any prefudice or unfairness.

The "shaky" member as to full qualifications, A. H. Johnson of Monrovia, was the next fly to be put under the microscope. After a few preliminary questions as to his legal rights to serve, the test was put: "Was your name on the assessment roll of 1894-95?" Mr. Johnson answered frankly that he believed it was, but was not absolutely certain. The same formal set of questions concerning any office Mr. Johnson might hold, and the manner in which the Braby indictment was found, were asked him, and answered to the satisfaction of the Court and the Distitct Attorney.

were raised to support the motion to quash the indictment on the ground that the grand jury was not a legally constituted body. Judge Smith, however, swept all considerations aside as of no moment, save the one fact of Mr. Johnson's name not appearing upon the last "preceding assessment roll," as imperatively required by law.

This was a point nice enough to be decidedly interesting to all the legal lights present, and was taken under advisement by Judge Smith, who will decide today whether or not the disqualification of Mr. Johnson at the time of the selection and listing of the jurors would follow him to the time of empanelment, when his name had been placed upon the roll.

Much interest is felt in the issue, as this one flaw may be sufficient to knock out every indictment already found, by rendering the grand jury an illegal bedy.

Leonis Estate Again.

The heirs of Miguel Leonis are again clearing the decks for action, the cause clearing the decks for action, the cause being revived yesterday in Judge Clark's court in a suit brought by Mes-nager to determine the amount owed to the Leonis estate by the late Juhn Roberts. The matter will be continued

today.

The latter part of the session was made lively by a slight difference of opinion between Richard Dunnigan and Horace Bell, concerning some subpoenas. Fists and a cane were brandished fiercely, but the would-be combatants were separated before any blood flowed, or bones were broken.

DOCTORED DEED.

ase Involving Alleged Sharp Prac

tice Tried a Second Time. sensational case that was decided a yerr ago, and has now come back from the Supreme Court for a second trial, is that of McDaniel vs. Pattison, a sult to have a deed set aside, and the terms of a will declared void. The property involved is worth \$125,000, and the suit has every appearance of a fight

against an audaclous and denberate steal.

The plaintiffs in the case, which is now being argued in Judge Van Dyke's court, are: Sarah E. McDaniel, Cora H. Gilfillan, Julia Logan and Edward Sewell, the heirs of A. M. Pattison, deceased, who are suing James H. W. Pattison for what is alleged to be their lawful property.

Some seven or eight years ago, A. M. Pattison gave his son, J. H. W. Pattison, a deed conveying two lots in the Grover Orohard tract. Not long after, the eider Pattison died, and when the deed was recorded, it was found to embrace lots on Spring street, and other valuable property, worth, in all, about \$100,000. Some of this land was situated in Misouri, and all necessary steps were

sindone. Some of this land was situated in Misouri, and all necessary steps were taken to secure the property there as well as in Californis.

Finding that the other heirs knew of the existence of a will, and meant to dispute this conveyance, Pattison conveyed all the property to his mother, inducing her, at the same time, to make a will giving it all back to him at her death. After the execution of these papers, Mrs. Pattison went to Missouri, where she was pronounced incompetent, and a guardian appointed to care for her interests.

tent, and a guardian appointed to care for her interests. She returned to California, where her Missouri guardian had no jurisdiction, and, although never restored to legal competency, she signed checks in behalf of her son, and, at her death, the property all reverted to him through her will.

The will of A. M. Pattison, dividing his property equally among his children, had been suppressed by his enterprising son, but the other heirs were disposed to fight for their rights, and a suit was brought to set aside both the conveyance which robbed the will of all value, and the later will of Mrs. During the propersy of the title the

Pattison.

During the progress of the trial, the original deed, which had been carefully kept out of sight, was brought to light, and in a blank space, which Mrs. Cora H. Giffillan, a granddaughter of the old gentleman's, swore to having observed at the time the conveyance was made, there appeared in half-printed characters closely crowded together an interpolation which gave J. H. W. Pattison all of his father's property instead tison all of his father's property instead

of the two lots.

The will was also brought to light, and, after Judge McKinley had decided that the deed was fraudulent, a petition was filed that the will be admitted to probate both the Mills be admitted.

to probate, both in Missouri and California, W. J. Gifillan being named as administrator.

The case was ordered back for a second trial, after going to the Supreme Court, and, as soon as it is decided, the petition for probate of the will will be taken into court.

Rangod Found Gulle

The jury in Department Five polished off another criminal yesterday by pro-nouncing Edward Rangod guilty of the rape of Adrienne Pavlides. The case was argued all yesterday afternoon, the verdict being returned in the evening. Sentence will be pronounced on Thurs-day.

AT THE U. S. BUILDING

WILL BE PROSECUTED.

officials of the United Indemnity

Officials of the United Indemnity
Company to be Arrested.
The United Indemnity Company, the
peculiar methods of which were detailed
in The Times a few days ago, is in
trouble. A warrant for the arrest of
J. L. Fulkerson, R. N. Wood and
Thomas Wood of that company was issued by Commissioner Van Dyke yessued by Commissioner Van Dyke yes-It is charged against the defendants

that they used the United States mails for the purpose of sending certain mat-for the purpose of sending certain mat-ter relative to their business, which business is charged to be in the nature of a lottery, being dependant upon cer-tain chances. Return on the warrant will probably be made this morning.

Denies the Charge

A. C. Harmon, who was indicted on charge of cutting government timber, was arraigned in the United States Diswas arraigned in the United States Dis-trict Court yesterday. He entered a plea of not guilty, and his trial was set for December 19. It is alleged that he is a man of considerable means, and has had a number of men employed under him in clearing timber from govern-ment lands. Where this is done the settlers who locate on such land do not have the wood, and have the stumps to grub out at their own expense.



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